City of Fort Wayne, Indiana

2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023



Thomas C. Henry Mayor

Garry E. Morr City Controller

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Fort Wayne, Indiana Year Ended December 31, 2023



Garry E. Morr
Director of Finance and Administration
City Controller

Valerie A. Ahr Deputy Controller

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SHARON TUCKER, MAYOR

June 26, 2024

Dear Residents:

I'm pleased to present to you the 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Fort Wayne. This is an in-depth account of the financial status of the City. This report demonstrates our commitment to providing you with a full and detailed explanation of the use of your tax dollars.

The City of Fort Wayne has a long tradition of being good stewards of tax dollars to move our community forward in the right direction. We're committed to making a lasting and meaningful difference by investing in projects and initiatives that make neighborhoods stronger and more vibrant and provide needed services to residents and businesses to help make Fort Wayne the best city possible to live, work, and play.

If you have any suggestions for improving our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, please contact the City Controller's Office at (260) 427-5711.

Sincerely,

Sharon Tucker Mayor

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CITIZENS SQUARE

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SHARON TUCKER, MAYOR

June 26, 2024

Honorable Mayor Sharon Tucker,

Members of the Fort Wayne Common Council, City of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and Citizens of the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana:

With this document, we submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Fort Wayne for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This is the thirty-fifth ACFR prepared by the City's financial staff. The thirty-four previous ACFR's have received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. This award marks a continuing effort to improve the City's accountability and financial disclosure to the citizens of Fort Wayne.

We believe the financial information and exhibits, as presented, to be accurate in all material aspects. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests solely with the City of Fort Wayne. We believe it is important for the various constituencies of the City of Fort Wayne, including citizens, taxpayers, oversight bodies, and the capital markets to gain maximum understanding of the financial activities, results of operations and financial position of the various funds and account groups of the City of Fort Wayne. The ACFR is presented with that goal foremost in mind.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A, found in the financial section) and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Reporting Entity

This ACFR contains financial reporting for all funds of the City. The City operates under a Mayor/Council form of government pursuant to Indiana statute. Following are a number of the services the City provides: public safety (police, fire, and communications), community development (planning, neighborhood revitalization, and economic development), parks and recreation, transportation (roads and streets), solid waste disposal, engineering, and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides water, wastewater, and stormwater utility services.

The City of Fort Wayne, Indiana entity has been carefully defined pursuant to the entity definition criteria promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended, Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Report Entity: Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.

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In accordance with this criterion, the City has included various component units in its presentation of the general-purpose financial statements. Blended component units are included as part of the primary government's operations even though they are legally separate entities.

The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation (Building Project), the Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP), Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority (RA) and Summit Development Corporation (Summit), have been presented as blended component units because the financial statements would be misleading if data from these component units were not included.

Discretely presented component units have been presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The following entities have been shown as discretely presented component units because the City is financially accountable for them and can impose its will on them, or the component unit is fiscally dependent upon the City: Summit City Entrepreneur and Enterprise District (SEED), formerly Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA), Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB), Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC), Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District (DID) and Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne (CDC).

The following governmental units have not been included in the reporting entity because the City is not financially accountable for them: Fort Wayne Housing Authority, Fort Wayne-Allen County Airport Authority, and Fort Wayne Community School System. The City of Fort Wayne entity also excludes several nonprofit entities that have some association with the City, including the Headwaters Park Alliance, Inc.

The City of Fort Wayne entity includes several governmental boards and commissions, including the Park Board, the Redevelopment Commission, the Metro Human Relations Commission, the Board of Public Works, the Board of Public Safety and the Animal Control Commission.

The oversight body for the Civil City (governmental operations) is the Common Council of the City of Fort Wayne. The Council is composed of nine elected Council members who serve four-year terms, six of whom represent geographic councilmanic districts and three of whom are elected at-large. The oversight body for the Fort Wayne City Utilities (FWCU) is the Board of Public Works. The Board of Public Works, as of December 31, 2023, is composed of the Chairman of the Board of Public Works and two members appointed by the Mayor.

Note 1 of the basic financial statements provides a further discussion of the City as a financial reporting entity.

Economic Condition and Outlook

With a population of 269,994 (United States Census Bureau, July, 2023), Fort Wayne is the second largest city in Indiana. In 2023, the City's unemployment rate began the year with an unemployment rate of 2.6% in January and ended the year with an unemployment rate at 3.2%. (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics). During 2023 several businesses made significant investments in their Fort Wayne operations. Google made a historic investment of \$400M in its newest design in data centers. Silverado Cook Properties committed to renovations and new building construction of \$40M combined with a personal property investment of more than \$29M from L3 Harris. CPI Card Group also announced a \$33M investment and commitment to construct a new 80,000 square foot building.

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In 2023 Fort Wayne received recognition in numerous national publications and websites for high rankings in various economic and quality of life environments desired by citizens. The Tax Foundation ranked Fort Wayne #2 in the state of Indiana for lowest property tax. Realtor.com ranked Fort Wayne among the top 5 emerging housing markets in the United States. Fort Wayne was also ranked as the #2 fastest growing metros in the Great Lakes Region. Wallethub.com ranked Fort Wayne in the top 10 as one of the best run cities in America.

Urban revitalization and community investment continued at an exciting pace in 2023. In February preparations for the next phase of Riverfront public space improvements was announced and will include decorative walking paths, plaza space and ornamental lighting, a boulder mound, an amphitheater, a hammock grove, and planting areas and gardens filled with native plants and trees. February also brought the launch of "Everyone Home: Fort Wayne's Community Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness." This strategic plan was created in partnership between the City of Fort Wayne, United Way of Allen County, the Fort Wayne Area Planning Council on Homelessness, and Homebase, a nationally-recognized consulting firm, to evaluate the state of homelessness in Fort Wayne. In March, Mayor Tom Henry and the City of Fort Wayne's Community Development Division led a celebration ceremony to mark the beginning of construction on a full-service grocery store in southeast Fort Wayne. The City of Fort Wayne and Parkview Regional Medical Center and Affiliates joined together as community partners on this project. The City of Fort Wayne transferred 40 residential lots to Habitat for Humanity of Greater Fort Wayne for the future construction of 32 new market-rate homes for infill housing in the Renaissance Pointe neighborhood. Barrett & Stokely also announced that the developer will soon begin construction of the \$98 million mixed-use development at the northeast corner of Clinton and Superior streets known as The Lofts at Headwaters Park.

May brought a groundbreaking ceremony to mark the beginning of construction on a major single-family housing development in southeast Fort Wayne. Roosevelt Reserves is a 131-lot subdivision, the largest market rate single-family housing development in southeast Fort Wayne in nearly 50 years.

Long Term Financial Planning

FWCU operates a water, wastewater, and a stormwater utility serving the greater Fort Wayne area. Using its 2017 strategic plan as a guide, its mission is to support public safety, public health, and enhance regional economic development by delivering high-quality and affordable water, wastewater, and stormwater services in ways that protect the environment. FWCU is successfully achieving its vision of becoming nationally recognized as a regional utility of excellence, as evidenced by several national awards, through its six strategic initiatives: human capital development, community and employee engagement, customer service, technology, affordability and cost management, and environmental stewardship and conservation.

On December 28, 2007, FWCU agreed to a Long-Term Control Plan (LTCP) to reduce Combined Sewer Overflows (CSOs), as part of a federal Consent Decree, which will ultimately bring the FWCU combined storm and sanitary sewer system into compliance with the federal Clean Water Act. The Consent Decree became effective April 1, 2008. Through the LTCP, FWCU committed to CSO reductions that require an investment of approximately \$240 million (denominated in 2005 dollars) in infrastructure solutions over the 18-year period from 2008 through 2025. This investment is currently projected to have a total cost of approximately \$340 million, while, through value engineering, projected improvement costs to the separate sanitary sewer system have been reduced by approximately \$100 million. The Consent Decree also required FWCU to eliminate three sanitary sewer overflows, which was accomplished at a cost of

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\$13.5 million, maintain the entire storm and sewer systems to prescribed performance standards, and mitigate assessed penalties with local investments in septic tank elimination subsidies and rain garden stipends.

Each of Fort Wayne's three rivers have their own control limits and compliance deadlines for reductions in CSOs per the Consent Decree. The improvements for reducing the CSOs along the St. Joseph River were completed in 2015 and the St. Joseph river is now considered to be in compliance with the Consent Decree. The Consent Decree further provides for stipulated penalties for failure to achieve specified construction milestones, reporting deadlines or maintenance objectives. FWCU is in full compliance with the terms and conditions of the Consent Decree, meeting or exceeding all required deadlines, milestones, and objectives. Significantly, FWCU has completed to date: the upgrade to the wastewater plant to increase its treatment capacity from 60 million gallons per day (mgd) to 100 mgd and completed 33 combined sewer separation projects. FWCU also constructed a wet weather pond bleed-back process that fully treats over one billion gallons of wastewater each year that previously entered the Maumee River only partially treated. Untreated wastewater storage capacity was increased by nearly 100 million gallons through several pond enhancement projects and the pump station used to fill those ponds has had its capacity increased to maximize the available storage.

The single largest project associated with satisfying the requirements of the Consent Decree is a large underground tunnel that starts near Rudisill Boulevard, traversing north along the St. Marys River, past the confluence of the three rivers, and then following the Maumee River to the wastewater treatment plant. The tunnel will be approximately five miles long, 16 feet in diameter, and drilled through rock over 200 feet below ground. Tunnel boring progress is complete. The cost for the tunnel is estimated at \$220 million. Additional sewers are being extended off the tunnel drop shafts to connect the existing combined sewer outfalls to the tunnel. All work must be completed by no later than 2025.

The Wastewater Utility Capital Improvement Plan also supports the rehabilitation of existing pipes through cured-in-place lining. Lining wastewater pipelines significantly extends the life of the pipeline, improves overall system flow, and reduces reactive maintenance. Since 2008, FWCU has invested \$68 million to line approximately 218.4 miles of pipe. The annual pipe enhancement rate since 2008 exceeds our annual goal of one percent per year.

Consistent with the long-term nature of the Consent Decree, the Common Council approved a third five-year rate plan that adjusted wastewater unit rates by approximately five percent effective April 1, 2020, and again by approximately five percent on January 1 of each of the four subsequent calendar years. FWCU's five-year sewer rate plan is facilitating \$380 million in capital investments, providing predictability to customers and bondholders, providing for growth and economic development. and includes the capital necessary to complete FWCU's consent decree obligations.

In mid-2017, FWCU adopted a three-year stormwater rate plan, the final phase of which took effect on July 1, 2019. This rate plan continues to fund capital improvement projects to improve drainage, increase capacity and reliability, reduce standing water, reduce impacts to properties, and improve stormwater quality throughout the stormwater service area, while fulfilling the operational requirements of the stormwater permit. Work regularly includes the installation of new infrastructure to address a lack of existing or currently underperforming infrastructure, repairing or replacing existing infrastructure, performing inflow and infiltration improvements, installing green infrastructure, dredging and bank

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improvements, installation of flood control walls or levees, and cost-effective and voluntary property buyouts.

On June 26, 2018, the Common Council approved updates to potable water rates that will be introduced in five annual phases. The rate plan was approved by the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission and became effective on June 1, 2019.

In accordance with the goals of this rate plan, FWCU is near completion of the implementation of Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) to provide remote collection of water meter reads from its approximately 100,000 water user accounts, replacement of approximately 70,000 water meters, replacement of water mains that are beyond their useful life, replacement of lead water services, and other projects designed to protect public health and safety though strategic operation and maintenance of the water system.

Relevant Financial Policies

According to Indiana statute, if the state budget agency determines that a sufficient balance exists in a county account in excess of the amount necessary, when added to other money that will be deposited in the account after the date of the determination, to make certified distributions to the county in the ensuing year, the budget agency shall make a supplemental distribution to a county from the county's special account. This supplemental distribution is then allocated in the same manner as the certified distributions for deposit in a civil unit's rainy day fund. Funds in the City of Fort Wayne Rainy Day Fund are unrestricted and must be appropriated and approved by the Fort Wayne Common Council.

Major Initiatives

Leading Indiana's second largest city, Mayor Sharon Tucker's administration is making local government the best it can be for the public by providing excellent quality of life amenities that are helping position Fort Wayne as a point of destination for businesses, residents, and neighborhoods.

Financial Information

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control, for those funds where the Common Council legally adopts budgets, is maintained at the departmental or major category level. The annual budgetary sequence of events for the City of Fort Wayne contains several review points. Departments prepare draft budgets each June for the next fiscal year incorporating a set of assumptions provided by the Division of Finance and Administration. These budget requests are subjected to internal review and modification before a budget ordinance is prepared for introduction to the Common Council in early September.

Generally, budget hearings are held throughout October in Common Council sessions. Beyond the public and televised Common Council sessions, there is a legal public hearing held as part of the budget process at which citizens may provide the administration and the Common Council with their comments concerning the budget. By state law, the Common Council must pass the budget by November 1 of each year. The Common Council has the power to decrease any major category proposed by the Administration, but may not increase any major category in the budget.

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Subsequent to that action, the Department of Local Government Finance (DLGF) holds a final budget hearing, review, and modification in December of each year prior to issuing a formal budget approval order in January. Within this four-month process, there is ample opportunity for oversight and public input. Additional appropriation or transfer requests are controlled at the major category level and must be supported by available cash balances. The Department of Local Government Finance must approve any additional appropriations to those funds where the Common Council adopts a legal budget.

In funds where the modified accrual basis of accounting is used, expenditures are measured against available appropriations by encumbrance of purchase orders. For budget purposes, expenditures are recognized in the year encumbered. Under Indiana statute, open purchase orders at the end of a fiscal year, to the extent of available budgetary spending authority, are automatically added to the subsequent year's budget.

In proprietary fund types such as utilities, where the full accrual basis of accounting is used, encumbrances of purchase orders are not recorded. For financial statement and budget purposes, expenses are recognized when incurred.

The budgetary process for FWCU is somewhat different from that of the Civil City or governmental operations. The oversight body for the utility operations under Indiana statute is the Board of Public Works. On a schedule that runs about a month behind the Civil City budget process before the Common Council, the Board of Public Works reviews and approves the utility budgets. Additional appropriation requests and transfers are controlled at the major category level.

Internal Controls

The management of the City of Fort Wayne is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal financial controls that account for and safeguard the assets of the City from loss, theft, and misuse. The internal financial control system must allow for compilation of data in a manner in which financial statements can be prepared efficiently in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles.

It is important that the costs involved in internal control mechanisms not exceed the benefits received. Accordingly, we believe that the City's internal financial controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of properly recorded financial transactions at an appropriate level of expense and effort. The City consults with the Indiana State Board of Accounts (SBOA) and Forvis Mazars, LLP, not only during the audit, but also throughout the year. As a result, we believe that we have established proactive, positive relationships which increase the quality of the City's financial reporting and internal control system.

External Audit Function

For 2023, Forvis Mazars, LLP accounting firm conducted a financial and state law compliance audit of the City of Fort Wayne including FWCU. In addition to this, Forvis Mazars, LLP also conducted an audit for compliance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

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Internal Audit Department

The City's Internal Audit Department was created in 1988, and is currently staffed by three accounting professionals: the Director of Internal Audit and two Staff Auditors. The Audit Committee ordinance requires that the Director of Internal Audit be a Certified Public Accountant licensed in the State of Indiana or a Certified Internal Auditor. The Internal Audit Department is organized as a separate department and has direct responsibilities to the Mayor and the Audit Committee and indirect responsibilities to the Common Council and the City Controller.

Audit Committee

In 1990, the City of Fort Wayne established by ordinance an Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is composed of six members of the community appointed as follows: 1) one member appointed by the Common Council; 2) one member appointed by the Mayor; 3) one member of the Allen County Chapter of the Institute of Internal Auditors; 4) one member, approved by the State Board of Accounts, who is a chief financial officer of another governmental unit in Allen County and is familiar with governmental accounting in Indiana; 5) one member appointed by the Common Council who is licensed as a CPA by the Indiana State Board of Accountancy and not an employee of a local unit of government; and 6) one division director to be appointed by the Mayor on a rotating basis, no voting privileges.

The Audit Committee has significantly increased the accountability of the City of Fort Wayne to its four primary financial constituencies: 1) taxpayers and ratepayers; 2) citizens; 3) oversight body (Common Council); and 4) the capital markets (where securities of the City of Fort Wayne are sold and purchased in the primary market and traded in the secondary markets).

The duties of the Audit Committee include consulting with the Department of Internal Audit regarding technical issues, approve annual audit plans and review individual audit plans, review and approve internal audit reports before final distribution, provide review and oversight of the financial reporting practices and internal financial, compliance and operational controls of the City and FWCU, review the results of annual financial and compliance audits conducted by the Indiana State Board of Accounts and independent auditing firms, follow-up on management's resolution of audit issues, work to assure maximum coordination between the work of the Director of Internal Audit and the needs of the Mayor and Common Council, recommend to the Mayor an annual budget sufficient to fund the Department of Internal Audit after a comprehensive review of the auditing and consulting needs of the City and FWCU and report annually to Common Council how it has discharged its duties and met its responsibilities.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Fort Wayne for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This was the thirty-fourth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

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A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>

Without the strong commitment of the late Mayor Thomas Henry to the highest standards of ethics, financial reporting, disclosure, and professionalism, this report would not have been possible. We would like to express our sincere appreciation for that commitment and support.

The City Controller and Deputy Controller are not able to produce a report of this type and magnitude alone. A number of people are part of the team effort that produces the City's ACFR.

We acknowledge and thank the following City employees:

Brigitte Godwin, CPA, Manager-Finance
Kathleen A. Smith, CPA, Manager-Finance
Adriana D. Cindea, Senior Analyst
Lauren Fahl, Senior Analyst
Jennifer Folds, Senior Analyst
Seema Timble, Senior Analyst
Greg Weisser, Financial Accountant
Alexandria Stalter, Financial Accountant
Mona Tracey, Administrative Assistant to the Controller

We also acknowledge the assistance of the entire audit team from Forvis Mazars, LLP for making this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Garry E. Morr City Controller

Director of Finance & Administration

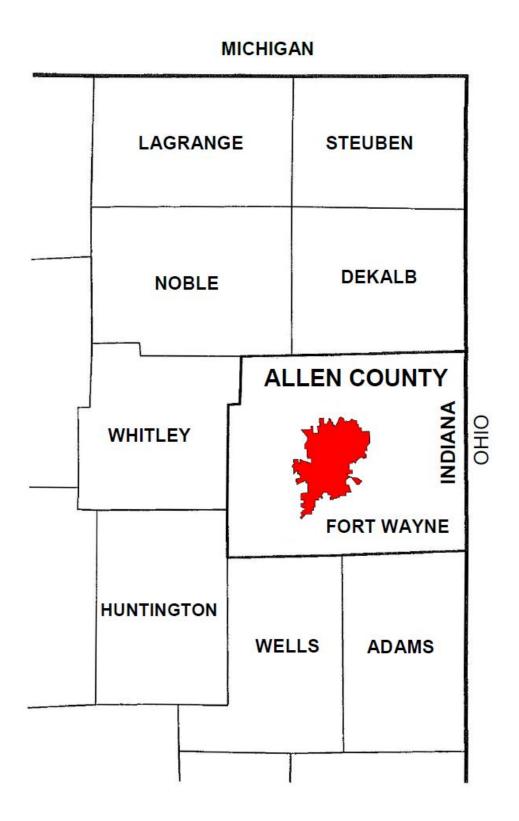
Valerie A. Ahr Deputy Controller

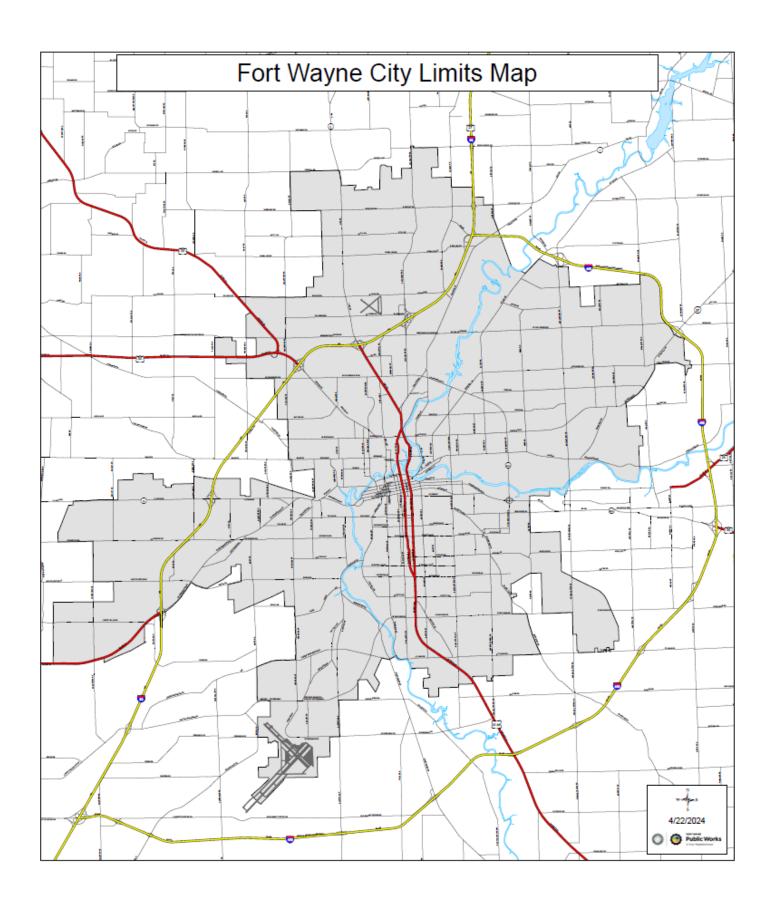
Valerie akr

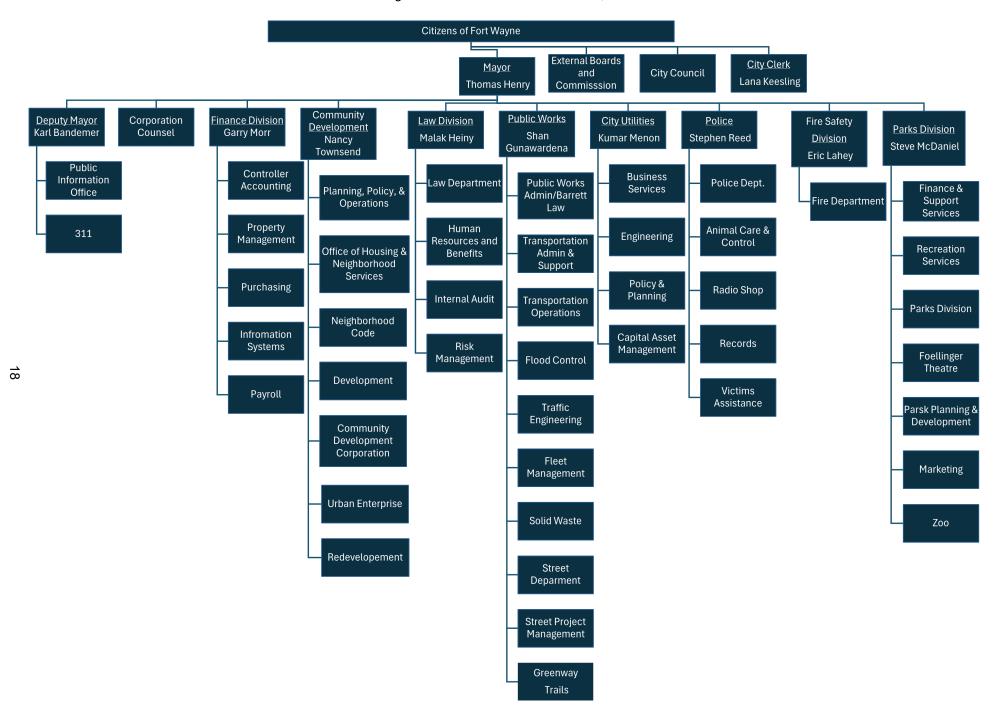
Midwest Locator Map



Northeast Indiana Locator Map







CITY OF FORT WAYNE LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS As of December 31, 2023

NAME TITLE

Elected Officials:

Thomas C. Henry Mayor
Lana Keesling City Clerk

Paul Ensley Council Member - District 1 Council Member - District 2 Russ Jehl Thomas Didier Council Member - District 3 Jason Arp Council Member - District 4 Geoff Paddock Council Member - District 5 **Sharon Tucker** Council Member - District 6 Michelle Chambers Council Member - At-Large Glynn Hines Council Member - At-Large Tom Freistroffer Council Member - At-Large

Division Directors:

Karl Bandemer Deputy Mayor

Garry E. Morr Director of Finance and Administration

Malak Heiny City Attorney

Kumar Menon Director of City Utilities

Nancy Townsend Director of Community and Economic Development

Shan Gunawardena Director of Public Works

Steve McDaniel Director of Parks and Recreation

Steve Reed Police Chief Eric Lahey Fire Chief

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENT DETAILS

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

The Mayor oversees the implementation of policies and the efficient flow of ongoing services through wide appointive powers, including the capability to appoint division heads and many board and commission members. The Mayor may serve unlimited four-year terms. Fort Wayne, the second largest city in Indiana, is the northeast Indiana leader in industrial, educational, and cultural activity. Leadership from the Office of the Mayor is crucial to the entire area.

The power to organize the executive department is shared between the mayor and the council. Since the mayor is charged with the responsibility for the efficient operation of the city and the enforcement of its ordinances, he or she has the power to initiate or recommend new departments, transfer duties between or terminate existing departments. The council must ratify by ordinance such recommendations to put them into effect.

The Mayor controls the major administrative functions of the consolidated city through the seven divisions as follows: Finance & Administration, Community Development, Public Works, Utility Administration, Public Safety, Parks & Recreation, and Office of the Mayor. Each of these areas is headed by an appointed director. In addition, the following departments report to the Mayor's Office:

Public Information Office

The Mayor's Public Information Office provides information regarding administrative policies and City services to a variety of audiences, including citizens, City Council members, neighborhood leaders, City employees, State legislators, and state and national groups. The messages are delivered using a variety of communication tools, including the media, Internet, cable television, and others. The purpose of the messages is threefold: 1) to educate and inform, 2) to encourage citizen participation and involvement and, 3) to promote the City of Fort Wayne locally, statewide, and nationally.

Intergovernmental Affairs

The office of intergovernmental affairs works closely with the Mayor, Mayor's staff, and local/state/federal legislative entities and elected officials on legislative, administrative, and community initiatives and programs to enhance the City of Fort Wayne. The office also monitors legislative and regulatory actions at the local, state, and federal levels that may impact the City of Fort Wayne. Intergovernmental affairs supports City divisions and departments to communication information about City government to elected officials, legislative bodies, and the business community to ensure Fort Wayne prospers and meets the needs of residents, neighborhoods, and businesses.

311 Citizen Services Department

The 311 Citizen Services Department is designed to provide constituents of Fort Wayne with easy access to City services and information through responsive customer service. The 311 Center also provides performance measurement and improvement services to governmental and non-governmental agencies in their respective goals to improve customer service and facilitate citizen engagement.

Department of Law

It is the mission of the Department of Law to manage the legal affairs of the City of Fort Wayne by giving legal advice to the officers, departments, boards, commissions, and other agencies of the City; by drafting ordinances and other legal papers for the City and its departments, boards, commissions, and other agencies; by prosecuting violators of City ordinances; and by supervising and directing all litigation in which the City has an interest.

Risk Management Department

The Risk Management Department is responsible for formulating and implementing programs and procedures that will minimize the City's property, revenue and personnel losses. A comprehensive self-insurance program for auto liability, general liability, police professional and worker's compensation was designed to finance the losses that do occur. The Risk Management Department works closely with the other departments within the City to ensure all employees work in the safest possible working conditions.

Human Resources Department

The goal of the Human Resources Department is to provide services efficiently to employees, applicants, and the public at the least cost to the City's taxpayers. Services include the facilitation of positive employee and labor relations, employee communications, benefits administration, training, and counseling; employee record-keeping; classification of employee positions; policy and procedure development; union contract negotiations, interpretations, and enforcement; recruiting; and testing of applicants.

Internal Audit Department

Internal audit is primarily responsible for conducting performance based audits in accordance with professional auditing standards. Results for a majority of the audit work conducted are included in written reports that contain findings, recommendations, and management's plan for corrective action. Internal Audit also provides support to the external auditors for the annual financial statement audit.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK AND COMMON COUNCIL

The City Clerk is an elected position every four years and serves as the Clerk of the Common Council. The Clerk is responsible for the preservation of all ordinances and resolutions passed by this body and also responsible for a number of Indiana Statutory responsibilities as listed in Indiana Code 36-4-6-9. The City Clerk also serves as the Administrator of the Fort Wayne Violations Bureau and Parking Enforcement Department. The Clerk may seek unlimited four-year terms.

The Fort Wayne Common Council, as the Legislative Body, has the responsibility of passing ordinances and resolutions for the City. The Fort Wayne Common Council is comprised of nine elected members, one representative from each of the city's six councilmanic districts and three at-large members. As elected officials, they are entrusted with the duty to provide the ways and means to ensure the safety and security of citizens of the City of Fort Wayne and work to maintain a high quality of life. Common Council members may seek unlimited four-year terms.

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

The mission of the Finance & Administration Division is to ensure the financial stability for the City of Fort Wayne. The departments within this division include the City Controller's Office, Payroll, Purchasing, Information Systems, and Property Management.

The Division is also responsible for: the annual budget; proper financial controls to ensure the City's financial transactions and assets are reported accurately; as well as providing financial analysis for management decision making including guidance for delivery of efficient, cost effective government services.

Payroll Department

The Payroll Department is responsible for maintaining the City government payroll records to meet the requirements of the various laws (federal, state, and local) under which it is operating; maintaining a payroll accounting system that embodies all of the procedures and methods related to the disbursement of pay to employees in a highly technical environment; and promoting goodwill and a positive working environment by processing the payroll accurately and on time.

Purchasing Department

The Purchasing Department provides a centralized, service-oriented focal point for all Civil City and FWCU departments. The role of the Purchasing Department is to assist with identifying, acquiring, accessing, positioning, and managing resources the City needs to achieve its strategic objectives. The staff of the Purchasing Department ensures that all activity is conducted within the framework of State code and local ordinance, and always adheres to professional purchasing practices. In addition, the staff monitors construction and procurement contracts to ensure that local, state, and federal regulations are followed by all City contractors.

Information Systems Department

Information Systems is responsible for providing quality, reliable and cost effective information systems and services to the many and varied City departments. Information Systems Tactical and Strategic Planning is the foundation of providing these services to the City departments while considering organizational structure, departments and their mission, critical success factors, service products, and the return on investment.

Property Management

The mission of the Property Management Department is to develop preventive maintenance programs, which will track maintenance and repairs of City-owned buildings. The department also provides guidance in areas related to real estate purchases, renovations, and contracted services.

In addition, the Property Manager develops programs to market City properties and oversees the purchase and sale of buildings and real estate in accordance with State statutes. The department evaluates renovations, both short and long term, and determines whether a property is worth the renovations or if a new facility is needed.

FORT WAYNE CITY UTILITIES

FWCU is a regional water and wastewater utility serving over 330,000 residents in the Greater Fort Wayne area. Owned by the City of Fort Wayne, it is Indiana's largest municipally-owned utility. FWCU is organized into four Strategic Business Units (SBU): Capital Asset Management, Policy and Planning, Engineering Services, and Business Services under the leadership of the Director of FWCU. Each SBU is led by a Deputy Director, who, along with the Director, comprise the executive leadership team. FWCU's strategic plan is summarized by the graphic below.



The <u>Capital Asset Management SBU</u> consists of the Operations Departments of the Utility, including the Three Rivers Filtration Plant, the Water Maintenance and Services Department, the Water Pollution Control Plant, the Biosolids Facility, and the Water Pollution Control Maintenance and Stormwater Maintenance Departments.

Three Rivers Filtration Plant

The Three Rivers Filtration Plant draws its raw water supply from the St. Joseph River. This department maintains a 265-acre reservoir that holds nearly 2 billion gallons of water. It also maintains the Cedarville Dam and the 500 million-gallon Cedarville Reservoir. Raw water from the river is pumped from the St. Joe Dam Pump Station to the Three Rivers Filtration Plant. The Three Rivers Filtration plant is made up of 3 individual treatment plants that can be run independently of each other as needed. Each plant is capable

of producing 24 million gallons of drinking water a day. An average of 35 million gallons a day is treated and purified through a series of chemical and physical treatment processes from these plants.

Water Maintenance and Service Department

The Water Maintenance and Service Department (WM&S) is responsible for maintaining 1,402 miles of water distribution piping and its various elements and providing service-related operations. The construction division of this department repairs and installs mains, hydrants, valves, and services. The service division installs and maintains meters, pressure tests and disinfects new water mains, provides field support for the Customer Relations Department on turn-ons and turn-offs, and investigates customer complaints. Personnel also perform the meter reading function for the Utility.

Water Pollution Control Plant

Fort Wayne's Water Pollution Control Plant is responsible for treatment of an average of 48 million gallons of sewage per day. The plant is an activated sludge treatment plant including primary, secondary, and advanced waste water treatment. This department is charged with the responsibility of treating the City's Sanitary Sewer system to meet the treatment requirements of the City's National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit before the effluent is discharged into the Maumee River. The facility also maintains and operates 45 lift stations, seven CSO stations, two storm stations, two retention stations, 12 toe drains, and one sludge station. The biosolids operations are a part of the Water Pollution Control Plant.

Water Pollution Control Maintenance/Stormwater Maintenance Departments

The Water Pollution Control Maintenance/Stormwater Maintenance departments are responsible for the maintenance of the City's sanitary sewers, of storm sewers, and combination sewer systems totaling over 2,106 miles. These departments install, inspect, repair, maintain and clean manholes, inlets, catch-basins, and sewer/storm lines. Improvements are also made to open drains and ditches to improve high water flows.

The <u>Policy and Planning SBU</u> is responsible for customer support, communication, and engagement and includes the Policy and Planning, Customer Relations, and Data Control Departments.

Policy and Planning Department

The Policy and Planning SBU functions include setting and administering public policy as it relates to the Utility, including operational planning, liaison for human resources and training, and outreach to key stakeholder groups. Policy and Planning engages all SBUs in performance management programs including, but not limited to, Lean, Six Sigma, TQM, and ISO.

Customer Relations

The Customer Relations Department's goal is to serve customers courteously, professionally, and respectfully. The public contacts this department to initiate, finalize, or transfer water and sewer services; and, make payments, payment arrangements, and billing inquiries either in person, by phone, or by correspondence. Customer Relations personnel also work with Water Maintenance staff by initiating service orders for filed investigations and other field work needed as it relates to maintaining and discontinuing services. Customer Relations also works with neighboring utilities, such as AquaIndiana and the Allen County Water and Sewer District, to provide account management and payment arrangements.

Customer Relations staff also are responsible for balancing daily payments generated from internet, phone, and kiosk payments and submitting such to the Financial Services Department.

Data Control

The Data Control Department receives electronic read files from WMS and prepares all water and sewer service bills. Data Control staff review exceptions (i.e. high/low usage, exceptionally high billing amounts, etc.) that are reported when such accounts operate outside of set parameters. Data Control staff generate and complete work orders in conjunction with field activities performed by WMS, as well as other account inquiries generated by Customer Relations personnel. The primary focus of this department is to ensure the integrity of the billing system and account information. The department also works with our bill print vendor, financial institutions, and payment processors to ensure quality and timeliness of bill and payment processing.

The <u>Engineering Services SBU</u> includes the Planning and Design Services Department, the Engineering Support Services Department, and the Geographic Information Systems Department.

Planning and Design Services Department

The Planning and Design Services Department oversees all engineering planning and design programs for the water, wastewater and stormwater distribution/collection systems as well as the water filtration and sewage treatment facilities. It conducts utility master planning, asset management and sustainability programs, and develops long term capital planning and budgets for FWCU. Using engineering practices, it analyzes the operation of City Utility systems to solve problems, recommends City Utility system improvements, and develops construction plans and specifications for City Utility improvement projects. This department also provides technical support and guidance for the Capital Asset Management (Operations) departments.

Engineering Support Services Department

Engineering Support Services provides inspection field services and construction contract management of Utility capital projects. These projects include private development projects, utility capital improvement projects for the water, wastewater, and stormwater systems, as well as projects for the water filtration and sewage treatment plants. The department also assists Planning and Design Services with field investigations, surveying, testing, and analysis of utility system problems.

Geographic Information Systems (GIS)

The Geographic Information Systems Department collects, checks, processes, and utilizes data with geographical significance to create computer generated reports and maps for FWCU and other City departments.

The <u>Business Services SBU</u> includes the Financial Services Department and the Development Services Department. This SBU leads the utility's ratemaking, bonding, strategic planning, accounting, and economic development efforts.

Financial Services Department

The Financial Services Department is responsible for maintaining all financial records of FWCU, which include electric, administrative departments, water, water pollution control, stormwater, and yard waste.

Development Services Department

The Development Services Department facilitates the expansion or modification of the City's water, wastewater, and stormwater systems through the new development process. Staff serve as liaisons to the development community and provide information about the policies, procedures and rules that govern the operation of FWCU, contractors, builders, and citizens in finding information about the physical characteristics of various utility systems. Additionally, staff calculate and collect utility assessments and fees associated with utility system expansion and connection; and, initiate new customer accounts. Development Services is also manages citizen inquiries and concerns about Utility systems, works in partnership with other local and regional economic development entities, offers and reviews options for service, and coordinates financing for projects.

DIVISION OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Vision statement: "To foster a vibrant, prosperous and growing Fort Wayne through extraordinary community development."

Mission statement: "To develop and implement creative community-based strategies to enhance economic opportunity, build strong neighborhoods, and ensure a dynamic framework for quality growth and development."

Director's Office

The Director's Office provides coordination and overall direction for the Division comprised of the following departments: Planning & Policy, Housing and Neighborhoods, Redevelopment, and Neighborhood Code Compliance.

The division's departments work collaboratively to coordinate and carry out activities based on the following operating principles:

<u>Community-Based Planning</u> - Ensure community based planning as the foundation for all projects, resource allocation and collaboration.

<u>Aggressive Implementation</u> - Create and sustain an aggressive implementation strategy for all planning efforts.

<u>Support Businesses</u> - Sustain strong and aggressive support for business investment and job creation.

<u>Strategic Projects</u> - Encourage and facilitate strategic projects that will develop, revitalize, and strengthen the Fort Wayne community.

<u>Community Collaboration</u> - Continually pursue strong partnerships with citizens, neighborhoods, businesses and organizations in order to achieve community development goals.

<u>High Performance Organization</u> - Foster a work environment that encourages and provides for sustained personal and professional development and a commitment to innovation and excellence.

Deputy Director of Community Planning & Policy

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the development and implementation of community plans and initiatives that enhance development opportunities and quality of life for the City of Fort Wayne. The Deputy Director provides oversight for the following areas within the department.

Special Projects/GIS staff provides strategic research to assist in the direction of Division resources, management of special projects and development of the Division technology strategy. GIS staff provides data, analysis, and GIS support to the Division.

Strategic Planning staff work to promote good stewardship of City resources through various land and planning studies, visioning initiatives, Comprehensive Plan updates, transportation studies, and the promotion for orderly, fiscally sound expansion of the City through annexation.

Historic Preservation staff manages the historic and aesthetic resources of the community through implementation of the City Code that relates to Historic Preservation and Protection Districts. The staff act as liaisons to the Historic Preservation Commission and work with property owners, city agencies and other groups to coordinate improvement efforts, provide technical assistance, and cost-effective design solutions.

Deputy Director of Development

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the implementation of an aggressive development partnership between the public and private sectors. As part of the department's economic development efforts, the Deputy Director and staff provide direct liaison/support to Greater Fort Wayne Inc. Metro Chamber Alliance, support international trade, and provide services that support and stimulate business growth, community investment, and development. The Deputy Director also provides oversight for the following:

Community Development Corporation of Northeast Indiana (CDC) is a city-sponsored, 501 c (6) not-for-profit business development organization. Its primary objective is to promote the growth and development of small commercial and industrial businesses in the Fort Wayne area and a nine-county area in northeast Indiana through creative business loan programs.

The Fort Wayne Redevelopment Commission promotes and implements opportunity projects, acting as a catalyst to develop areas that have shown a cessation of growth and lack of development. This is done through techniques including real estate acquisition, site preparation and/or providing public infrastructure to the site. Financing resources generally used are Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) and Redevelopment General Obligation Bonds.

Summit City Entrepreneur and Enterprise District (SEED), formerly Urban Enterprise Association (UEA), works to revitalize Fort Wayne's industrial core. SEED works to foster growth of new and established businesses, create and retain jobs, make physical improvements, and enhance the well-being of area residents.

Deputy Director of the Office Housing and Neighborhood Services (OHNS)

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the implementation of initiatives to attract and support housing investment and reinvestment in the City and expand access to safe, decent, affordable housing. The Deputy Director oversees administration of the City's entitlement programs, including Community Development Block Grant (CDBG). HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), and

Emergency Solutions Grant Program (ESG); each is funded through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. OHNS administers four non-entitlement grants: Neighborhood Stabilization Program, Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3, Blight Elimination Program, and the Lead Hazard Reduction Program. OHNS also operates several housing and neighborhood development programs: Homeowner Repair, Homebuyer Education, Down Payment Assistance, Rental Rehab, and Ready to Rent.

Director of Neighborhood Code Compliance

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the daily operations of Neighborhood Code Compliance (NCC) through the utilization of the City's commercial and residential codes and the abandoned vehicle and weed programs. NCC works to ensure both residential and commercial properties are healthy and safe to inhabit. Through the elimination of unsafe structures, cleaning up blighted areas and securing vacant structures, NCC contributes to the stabilization and appreciation of property values for the citizens of the community.

METROPOLITAN HUMAN RELATIONS

Metropolitan Human Relations Commission is the local civil rights law enforcement agency, responsible for enforcement of the civil rights laws, including Federal, State and local statutes which prohibit discrimination in the areas of employment, housing, public accommodation and education on the basis of race, color, sexual orientation, age, religion, national origin, ancestry, or disability. The Commission is also committed to serving as a resource through provision of education, training and outreach on issues of diversity and the anti-discrimination provisions of the law, to groups, businesses, organizations, members of the community, and other local government departments.

In Fort Wayne you have the right to live, work, learn and play free from illegal discrimination. The Metropolitan Human Relations Commission is focused and committed to creating an environment in the City of Fort Wayne that will produce an inclusive community where trust, acceptance, fairness and equality are the City's norms. The Commission is committed to accomplishing this mission by empowering the citizens of Fort Wayne through education on diversity and discrimination issues and, when necessary, enforcing anti-discrimination laws in order to protect our community from unlawful discrimination and also unfounded allegations of discrimination.

PUBLIC WORKS

The Division of Public Works provides essential services and support to our citizens, neighborhoods, businesses, and economic development projects.

The Public Works Division is responsible for maintaining and improving the City's public rights of way including major thoroughfares, streets and alleys, sidewalk, trails, traffic signals, signs, markings, street lights, levees, floodwalls, and bridges. Other services include solid waste and recycling and managing the City's fleet. Maintenance activities include maintenance of asphalt, concrete, chip and seal, brick, and gravel pavement surfaces, leaf collection, street sweeping, snow and ice control, and flood fighting and control. Responsibility for managing the various departments listed below resides with the Director of Public Works.

Board of Public Works

This department includes the support staff for the Board of Public Works. It is the responsibility of the Board Members and Board of Public Works staff to ensure that all statute requirements are met in the

contract bid process and that awarded contracts are fulfilled effectively and equitably. The Board of Public Works staff provides the necessary support in monitoring of all capital and emergency construction contracts, professional services agreements, purchase agreements and all other related documentation requiring Board approval for the City of Fort Wayne.

Finance

The Finance Department manages and oversees the public works finances including accounts payables and receivables, cash transactions, budgeting, purchasing, and monitoring the capital improvement program. This office also oversees the Barrett Law program. Barrett Law is a City-administrated loan program available to residents that need funding to pay for capital improvements over a long-term basis.

Solid Waste and Recycling Management

The Solid Waste/Recycling Department is responsible for administering and monitoring the City's residential garbage and recycling collection and disposal/processing contracts. In addition this department purchases and maintains the City's inventory of garbage and recycling carts provided to residents. Solid Waste also administers/oversees the Garbage/Recycling User Fee billing and appeals process. The department is involved in other waste issues such as waste collection contracts for City facilities, illegal dumping, waste reduction education, enforcement of the City's garbage ordinance, litter prevention programs, and citywide clean-up programs (i.e. Great American Cleanup).

Transportation Administration and Support

This department provides administrative, technical, and technological support to the Public Works Division. These services include GIS, web support, contract document preparation, payroll, and training on PMIS and Acella.

City Engineering and Flood Control

The City Engineer is responsible for developing and managing the Capital Improvement program as it relates to the major transportation corridors. This office manages the major corridor planning and project development, funding from federal and other agencies, as well as any studies associated with it. All land acquisitions are also managed through this office as well as developing standards for roadway design as it relates to materials specifications and construction details. Setting policy and administration of sustainable design standards is also performed. All bridges within the City are overseen by this office which includes preventative maintenance and routine maintenance, and working with Allen County Highway Department on bridge inspections under an inter-local agreement. In addition, the City Engineer also acts as the Flood Control Manager and is responsible for ensuring that property damage is minimal due to flooding. The Department continuously monitors the early flood warning system at sites located around the City, and is responsible for the operations, maintenance, and rehabilitation of approximately 14 miles of flood protection structures. The Department writes federal grants and/or oversees the administration of approved grants, acquiring and demolishing residential and commercial properties in the floodplain. Flood Control is also responsible for the National Flood Insurance Program's Community Rating System (CRS) involving community floodplain management activities.

Transportation Engineering Services/Street Project Management

Street Project Management is responsible for the design and preparation of plans and specifications for all new construction and repairs for streets, alleys, sidewalks, and curbs in the City of Fort Wayne. Many construction projects are the result of requests from citizen's petitions filed by property owners through

the Barrett Law process, applications through the Community & Economic Development Block Grant Program and a yearly street-resurfacing program involving neighborhood surveys established by the Division of Public Works. Street Project Management also reviews subdivisions submitted for construction, commercial building developments, and residential and commercial driveway applications to ensure they meet applicable codes and standards. This department also provides surveying, drafting, testing, and inspection services necessary for the successful completion of street, curb, and sidewalk projects. Employees in this group also assess and report on pavement condition in order to maintain and update our pavement management system.

Traffic Engineering

Traffic Engineering is responsible for monitoring traffic issues as it relates to congestion, accidents, traffic flow, roadway and intersection safety, pedestrian and non-motorized vehicle safety, and making recommendations for improvements. Traffic Engineering also reviews requests for neighborhood traffic calming, permits for road closures, and maintenance of traffic plans for construction or other closures of public streets, and evaluates needs for parking. Programming for special events of the MLK bridge lighting is also a part of this department's responsibilities. Staff also reviews plans from private entities developing in the City as it relates to impacts to our transportation network. The department is also responsible for performing traffic studies, developing traffic signal timing plans, and designing intersections, street lighting, and traffic signals as well as the need for signage or markings.

Traffic Operations

Traffic Operations installs and maintains all traffic signals, signs, pavement markings, street lights, fiber optic communications infrastructure, closed circuit TV camera systems on all city streets and trails. The department also maintains traffic signals for INDOT, Allen County, New Haven and Huntertown under maintenance agreements.

The department also works with the Radio Shop to maintain the Early Warning Flood System, and provides maintenance of the MLK Bridge as well as performs electrical maintenance for other Public Works departments. Other miscellaneous responsibilities include installation and maintenance of sidewalk benches, bollards, flowerpots and other streetscape elements, trash receptacles, bike racks, and banner installation for non-profit groups as well as wreaths and holiday decorations in the downtown Central Business District. The Department also installs and maintains new street lights, and is in the process of replacing incandescent lighting with LED fixtures as new replacements or retrofits of existing end-of-life fixtures which are recycled.

Street Department

The Street Department is responsible for the maintenance of almost 1,200 centerline miles of City streets and 150 miles of alleys. The Street Departments work is divided into three separate Seasons: Summer Construction, Leaf Season and Snow Season. During spring and summer months, crews mow roadside right-of-ways; sweep up approximately 3,500 tons of debris, repair potholes, and resurface streets & alleys. During the fall the department completes a citywide leaf collection, and during the winter the focus is on snow and ice removal on all city streets. The department also performs some concrete sidewalk work and mowing operations of the rights-of-way.

Fleet Management

Fleet Management is responsible for approximately 2,100 city owned vehicles and ancillary equipment. Fleet management employs nineteen mechanics, two service writers, three parts clerks and a shop

supervisor. The department is also responsible for developing approval policies for vehicle use, preventive maintenance and replacement, and staying in compliance with environmental regulations and making environmental improvements.

Greenways and Trails Department

This department is responsible for the planning, design and construction of the City's trail network, as well as helping implement the Bike Fort Wayne and Walk Fort Wayne Active Transportation Plans. The Department also oversees the maintenance of the trail system by working with other City and Public Works departments, Volunteer Greenway Rangers, and Adopt-A-Greenway Groups. The department works with Fort Wayne Trails, Incorporated to plan, fund, promote, and advocate for existing and future trails. Staff coordinates volunteer activities and events, including Trek the Trails and Bike Month. The department works with neighborhoods, businesses, community organizations, other City departments, Allen County, the State of Indiana, and Federal Agencies to develop and maintain the City of Fort Wayne Trails network. Furthermore, the department works with other jurisdictions to integrate the City of Fort Wayne Trails Network into a regional network of trails. The department also manages active transportation programs and events in coordination with other agencies and the community.

Right-of-Way

Right-of-Way is the first point of contact between customers who walk into the Public Works Division. Therefore customer service is a significant part of this department's responsibilities. It is also responsible for overseeing all work that takes place in the public rights-of-way as it relates to permitting, reviewing work done by outside entities, restoration of work performed by outside entities such as utilities, private contractors and developers. The department issues permits for work within the right-of-way, transportation of oversize/overweight loads, public assembly and block parties, and also oversees all encroachments in the rights-of-way, and is responsible for enforcement of these permitted functions.

The department also administers the cost sharing programs for sidewalk and curb. Department personnel are involved in public outreach and marketing of city services by being actively engaged in the community.

All greenspaces and gateways into the City within the right-of-way are also maintained by this department by its gardener and laborers. These spaces include grassy areas, plantings, green infrastructure, and other aesthetic improvements.

PARKS AND RECREATION

The Parks and Recreation Department maintains over 2,800 acres of public park land and provides numerous recreation facilities, programs and services for the Fort Wayne community. The Fort Wayne Parks and Recreation Department was created in 1905 when the Indiana General Assembly adopted the Cities and Towns Law. The Parks and Recreation Department is administered by a four-member bipartisan Board of Park Commissioners. Each commissioner is appointed by the Mayor and serves a four-year term. The Park Board reviews and approves the annual budget, approves expenditures, holds regular public meetings as required by law and approves the awarding of all contracts.

Finance and Support Services Division

The Finance and Support Services Division is responsible for the financial accounting, program registration, facility reservation, budgeting, purchasing, payroll and administrative functions of the department.

Marketing Division

The Marketing Division is responsible for the public relations, publications, promotions, grant writing, service quality, strategic planning, market research, corporate sponsorship and other marketing/planning functions.

Parks Division

The Parks Division is responsible for operation and maintenance of the park land and facilities, vehicle and machinery operation and upkeep, building repairs and maintenance, construction and engineering.

Parks Planning and Development Division

The Parks Planning and Development Division is responsible for short- and long-term planning, park and street trees, public gardens and flower beds, park landscaping, operation of the greenhouse, special projects, and riparian. The Division is also responsible for the operations and programming of the Foellinger-Freimann Botanical Conservatory.

Recreation Services Division

The Recreation Services Division is responsible for most of the recreational programs and facilities operated by the department. Facilities include: three public golf courses, two driving ranges, disc golf courses, tennis centers, tennis courts, pickleball courts, multipurpose athletic fields, basketball courts, ball diamonds, soccer fields, three aquatic centers, splash pads, boat launches, day camps, campground, dog parks, Community Center, Riverfront Park, Skate Park, Lifetime Sports Academy, Salomon Farm, Lindenwood Nature Preserve, and the Hurshtown Reservoir. The Division also manages the McMillen Community Center, three youth centers, and the summer playground program. The Division hosts a number of citywide and cultural events, offers competitive and instructional programs in athletics and outdoor recreation, and art programs, runs a travel program for seniors, families and adventure travelers and offer classes covering a variety of special interests for preschool through older adult.

Foellinger Theatre Division

The Foellinger Theatre Division is responsible for the operations and programming of the Foellinger Theatre.

Zoo Division

The Fort Wayne Children's Zoo Division is operated under an operating agreement between the Fort Wayne Parks and Recreation Department and the Fort Wayne Zoological Society.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Department of Public Safety

This Department maintains order and protects the rights and property of the citizens of Fort Wayne.

The Chief of Police oversees Police, Radio Shop, Records, and Animal Control departments. The Fire Chief oversees the Fire department.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENT DETAILS (Continued)

The Board of Public Safety has five members who are appointed by the Mayor and have authority over the hiring, promotion, and discipline of the Fort Wayne police officers. The Board of Public Safety also oversees the licensing and policies regarding taxis. The Fire Merit Board has two members appointed by the Mayor, two members elected by the members of the fire department, one member appointed by the legislative body, and one non-voting member selected from the legislative body. The Board is the authority responsible for hiring, promotion, evaluation, and discipline of the Fort Wayne firefighters.

Police Department

It is the mission of the Fort Wayne Police Department in partnership with the community, to strive to protect the life, property, and personal liberties of all individuals. We believe that the overall quality of life for all residents will improve through the deterrence of criminal activity and an understanding of the diversity of cultures within this community. Furthermore, we recognize the need for fair and impartial enforcement of the law, with attention given to the highest possible quality of service delivery to the community. The department is responsible for maintaining order within the city limits of Fort Wayne.

Fire Department

It is the mission of the Fort Wayne Fire Department to prevent the loss of life and to control or reduce the loss to property. The mission is accomplished through the Operations, Fire Prevention, Investigation, Public Education, Special Operations, Training and Development, and Administrative Divisions. These divisions provide the following services: fire response, emergency hazardous materials stabilization, technical rescue, EMS - basic and advanced life support emergency response, water rescue, public fire safety education, building inspections, fire investigations, fire watch, and rescue task force emergency response. The Fire Department provides all of these services within the boundaries of the City of Fort Wayne and mutual aid emergency response to the surrounding departments upon their request.

Radio Shop

The Radio Shop of the Fort Wayne Police Department is responsible for the planning, design, construction, maintenance and operation of all two-way radio communication systems utilized by the City of Fort Wayne, Allen County, and the Combined Communications Partnership to Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP 911). The Radio Shop is also responsible for the installation and maintenance of electronic public safety equipment utilized in Police and Fire vehicles.

Records

Records Department is responsible for maintaining all electronic and paper documents produced by the Fort Wayne Police Department. Additional responsibilities include processing for a fee; finger prints, criminal histories, gun permit applications, and selling police reports and walk-in accident reports. The department handles all non-emergency phone calls, documents all teleservice reports, enters and sends notification for all vehicles towed by FWPD, NCC, and Parking Control, enters and cancels all stolen and recovered property, vehicles, securities, license plates, enters all protective orders issued by Courts into Spillman, assists FWPD officers and officers from other agencies, fingerprints all prisoners taken to the Allen County Jail by the surrounding Law enforcement agencies, responsible for all entries/cancellations into the IDACS/NCIC System, and maintaining all FWPD certification documents for IDACS/NCIC.

Animal Care and Control

The Department of Animal Care and Control serves as a branch of our public safety division. The department uses a proactive approach to prevent animal cruelty and neglect before it starts through

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENT DETAILS (Continued)

community outreach and education. Our Enforcement Division uses education, and when necessary, local and state legislation to address responsible pet ownership concerns and cruelty or neglect cases within the city limits. Protection of both citizens and animals along with efforts to minimize euthanasia of healthy, adoptable animals strongly reflects the neighborhood and community driven origins of this agency. Animal Care and Control also has a strong volunteer program which utilizes over 200 citizens to offer the best care possible to the pets of our community. Animal Care and Control serves as a resource for responsible animal ownership, adoptable animals, and reuniting lost pets.

Fort Wayne at a Glance As of December 31, 2023

Date Founded October 22, 1794

Date of Incorporation (Town) January 3, 1829

Date of Incorporation (City) February 22, 1840

Founded by Jean François Hamtramck

Named After Anthony Wayne

Form of Government Elected Mayor, Clerk, Councilperson (9)

Relative Size 2nd largest city in Indiana

Population 269,994 Area in Square Miles 110.8

Miles of Water Lines 1,459

Miles of Sewer/Stormwater Mains 2,329

Miles of Streets 1,174
Number of Street Lights 35,559
Number of City Employees 1,921

Labor Force * 221,005 Employed * 215,409 Unemployed * 5,746 Unemployment Rate * 2.6

^{*} Data from Bureau of Labor Statistics, Fort Wayne Metropolitan Service Area - Fort Wayne



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Presented to

City of Fort Wayne Indiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

12/31/2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Officials of the City of Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana City of Fort Wayne
Fort Wayne, Indiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers and Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne, which represent 79%, 94%, and 48%, respectively, of the total assets, net position and revenues of the discretely presented component units as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion on the discretely presented component units, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those two discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules (general fund and major special revenue funds), infrastructure-modified reporting, comparison of budgeted-to-actual maintenance/preservation, condition rating, pension, and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which

consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises Section I, Introduction and Section III, Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Fort Wayne, Indiana June 26, 2024 [This page intentionally left blank]

CITY OF FORT WAYNE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

As management of the City of Fort Wayne (the City), we offer the following discussion as insight into the financial performance of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. To gain a fair understanding of the City's financial position, this discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources as of December 31, 2023 of \$3,488.0 million increased by \$134.0 million or 4.0% as compared to total assets and deferred outflows of resources as of December 31, 2022. This increase in total assets is partly due to an increase in tax revenues of \$35.7 million. Other contributions were a \$3.8 million CIB contribution receivable, \$3.5 million Village Premier bond issue, the issuance of Roosevelt Reserves Loan of \$2.5 million, and an increase in Opioid Receivable of \$2.4 million.
- Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2023 of \$1,687.4 million decreased \$(14.6) million or (0.9)% as compared to total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2022. This decrease in total liabilities is mainly due to the recognition of ARPA revenue in the amount of \$28.8 million. While total liabilities increased, deferred inflows actually decreased due to interest rate changes affecting OPEB and pensions.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of 2023 by \$1.8 billion. Of this amount, \$102.7 million is considered unrestricted. The unrestricted net position of the City's governmental activities is \$27.0 million. The unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities is \$75.6 million.
- The net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$60.7 million (or 7.6% from 2022) in 2023. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased \$87.9 million (or 10.3% from 2022).
- At the end of 2023, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$52.4 million or 42.3% of the 2023 general fund expenditures.
- The City retired a right-to-use lease asset and associated debt during 2023. Additionally, the City entered into a new lease agreement associated with the lease-back of parking spaces in a parking garage, which created a new lease receivable of \$5.3 million dollars.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) includes other supplementary information along with the statistical section.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to private-sector businesses. The government-wide financial statements are composed of two statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Net position is then broken down between governmental and business-type activities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position will show the fluctuation in the City's financial position.

The statement of activities presents information on all of the City's revenues and expenses, showing how the government's general expenses less the program revenues equal net expenses for the most recent fiscal year. General revenues are then subtracted from net expenses to get the change in net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, economic opportunity, economic development, culture and recreation, urban redevelopment and housing, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include a water system, wastewater system, storm water service, parking garage administration, solid waste service, electric utility, and a yard waste system.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (primary government), but also a few legally separate units: Summit City Entrepreneur and Enterprise District (SEED), formerly Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA), Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB), Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC), Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District (DID) and Community Development Corporation (CDC) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The financial statements of these component units can be found in their entirety on file in the City Controller's office at 200 E. Berry Street, Suite 470, Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802. The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation (Building Project), Consolidated Communications Partnership, Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority (RA), and Summit Development Corporation (Summit) are legally separate from the City, but since their nature and relationship with the City is significant, they are an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 55 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, with its related liabilities, and corresponding fund balances. Some funds are required to be established by State Law and by bond covenants, while others are adopted to help control monies set aside for a specific purpose. The City of Fort Wayne, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for most of the City's basic services. These funds generally do not provide enough revenue to completely cover their expenses; therefore, they need taxes, fees, interest or any other intergovernmental revenue to help support them. These funds use the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of unrestricted resources, as well as on balances of unrestricted resources available at the end

of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 58 of this report.

Proprietary funds. When the City charges a fee to cover the entire cost of an operation, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, the services are generally classified as a proprietary fund. There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds are completely self-supported by providing services to *outside customers* of the City. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, storm water, solid waste, parking garages, electric, and yard waste operations. Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide services and supplies for the other City departments. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self insurance and garage services. The internal service funds are reported within the governmental activities section of the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 62 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are funds held by a governmental unit as an agent or a trustee. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City holds one type of fiduciary funds: pension trust funds. Pension trust funds are used to account for pension plans held by the City on behalf of its employees. The City uses pension trust funds to report the police pension, fire pension, and sanitary officers' pension funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 66 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes are a required part of the basic financial statements that provide necessary information for the understanding of the City's financial report.

The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 71 of this report.

Other information. The City is also required to provide more detailed information about certain issues disclosed in required supplementary information (RSI) schedules. The City's RSI schedules include: Budgetary Comparison Schedule for General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, Comparison of Budgeted-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation including the condition rating of the City's street system, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios for Single-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost-Sharing Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of Contributions for Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Cost-Sharing Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Retiree Healthcare Plan. The combining financial statements for the non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, and the internal service funds are found immediately following the RSI schedules listed above which are considered supplementary information (SI).

The RSI schedules can be found beginning on page $\underline{165}$ of this report and the SI schedules can be found on page $\underline{187}$.

City of Fort Wayne Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Tot	al	Compon	ent Units	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Assets	\$ 472,117	\$ 457,771	\$ 350,136	\$ 384,069	\$ 822,253	\$ 841,840	\$ 68,688	\$ 63,765	
Capital and lease assets	1,024,083	991,406	1,536,220	1,423,396	2,560,303	2,414,802	46,576	46,238	
Total assets	1,496,200	1,449,177	1,886,356	1,807,465	3,382,556	3,256,642	115,264	110,003	
Deferred outflows of resources	96,982	88,641	8,484	8,730	105,466	97,371	9,071	1,759	
Other liabilities	51,841	77,938	42,065	41,762	93,906	119,700	6,662	3,089	
Long-term liabilities	649,125	622,912	901,990	915,806	1,551,115	1,538,718	38,749	28,180	
Total liabilities	700,966	700,850	944,055	957,568	1,645,021	1,658,418	45,411	31,269	
Deferred inflows of resources	31,621	37,095	10,801	6,555	42,422	43,650	4,811	8,151	
Net position	\$ 860,595	\$ 799,873	\$ 939,984	\$ 852,072	\$ 1,800,579	\$1,651,945	\$ 74,113	\$ 72,342	
Net Investment in capital and lease assets	\$ 833,554	\$ 779,276	\$ 772,460	\$ 694,479	\$ 1,606,014	\$1,473,755	\$ 38,302	\$ 36,395	
Restricted	_	_	91,874	85,700	91,874	85,700	34,212	35,346	
Unrestricted	27,041	20,597	75,650	71,893	102,691	92,490	1,599	601	
Total net position	\$ 860,595	\$ 799,873	\$ 939,984	\$ 852,072	\$ 1,800,579	\$1,651,945	\$ 74,113	\$ 72,342	

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The City's (primary government) assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,800.6 million at the close of 2023. The largest portion of the City's net position (total assets and deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources), which amounts to \$1,606.0 million (or 89.2%), reflects its investment in capital and lease assets (e.g., land, distribution and collection, roads, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, construction in progress, and net investment in joint venture), less any outstanding debt used to acquire these assets. These assets are designated as net investment in capital and lease assets because they are used to provide the everyday services the citizens of the City expect; they are not liquid and are not available for future spending. The debt associated with these capital and lease assets; if applicable, must be paid from sources other than the capital and lease assets themselves because, as stated before, they cannot be used as a liquid asset.

The remainder of the City's net position is designated as either restricted or unrestricted. The restricted portion, which totals \$91.9 million (or 5.1%), are dollars that are subject to an external restriction and cannot be spent on everyday operations. The unrestricted portion of the net position is \$102.7 million (or 5.7%). At the end of 2023, the City shows a total positive net position as a whole as well as in the governmental and business-type activities sections individually. This indicates the City has been able to make sound financial decisions over the past several years leaving it with a solid equity base on which to build.

The City's component units showed assets exceeding liabilities by \$74.1 million at the end of 2023. Of the net position (total assets less total liabilities), \$38.3 million reflects its net investment in capital assets. These assets are designated as invested in capital assets because they are used to provide the everyday services to the users of the component units. Such assets are not liquid and are not available for future spending. The debt associated with these capital assets must be paid from sources other than the capital assets themselves because, as stated before, they cannot be used as a liquid asset. The restricted net position, subject to external restriction, totals \$34.2 million. Unrestricted net position totals \$1.6 million at the end of 2023. These assets may be used by the City's component units for normal operations.

City of Fort Wayne Changes in Net Position

(amounts expressed in thousands)

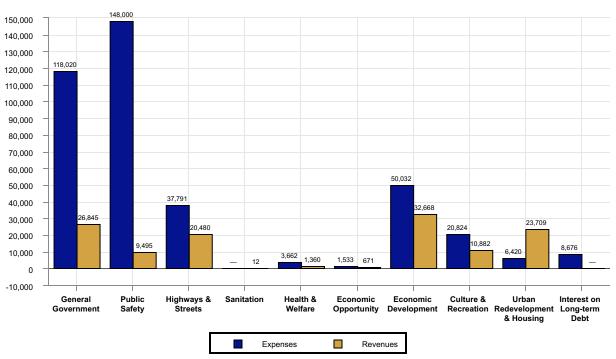
	Governmental activities			Business-type activities				Total				Component Units			
P.···						_			tai	0000	_				
Revenues:	2023	2022		2023	2022	_		2023	_	2022	_	2023		2022	
Program revenues:	¢ 44.000	ф 42	206	¢ 202.220	Ф 10E 7E	c	¢.	245 120	¢.	220 152	¢.	4 000	¢.	4 224	
Charges for services	\$ 41,902		396 440	\$ 203,228	\$ 195,756	0	\$	245,130	\$	239,152	\$	4,880	\$	4,224	
Operating grants and contributions	82,683		418		40.74	_		82,683		55,418		10,118		10,617	
Capital grants and contributions	1,537	1,	500	22,876	10,713	3		24,413		12,213		1,922		3,023	
General revenues:	454 700	470	400					454 700		470 400					
Property taxes	154,723			_	_	_		154,723		172,426		_		_	
Local Income Tax - Econ. Development	61,888	45,	118	_	_	_		61,888		45,118		47 575		45 704	
Local assessments and taxes	_		_	_	_	_		_		_		17,575		15,731	
Indiana room tax	07.077	5.4	_	_	_	-						5,307		5,087	
Other taxes	67,877		809		4.70	_		67,877		54,809		_		_	
Investment earnings	13,925	8,	770	14,127	4,72	1		28,052		13,491		1,611		244	
Gain on sale of capital assets	47.004	40	_	_	-	_				-		_		21	
Other	17,631	- — —	189	304	1,816	_		17,935	_	12,005		1,843		1,772	
Total revenues	442,166	391,	626	240,535	213,006	6		682,701		604,632		43,256		40,719	
Expenses:	440.000	70						440.000		70.040					
General government	118,020		018	_	_	-		118,020		76,018		_		_	
Public safety	148,000		525	_	_	-		148,000		52,525		_		_	
Highways and streets	37,791		670	_	_	-		37,791		37,670		_		_	
Health and welfare	3,662		313	_	_	-		3,662		3,313		_		_	
Economic opportunity	1,533		758	_	_	-		1,533		13,758		_		_	
Economic development	50,032		981	_	_	-		50,032		38,981		_		_	
Culture and recreation	20,824		100	_	_	-		20,824		33,100		_		_	
Urban redevelopment and housing	6,420		915	_	_	-		6,420		11,915		_		_	
Interest on long-term debt	8,676	8,	099	_	_	-		8,676		8,099		_		_	
Water	_		_	47,761	46,996			47,761		46,996		_		_	
Wastewater	_		_	70,152	70,099			70,152		70,099		_		_	
Storm water	_		_	9,138	8,564			9,138		8,564		_		_	
Parking garages	_		_	1,408	1,592			1,408		1,592		_		_	
Solid waste	_		_	10,474	15,499			10,474		15,499		_		_	
Other	_		_	175	166	6		175		166		_		_	
SEED	_		_	_	_	-		_		_		780		1,113	
CIB	_		_	_	_	-		_		_		17,472		9,857	
PTC	_		_	_	_	-		_		_		21,416		16,599	
DID	_		_	_	_	-		_		_		1,248		1,179	
CDC		_										569		375	
Total expenses	394,958			139,108	142,916	_		534,066		418,295		41,485		29,123	
Increase in net position before transfers	47,208	116,	247	101,427	70,090	0		148,635		186,337		1,771		11,596	
Transfers	13,514	11,	120	(13,514)	(11,120	0)		_		_		_		_	
Transfer in of ACRWSD net position*					(608)	_				(608)					
Increase in net position	60,722			87,913	58,362	2		148,635		185,729		1,771		11,596	
Net position January 1st	799,873	672,		852,071	793,710	0	1	,651,944	1	,466,159		72,342		60,803	
Restatement*			57							57				(57)	
Net position January 1st (Restated)	799,873			852,071	793,710	0	1	,651,944	_	,466,216		72,342		60,746	
Net position December 31st	\$ 860,595	\$ 799,	873	\$ 939,984	\$ 852,072	2	\$1	,800,579	\$1	,651,945	\$	74,113	\$	72,342	

^{*}The transfer in of ACRWSD is from an agreement for FWCU to receive all assets, liabilities and operational responsibilities starting in 2022. The Restatement is for Summit Development Corporation's presentation to be changed from a discretely presented component unit to a blended component unit starting in 2022. Further details can be found in Notes 25 and 26 of the 2022 Annual Financial Report.

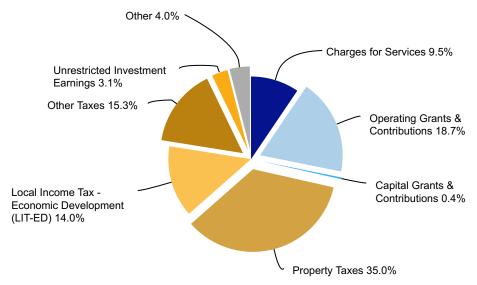
Governmental Activities. The governmental activities accounted for a \$60.7 million increase in the City's total net position in 2023. The City was able to remain within or below its expense budget while still providing all of the necessary government services. The governmental activities represent 64.8% of the primary government's revenue and 74.0% of the primary government's expenses. This increase in net position is mainly due to a \$24 million dollar increase in tax revenue.

Total expenses for governmental activities for 2023 were \$395.0 million, which included an increase of \$119.6 million primarily from the General Government, Economic Development and Public Safety expenditures. General Government expenditures increased \$42.0 million primarily due to an increase in ARPA expenditures of \$26.8 million and an increase of \$5.5 million of Community Legacy awards. Public Safety expenditures increased \$95.5 million mainly attributable to an increase in pension and OPEB related expenses, the changes in pension and OPEB related expenses from year to year are a direct result of the assumptions used in the actuarial valuations for the City's pension and OPEB plans. Economic Development expenditures increased \$11.1 million primarily due to the use of READI grant funds.

Expenses & Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

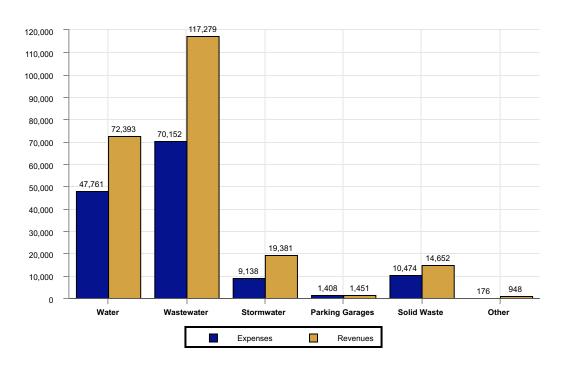


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

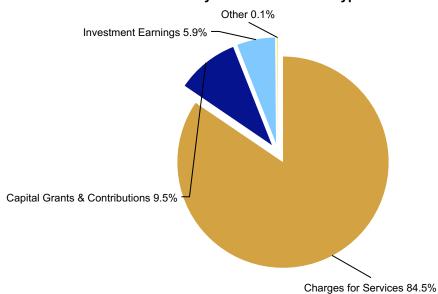


Business-type Activities. The business-type activities of the City increased net position by \$87.9 million. Business-type activities represent 35.2% of the primary government's revenues and 26.0% of the expenses. The City's Water and Wastewater utilities account for 83.9% of the business-type activities' program revenues and 84.8% of the expenses. There were significant increases in capital grants and contributions from the prior year due to the City receiving \$7.8 million more in private or state and federal capital contributions along with a \$5 million ARPA grant for a deep dewatering pump station.

Expenses & Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (Expressed in Thousands)



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The City's fund financial statements use modified accrual accounting providing information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. This provides the reader with useful information regarding the City's financial position. The assigned/unassigned fund balances of the City's governmental funds gives good insight into its ability to meet current obligations as well as meet the City's ongoing service needs.

At the end of 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$388.8 million, an increase of \$48.7 million, due to increase in unassigned fund balance. The City's total fund balance includes \$2.1 million as non-spendable, \$44.6 million as restricted, \$51.3 million as committed, \$238.4 million as assigned, and \$52.4 million as unassigned fund balance.

A portion of the City's governmental fund totals is made up of the General fund, the City's chief operating fund. At the end of 2023, the General fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$52.4 million and a total fund balance of \$64.4 million. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, you can compare the total fund balance and unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. The General fund expenditures for fiscal year ended 2023 were \$123.8 million. The total fund balance represents 52.0% of General fund expenditures, while the unassigned fund balance is 42.3% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General fund increased by \$11.0 million during the fiscal year ended 2023. During 2023, the General fund expenditures were over the revenues by \$3.2 million. This was due to a decrease in property tax revenue allocated in 2023. The City recorded deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$8.4 million.

The City has seven other funds that meet the major fund criteria: the Highways and Streets, LIT-ED, Parks, Fire, Redevelopment, Community Legacy, and Summit. The combined fund balance at the end of 2023 for the other seven major funds is \$238.8 million. This resulted in an increase in fund balances for the other major funds of \$36.3 million from the prior year. The major reasons for this change from prior year are:

- The Highways and Streets fund balance increased by \$2.3 million at the end of 2023 primarily
 due to an increase in Highways and Streets capital outlay of construction spending due to
 completing projects from prior year that were held up for materials shortages.
- The Parks fund balance decreased by \$1.6 million at the end of 2023 due to an increase in debt service principal and interest paid in 2023 for the new 2022 Bond.
- The LIT-ED fund balance increased by \$15.9 million at the end of 2023 due to tax revenue increasing by \$12.0 dollars and a decrease in expenses around \$3.0 million.
- The Redevelopment fund balance increased by \$19.1 million at the end of 2023 primarily due to a new bond issue called Village Premier project and a slight increase in interest earnings and TIF (tax increment financing) revenue.
- The Fire fund balance increased by \$1.2 million at the end of 2023 primarily due to an increase in tax revenue.

- The Community Legacy fund balance decreased by \$0.7 million at the end of 2023 primarily due to loans issued during 2023.
- The Summit Development Corporation fund balance remained nearly the same as the prior year.

The non-major governmental funds have a combined fund balance increase of \$1.4 million to a total fund balance of \$85.7 million at the end of 2023.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds use full accrual accounting to report information in their fund financial statements similar to the way things are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The total net position of the City's enterprise funds at the end of 2023 is \$940.0 million. Of that total, the restricted net position is \$87.9 million, net investment in capital assets is \$772.5 million, and the unrestricted net position is \$75.7 million. This is a total increase of about \$87.9 million comprised of a \$78.0 million increase in the net investment in capital assets, a \$2.2 million increase in restricted assets, and an increase to the unrestricted funds totaling \$3.8 million.

Water Utility net position increased \$24.5 million mainly due to scheduled rate increases aimed to secure the necessary resources to satisfy the debt service requirements as well as for the capital improvement plan. \$7.8 million of this increase represents capital contributions either from private developers or state and federal agencies. Wastewater utility net position increased \$49.0 million mainly due to scheduled rate increases aimed to secure the necessary resources to satisfy the debt service requirements as well as for the capital improvement plan driven mainly by the Consent Decree. \$10.5 million of this increase represents capital contributions either from private developers or state and federal agencies. Stormwater Utility net position increased \$9.7 million. \$6.6 million is due to excess of revenues over expenses while \$4.6 million represents capital contributions either from private developers or state and federal agencies.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The differences between the original adopted budget and the final amended budget resulted in a decrease of \$0.507 million. The differences are summarized as follows:

- \$2,011.5 thousand decrease in general government's appropriation
- \$592.3 thousand decrease in public safety's appropriation
- \$295.0 thousand decrease in highway and streets' appropriation
- \$50.4 thousand decrease in health and welfare's appropriation
- \$2,442.2 thousand increase in economic development's appropriation

The actual expenditures were \$7.641 million lower than budgeted, while the actual revenues of the general fund were \$(1.3) million less than budgeted. For the year, the General fund balance increased by \$6.676 million.

The 2023 final approved budget was \$131.406 million; actual expenditures amounted to \$123.765 million, leaving a \$7.641 million positive variance. The variance is summarized as follows:

- \$2,790.8 thousand for general government
- \$1,285.0 thousand for public safety
- \$872.9 thousand for highway and streets
- \$144.2 thousand for health and welfare
- \$19.5 thousand for economic opportunity
- \$2,528.7 thousand for economic development

Of the \$7.641 million positive variance, \$801 thousand was in personal services. This variance was primarily due to unfilled positions as a result of resignations, retirements, and/or terminations. The remaining variance consisted of \$872 thousand for supplies expense, \$3,436 thousand for other services and charges, and \$2,532 thousand for capital outlays. These variances were incurred due to the City departments meeting the challenges of monitoring and controlling expenses while still maintaining adequate services to the City.

Capital and Lease Assets and Debt Administration

Capital and lease assets. The City's Primary Government capital and lease assets as of December 31, 2023, are equal to \$2,560.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). Capital and lease assets include land, distribution and collection, roads, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, right-to-use leased assets, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$145.5 million or 6.0% (a 1.4% increase for governmental activities and a 4.7% increase for business-type activities). Significant contributions to this increase are the construction of a new fire house costing approximately \$4.4 million and a \$99 million increase in the wastewater fund capital spending due to the Consent Decree.

Governmental activities. Capital assets for the governmental activities total \$1,246.5 million with accumulated depreciation / amortization of \$222.4 million for a net book value of \$1,024.1 million. This amount includes \$31.3 million in construction in progress reflecting capital projects in various stages of completion. The City chose to report its roads using the modified approach accepted under the new reporting model. This allows the City to make additions and deletions to the overall asset figure without actually depreciating. The conditions of the City's road pavement are measured using a pavement condition index (PCI). The City has adopted the following condition categories: "Excellent" (10-9), "Very Good" (8), "Good" (7-6), "Fair" (5-4), "Poor" (3), and "Very Poor" (2-1).

It is the goal of the City to maintain a pavement condition index of "Good". In 2022, the City had a pavement condition index rating of "Fair" (5). The City has maintained a "Fair" (5) rating in 2023. The City maintains there are no material variances between the budgeted expenditures and the actual expenditures for the maintenance of infrastructure for 2023.

More information regarding the modified approach can be found beginning on page <u>183</u> in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) of this report.

Business-type activities. Capital assets for the business-type activities total \$2,101.2 million with accumulated depreciation of \$565.0 million for a net book value of \$1,536.2 million. The amount also includes \$507.4 million in construction in progress reflecting capital projects in various stages of completion.

Major projects include: Water main replacements, continued work on projects to reduce the number of Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO's) and the volume of discharge directly to the rivers, improvements to increase the reliability and capacity of the wastewater treatment plant and the wet weather storage facilities, construction of a large equalization basin facility in the northern area of the sewer system to improve wet weather performance of collection system in that area, combined sewer capacity improvements to reduce the risk of basement backups.

Primary Government Capital Assets, net of depreciation (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental activities Total Business-type activities 2023 2023 2023 2022 2022 2022 Land 52.292 \$ 49,213 \$ 18,259 \$ 18,237 \$ 70,551 67,450 Distribution and collection 928,954 891,861 928,954 891,861 Roads 639,166 630,089 639,166 630,089 680,119 327,935 Buildings and improvements 336,128 343,991 337.174 665,109 Machinery and equipment 126,374 114,029 302,583 294,202 428,957 408,231 Right-to-use leased assets - buildings 59.386 59,386 59,663 59,663 Right-to-use leased assets - improvements 1,792 1,792 1,792 1,792 31,331 15,510 507,437 421,204 538,768 436,714 Construction in progress Less: Accumulated depreciation / amortization (222,386)(206, 826)(565,004)(539,282)(787,390)(746, 108)\$1,024,083 991,405 \$ 1,536,220 \$ 1,423,396 Total \$ 2,560,303 \$ 2,414,801

Additional information regarding the City's capital and lease assets can be found in Note 3 beginning on page <u>90</u> of this report.

Long-term Liabilities. The City adopted GASB 87 in 2022 and has reclassified leases and loans according to the guidelines. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's Primary Government had total bonded debt outstanding of \$394.1 million. Of this amount \$147.6 million is considered to be general obligation bonds, special obligation bonds, or first mortgage bonds. The City is responsible to pay for this debt with general revenues. The remaining \$246.5 million is revenue bonds that are paid from the revenues earned by the business-type fund that is responsible for the debt.

The City's total debt increased \$14.4 million during the current fiscal year, including additions of \$101.7 million and reductions of \$87.3 million. The total increase in debt was mainly due to the new loans payable of \$11.8 million.

The City of Fort Wayne currently maintains an AA- long-term rating from Standard & Poor's and an Aa1 rating from Moody's for its general obligation debt. The City's Water Utility maintain an Aa3, Wastewater Utility maintain an A1 and Stormwater Utility maintains an Aa2 from Moody's for its revenue bonds.

City of Fort Wayne Long-term Liabilities

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental activi			activities	Business-type activities				Total			
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
General obligation bonds	\$	11,720	\$	13,340	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,720	\$	13,340
Special obligation bonds		129,811		133,120		_		_		129,811		133,120
First mortgage bonds		6,050		6,990		_		_		6,050		6,990
Lease liability		58,753		59,655		_		_		58,753		59,655
Notes and loans payable		42,952		42,349		624,001		612,818		666,953		655,167
Net pension liability		233,002		206,628		13,260		12,871		246,262		219,499
Compensated absences		19,905		17,982		2,319		2,156		22,224		20,138
Other postemployment benefits liability		142,697		137,190		14,586		14,500		157,283		151,690
Revenue bonds			_		_	246,520	_	271,600		246,520		271,600
Total	\$	644,890	\$	617,254	\$	900,686	\$	913,945	\$1	1,545,576	\$1	1,531,199

Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 4 beginning on page 92 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for the City is currently 2.6%, which is an increase from a rate of 2.3% a year ago. The state average unemployment rate is 3.5% and the national average is 3.7%.

Due to the passage of House Bill 1001, starting in 2008 the amount of property taxes collected has been substantially reduced, causing a shortfall in City revenues. The new law also places permanent property tax caps on real estate values, which limits future property tax revenues. The City is continually reviewing its options as to where it can curtail expenditures and seeking solutions for replacing the current and future lost revenues.

To simplify the LOIT system, in 2015, Indiana General Assembly passed House Bill 1485 that provides for a transition from the county adjusted gross income tax (CAGIT), the county option income tax (COIT), the county economic development income tax (CEDIT), and the various local income taxes for special purposes and special projects to a single local income tax with three rate components: Expenditure Rate, Property Tax Relief Rate and Special Purpose Rate. The adopting body will have the authority to set the rates and the uses for Expenditures and Property Tax Relief. The maximum rate for Expenditures is 2.5%. The adopting body dictates how the Expenditure rate will be used by all units in the county - either for public safety, economic development or certified shares. The maximum rate for Property Tax Relief is 1.25%.

In July 2017, the Allen County Income Tax Council voted to increase the Economic Development Distribution portion of the Local Income Tax - Expenditure Rate to 0.53% effective October 1, 2017 and additional tax revenue to be deposited in a Local Income Tax - Economic Development Non-Reverting Fund to finance Riverfront Development, Sidewalks and Alleys capital projects. Also, effective January 1, 2017, 0.1179% were redistributed from Local Income Tax - Certified Shares Distribution to Local Income Tax - Property Tax Relief Rate.

Under the current system, the local taxes adopted by Allen County Income Tax Council consist of a Local Income Tax - Expenditure Rate of 1.1121% comprised of three distinct distributions: Certified Shares Distribution (LIT-CS) - 0.4821%, Public Safety Distribution (LIT-PS) - 0.1% and Economic Development Distribution (LIT-ED) - 0.53%, including 0.13% to be deposited in a non-reverting fund (LIT-EDNR) as well as of a Local Income Tax - Property Tax Relief Rate of 0.3679%.

The City of Fort Wayne established a Cumulative Capital Development Fund on June 26, 2013 beginning with taxes payable in 2014. The revenues to this fund are a result of taxes levied on all taxable real and personal property within the City. The rate of this fund, which began in 2014 at 0.0167%, increased to 0.0333% in 2015 and to 0.049% in 2016, and continues at this rate until reduced or rescinded.

On June 7, 2016, the Fort Wayne Common Council approved a new wheel tax for city residents, effective January 1, 2017. The additional revenue will be used for street repair and maintenance in order to keep Fort Wayne's infrastructure at its best possible level.

These factors along with others were considered when preparing the City's budget for the 2023 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the City Controller, City of Fort Wayne, Room 470 Citizens Square, 200 E. Berry Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana, 46802.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

December 31, 2023		Primary Governme	ent	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets	7101171100	710111100		
Cash and cash equivalents-unrestricted	\$ 274,133,211	\$ 85,289,923	\$ 359,423,134	\$ 21,496,443
Investments-unrestricted	66,247,543	Ψ 00,200,020	66,247,543	Ψ 21,430,443
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	00,247,040		00,247,040	
Accounts	_	21,681,038	21,681,038	723,648
Taxes	21,911,469		21,911,469	
Intergovernmental	10,131,085	_	10,131,085	4,674,940
Loans	12,024,687	_	12,024,687	4,949,008
Miscellaneous	11,054,316	_	11,054,316	328,246
Interest receivable	172,920	1,364,104	1,537,024	020,240
Installments receivable	2,675,802	189,397	2,865,199	_
Assessments receivable	2,073,002	480,323	480,323	_
Lease receivable	589,981	6,318,961	6,908,942	
Internal balances	6,487,253	(6,487,253)	0,300,342	
Inventories	2,692,460	2,347,834	5,040,294	629,610
Prepaid items	1,680,004	905,687	2,585,691	174,666
Assets held for economic development	13,421,518	-	13,421,518	
Restricted assets:	10,421,010		10,421,010	
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted	37,077,448	168,106,841	205,184,289	26,912,053
Investments-restricted	11,817,000	66,179,101	77,996,101	20,312,033
Regulatory assets	11,017,000	3,759,814	3,759,814	_
Accounts receivable		3,739,014	3,739,014	8,799,837
Capital and lease assets:				0,133,031
Land, roads and construction in progress	722,788,706	525,697,001	1,248,485,707	1,487,254
Other capital and lease assets, net of depreciation/ amortization	301,294,450	1,010,523,310	1,311,817,760	45,088,180
Total assets	1,496,199,853	1,886,356,081	3,382,555,934	115,263,885
10(a) assets	1,490,199,033	1,000,330,001	3,302,333,934	113,203,003
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 17)	96,982,482	8,483,859	105,466,341	9,070,573
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	6,982,437	2,096,471	9,078,908	5,054,309
Wages and withholdings payable	6,931,208	1,714,069	8,645,277	· · · —
Accrued group insurance benefits	3,603,044	· · · —	3,603,044	_
Contracts payable	2,308,753	25,306,074	27,614,827	_
Retainage payable	1,620,570	1,524,885	3,145,455	_
Accrued interest payable	1,240,895	7,977,641	9,218,536	_
Customer deposits		1,678,114	1,678,114	200,391
Unearned revenue	20,942,660	4,252	20,946,912	_
Other current liabilities	863,110	661,276	1,524,386	1,300,397
	•	,		

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023 (Continued)

	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year:				
Compensated absences payable	19,428,377	1,997,667	21,426,044	_
Lease liability	732,887	_	732,887	_
Notes and loans payable	10,738,420	27,482,715	38,221,135	1,625,000
General obligation bonds payable	1,645,000	_	1,645,000	_
Special obligation bonds payable	7,177,000	_	7,177,000	_
First mortgage bonds payable	960,000	_	960,000	_
Revenue bonds payable	_	25,790,000	25,790,000	30,000
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	7,348,220	1,102,303	8,450,523	106,631
Due in more than one year:				
Compensated absences payable	476,275	321,430	797,705	_
Lease liability	58,020,255	_	58,020,255	_
Notes and loans payable	32,213,953	596,517,846	628,731,799	6,200,000
General obligation bonds payable (net)	10,668,759	_	10,668,759	_
Special obligation bonds payable (net)	133,348,529	_	133,348,529	_
First mortgage bonds payable (net)	5,365,241	_	5,365,241	_
Revenue bonds payable (net)	_	223,136,347	223,136,347	7,910,135
Net pension liability (Note 24)	233,001,607	13,260,414	246,262,021	17,087,200
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	135,348,640	13,483,359	148,831,999	5,354,323
Other noncurrent liabilities	_	_	_	542,783
Total liabilities	700,965,840	944,054,863	1,645,020,703	45,411,169
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)	31,621,339	10,800,915	42,422,254	4,810,783
Net position				
Net investment in capital and lease assets	833,553,841	772,459,620	1,606,013,461	38,301,991
Restricted for:		, ,		
Debt service	_	85,738,278	85,738,278	2,848,563
Capital projects	_	6,135,416	6,135,416	_
Food and beverage tax reserve	_	_	_	22,541,373
Loan programs	_	_	_	8,822,092
Unrestricted	27,041,315	75,650,848	102,692,163	1,598,487
Total net position	\$ 860,595,156	\$ 939,984,162	\$ 1,800,579,318	\$ 74,112,506

		ı	Program Revenue	es	Net (Exp	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Po					
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governme	nt				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units			
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 118,019,930	\$ 23,450,278	\$ 3,394,780	\$ —	\$ (91,174,872)	\$ —	\$ (91,174,872)	\$ —			
Public safety	148,000,269	6,027,009	3,468,086	_	(138,505,174)	_	(138,505,174)	_			
Highways and streets	37,790,982	1,884,541	18,595,080	_	(17,311,361)	_	(17,311,361)	_			
Sanitation	_	_	11,500	_	11,500	_	11,500	_			
Health and welfare	3,662,468	660,863	699,476	_	(2,302,129)	_	(2,302,129)	_			
Economic opportunity	1,532,601	168	670,759	_	(861,674)	_	(861,674)	_			
Economic development	50,032,138	126,458	31,004,923	1,536,698	(17,364,059)	_	(17,364,059)	_			
Culture and recreation	20,823,519	7,711,503	3,170,357	_	(9,941,659)	_	(9,941,659)	_			
Urban redevelopment and housing	6,419,616	2,041,007	21,668,459	_	17,289,850	_	17,289,850	_			
Interest on long-term debt and lease liability	8,676,271	_	_	_	(8,676,271)	_	(8,676,271)	_			
Total governmental activities	394,957,794	41,901,827	82,683,420	1,536,698	(268,835,849)		(268,835,849)				
Business-type activities:											
Water	47,761,033	64,549,152	_	7,844,302	_	24,632,421	24,632,421	_			
Wastewater	70,151,644	106,800,707	_	10,478,132	_	47,127,195	47,127,195	_			
Stormwater	9,138,079	14,827,540	_	4,553,944	_	10,243,405	10,243,405	_			
Parking garages	1,407,776	1,835,930	_	_	_	428,154	428,154	_			
Solid waste	10,473,787	14,651,653	_	_	_	4,177,866	4,177,866	_			
Electric	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Yardwaste	169,763	525,979	_	_	_	356,216	356,216	_			
Enterprise	6,400	37,012	_	_	_	30,612	30,612	_			
Total business-type activities	139,108,482	203,227,973		22,876,378		86,995,869	86,995,869				
Total primary government	\$ 534,066,276	\$245,129,800	\$ 82,683,420	\$ 24,413,076	\$(268,835,849)	\$ 86,995,869	\$ (181,839,980)	\$ —			
Component units:											
SEED	780,087	748,144	146,350	_	_	_	_	114,407			
CIB	17,472,361	2,310,248	776,566	_	_	_	_	(14,385,547)			
PTC	21,415,962	1,258,116	7,949,981	1,921,959	_	_	_	(10,285,906)			
DID	1,248,228	_	1,249,444	_	_	_	_	1,216			
CDC	568,794	563,307	(3,842)	_	_	_	_	(9,329)			
Total component units	\$ 41,485,432	\$ 4,879,815	\$ 10,118,499	\$ 1,921,959	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$(24,565,159)			
	General revenue	es:									
	Property Tax	es			154,723,172	_	154,723,172	_			
	Local Income	Tax - Economic	Development (LI	Γ-ED)	61,887,610	_	61,887,610	_			
	Local Income	Tax - Certified S	hares (LIT-CS)		47,136,772	_	47,136,772	_			
	Excise Taxes	;			9,615,157	_	9,615,157	_			
	Sur/Wheel Ta	axes			10,041,367	_	10,041,367	_			
	Financial Ins	titutions Taxes (F	IT)		1,083,442	_	1,083,442	_			
	Local assess	ments and taxes			_	_	_	17,574,538			
	Indiana room	tax income			_	_	_	5,307,346			
Unrestricted i Other Transfers		investment earniı	ngs		13,924,618	14,126,970	28,051,588	1,611,041			
					17,631,859	303,266	17,935,125	1,842,901			
					13,513,672	(13,513,672)					
Total general reven			ansfers		329,557,669	916,564	330,474,233	26,335,826			
	Change in ne	et position			60,721,820	87,912,433	148,634,253	1,770,667			
	Net position - be	ginning			799,873,336	852,071,729	1,651,945,065	72,341,839			
	Net position - en	ding			\$ 860,595,156	\$ 939,984,162	\$1,800,579,318	\$74,112,506			

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

December 31, 2023	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED	Parks	Fire	Redevelopment	Community Legacy	Summit Dev Corporation	Non-major Governmental Funds	Totals
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 49.193.653	\$ 12,478,471	\$ 45,183,728	\$ 20,563,148	\$15,005,441	\$ 59,260,187	\$ 4,622,207	\$ 59,908	\$ 51,973,338	\$ 258,340,081
Investments	12,158,361	2,770,299	10,031,072	4,565,149	3,331,302	13,156,135	20,235,225	¥ 59,900 —	Ψ 51,975,550 —	66,247,543
Receivables (net of allowance of uncollectibles)	, ,						, ,			, ,
Taxes	8,426,511	_	8,800,000	861,773	2,159,179	38,004	_	_	1,626,002	21,911,469
Intergovernmental	290,289	1,496,120	88,379	164,961	_	476,514	_	_	7,614,822	10,131,085
Loans	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,566,848	_	6,457,839	12,024,687
Miscellaneous	444,463	144,071	95	1,311,807	332,413	3,882,164		_	4,939,303	11,054,316
Installments	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,675,802	_	_	2,675,802
Lease receivable	10,074	_	_	22,723	_	557,184	_	_	_	589,981
Interest	27	_	_	61	_	7,592	165,240	_	_	172,920
Interfund receivable - pooled cash	125,717		_		_		_	_	1,093,153	1,218,870
Due from other funds	5,636,175	527	_	142,310	_	570	_	_	4,644	5,784,226
Inventories	825,132	1,136,074		140,850	_	_	_	_	_	2,102,056 1,070,299
Prepaid items Assets held for economic development	1,070,299	_	706,055	_	_	11,161,631	_	_	1,553,832	13,421,518
Restricted assets:	_	_	700,033	_	_	11,101,001	_	_	1,000,002	15,421,510
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	230,918	36,846,530	37,077,448
Investments - restricted	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,817,000	_	_	11,817,000
Total access	Ф 70.400.704	£ 40,005,500	£ 64 000 200	£ 07 770 700	#00 000 00F	£ 00.500.004	Ф 45 000 200		f 440 400 460	£ 455 620 204
Total assets	\$ 78,180,701	\$ 18,025,562	\$ 64,809,329	\$ 27,772,782	\$20,828,335	\$ 88,539,981	\$ 45,082,322	\$ 290,826	\$ 112,109,463	\$ 455,639,301
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund	<u>d balances</u>									
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 706,067	\$ 180,765	\$ 679,273	\$ 1,481,518	\$ 182,004	\$ 644,018	¢	s —	\$ 1,487,810	\$ 5,361,455
Wages and withholdings payable	3,405,103	497,256	24,130	464,403	2,000,902	26,909	Ψ <u> </u>	J –	360,537	6,779,240
Contracts payable	727,448	437,200 —	286,376			267,412	_	_	784,096	2,065,332
Retainage payable	98,997	240,497	539,747	583,518	_	74,262	_	_	83,549	1,620,570
Interfund payable - pooled cash	_	· —	· —	· —	_	· —	_	_	1,011,870	1,011,870
Due to other funds	407,230	62	_	15,600	_	_	_	230,918	_	653,810
Unearned revenue				58,680			5,707,943		15,176,037	20,942,660
Total Liabilities	5,344,845	918,580	1,529,526	2,603,719	2,182,906	1,012,601	5,707,943	230,918	18,903,899	38,434,937
Deferred inflows of resources	8,448,652		8,800,000	883,843	2,159,179	539,545			7,528,537	28,359,756
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable	825,132	1,136,074	_	140,850	_	_	_	_	_	2,102,056
Restricted	_	_	_	_	_	3,577,125	_	_	41,038,394	44,615,519
Committed	9,127,471	7,036,330	12,909,030	10,358,488		3,252,056	519,630		8,125,621	51,328,626
Assigned	2,020,781	8,934,578	41,570,773	13,785,882	16,486,250	80,158,654	38,854,749	59,908	36,513,012	238,384,587
Unassigned	52,413,820									52,413,820
Total fund balances	64,387,204	17,106,982	54,479,803	24,285,220	16,486,250	86,987,835	39,374,379	59,908	85,677,027	388,844,608
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 78,180,701	\$ 18,025,562	\$ 64,809,329	\$ 27,772,782	\$20,828,335	\$ 88,539,981	\$ 45,082,322	\$ 290,826	\$ 112,109,463	\$ 455,639,301
The material the formalist statements are an inter-	1 (())									

CITY OF FORT WAYNE, INDIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

Total friend balances for governmental funds		\$ 200 044 600
Total fund balances for governmental funds	,	\$ 388,844,608
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital and lease assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service fund capital assets of \$3,932,111 net of \$1,096,172 accumulated depreciation) are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	51,437,093	
Roads accounted for using the modified approach	639,166,211	
Construction in progress	31,330,125	
Buildings, net of \$75,007,291 accumulated depreciation	141,142,313	
Improvements other than buildings, net of \$57,824,018 accumulated depreciation	58,808,666	
Machinery and equipment, net of \$84,870,126 accumulated depreciation	40,676,711	
Right-to-use leased assets - buildings, net of \$3,003,353 accumulated amortization	56,382,746	
Right-to-use leased assets - improvements, net of \$585,183 accumulated amortization	1,207,180	
Total capital and lease assets (See Note 3)		1,020,151,045
Prepaid items for insurance are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		594,802
Internal service funds are used by the City to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other City departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position is:		14,821,697
City tax collections related to 2023 will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide		
statements.		21,911,469
State shared revenue appropriated during the State of Indiana's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 will be collected by the City in calendar year 2024. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for the amount appropriated but not received by December 31, 2023 are included in the government-wide statements.		5,738,419
Some of the City's revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds.		176,396
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Also, during the year the City issued new debt. The discount or premium received was reported in the governmental funds when the debt was issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized, over the remaining life of the new debt, as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities. Balances at December 31, 2023 are:		
Bonds payable	(159,164,529)	
Bond interest payable	(892,410)	
Leases liability	(58,753,142)	
Lease interest payable	(178,801)	
Loans payable	(42,952,373)	
Loan interest payable	(169,684)	
Compensated absences payable	(19,728,489)	
Other postemployment benefits liability	(142,696,860)	
Net pension liability	(233,001,607)	
Total long-term liabilities	_	(657,537,895)
Certain amounts related to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over time. They are not reported in the funds, but are included in the government-wide statements.		71,111,778
Certain amounts related to the OPEB liability are deferred and amortized over time. They are not reported in the funds, but are included in the government-wide statements.	_	(5,217,163)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 860,595,156

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED	Parks	Fire	Redevelopment	Community Legacy	Summit Dev Corporation	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 116,818,088	\$ 10,041,367	\$ 57,342,874	\$ 20,765,306	\$ 52,013,919	\$ 21,305,109	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14,945,122	\$ 293,231,785
Special assessments	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	490,109	490,109
Licenses and permits	1,780,881		_	74,748			_	4 500 000	902,613	2,758,242
Intergovernmental Charges for services	2,315,721 2,776,585	16,714,581 278,602	680	164,961	800,000	4,091,174	_	1,536,698	53,748,620 1,858,169	79,372,435 15,152,994
Fines and forfeits	253,971	276,002	50,000	7,549,003	587,560 30,575	2,053,075	_	_	2,794,857	3,079,403
Other	2,994,881	907,716	3,524,226	3,963,272	858,324	7,922,860	4 027 053		8,618,982	33,754,272
•							4,927,953	36,058		
Total revenues	126,940,127	27,942,266	60,917,780	32,517,290	54,290,378	35,372,218	4,927,953	1,572,756	83,358,472	427,839,240
Expenditures: Current:										
General government	27,089,018	_	_	_	_	_	5,581,682	_	33,438,012	66,108,712
Public safety	74,350,963	_	_	_	53,144,585	_	_	_	22,478,048	149,973,596
Highways and streets	11,525,522	30,745,484	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,839,162	47,110,168
Health and welfare	4,155,037	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	143,097	4,298,134
Economic opportunity	822,829	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	844,747	1,667,576
Economic development	5,555,674	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,561,341	12,117,015
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	32,961,835	_	_	_	_	971,827	33,933,662
Urban redevelopment and housing	_	_	_	_	_	12,528,055	_	_	5,285,016	17,813,071
Debt service:										
Principal	260,520	_	1,905,000	875,000	_	126,000	_	364,509	6,767,012	10,298,041
Interest and other charges	5,180	_	649,282	380,029	_	86,456	_	2,107,971	4,694,058	7,922,976
Bond issuance costs	_	_	_	_	_	183,610	_	_	_	183,610
Capital outlay	_	_	31,875,064	_	_	_	_	4,509,162	20,607,263	56,991,489
Total expenditures	123,764,743	30,745,484	34,429,346	34,216,864	53,144,585	12,924,121	5,581,682	6,981,642	106,629,583	408,418,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,175,384	(2,803,218)	26,488,434	(1,699,574)	1,145,793	22,448,097	(653,729)	(5,408,886)	(23,271,111)	19,421,190
Other financing sources (uses):						_ !				
Transfers in	12,607,064	6,066,040	5,579,717	3,508,429	76,996	8,745,075	_	5,409,872	17,112,282	59,105,475
Transfers out	(4,823,782)	(1,000,000)	(16,132,067)	(3,392,250)	_	(15,585,087)	(15,680)	_	(4,642,937)	(45,591,803)
Bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_	3,527,000	_	_	_	3,527,000
Notes and loans Issued						_			12,200,000	12,200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,783,282	5,066,040	(10,552,350)	116,179	76,996	(3,313,012)	(15,680)	5,409,872	24,669,345	29,240,672
Net change in fund balances	10,958,666	2,262,822	15,936,084	(1,583,395)	1,222,789	19,135,085	(669,409)	986	1,398,234	48,661,862
Fund balances - beginning	53,428,538	14,844,160	38,543,719	25,868,615	15,263,461	67,852,750	40,043,788	58,922	84,278,793	340,182,746
	33,420,330	14,044,100	30,343,719	23,000,013	13,203,401	07,002,700	+0,0+0,700		04,270,700	040,102,740

CITY OF FORT WAYNE, INDIANA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF **ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net change in	fund balances	 total governmental fund 	s

\$ 48,661,862

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is capitalized. The cost of the depreciable assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is capitalized. (The internal service fund capital assets are not included in this section, but rather the net revenue (expense) of the internal revenue service funds as a separate line item.) (Note 3)		
Capital outlays	74,549,026	
Disposal of assets and transfers from construction in progress	(22,797,490)	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(19,116,779)	32,634,757
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases the long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Repayment of principal for long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceed issuance proceeds.		6,167,496
Governmental funds report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		753,719
Some expenses were deferred as assets in the statement of net position and therefore were not reported in the statement of activities, but were reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(556,842)
Net pension liability, including the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan, the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan, the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan, and PERF, is considered a long-term liability of the general government, but is not a current expenditure.		(26,373,870)
Amortization of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions do not affect current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		15,378,260
Net decrease in the other postemployment benefits liability that is not reported in the fund statements.		(5,507,314)
Amortization of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB do not affect current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,474,428)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		(5,367,094)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(1,798,876)
Internal service funds are used by the City to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other City departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	(1,795,850)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	60,721,820

December 31, 2023									
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Other Non-								
				Other Non- major		Governmental Activities -			
	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	Enterprise	T-4-1-	Internal			
Acceta	Utility	Utility	Utility	Funds	Totals	Service Funds			
Assets Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25.406.683	\$ 31,706,970	\$ 20,864,161	\$ 7,312,109	\$ 85,289,923	\$ 15,793,130			
Receivables:	\$ 23,400,003	\$ 31,700,970	\$ 20,004,101	φ 7,312,109	φ 05,209,925	φ 15,795,150			
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for									
uncollectibles)	6,860,826	12,190,345	1,650,194	979,673	21,681,038	_			
Interest receivable	359,964	768,821	202,578	32,741	1,364,104	_			
Installments	2,483	_	_	_	2,483	_			
Assessments	_	4,379	_	_	4,379	_			
Due from other funds	221,882	383,542	56,971	1,288,212	1,950,607	1,160,255			
Inventories	1,449,024	898,810	_	_	2,347,834	590,404			
Prepaid items	354,387	524,063	26,373	864	905,687	14,903			
Total current assets	34,655,249	46,476,930	22,800,277	9,613,599	113,546,055	17,558,692			
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	35,154,123	132,432,908	519,810	_	168,106,841	_			
Restricted investments	14,500,000	48,679,101	3,000,000	_	66,179,101	_			
Installment receivable	184,579	2,335	_	_	186,914	_			
Assessments receivable	_	475,944	_	_	475,944	_			
Lease receivable	1,105,904	_	_	5,213,057	6,318,961	_			
Regulatory assets	1,598,178	1,978,344	183,292	_	3,759,814	_			
Capital assets:									
Land, improvements to land, and construction in progress	68,506,592	436,583,780	19,524,872	1,081,757	525,697,001	855,277			
Other capital assets (net of accumulated	00,000,002	400,000,700	15,524,572	1,001,707	020,001,001	000,277			
depreciation)	297,103,505	545,058,460	157,731,019	10,630,326	1,010,523,310	3,076,834			
Total noncurrent assets	418,152,881	1,165,210,872	180,958,993	16,925,140	1,781,247,886	3,932,111			
Total assets	452,808,130	1,211,687,802	203,759,270	26,538,739	1,894,793,941	21,490,803			
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 17)	2,796,775	4,666,769	1,020,315		8,483,859				
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	935,354	956,961	85,973	118,183	2,096,471	1,620,982			
Wages and withholdings payable	667,193	843,595	160,671	42,610	1,714,069	151,968			
Contracts payable	5,191,051	18,211,507	903,640	999,876	25,306,074	243,421			
Retainage payable	571,881	783,702	169,302	_	1,524,885	_			
Due to other funds	2,955,034	4,466,724	803,894	5,208	8,230,860	10,418			
Compensated absences payable	717,760	1,080,892	160,556	38,459	1,997,667	176,163			
Accrued group insurance benefits payable		_	_	_		3,603,044			
Customer deposits payable	1,678,114	_	_	_	1,678,114	_			
Unearned revenue	4,252			_	4,252				
Loans payable	5,370,136	21,667,245	359,474	85,860	27,482,715	_			
Bonds payable	6,640,000	17,510,000	1,640,000	_	25,790,000	_			
Other postemployment benefits liability	379,633	621,919	100,751	47.005	1,102,303	_			
Accrued interest payable	403,390	7,352,209	204,957	17,085	7,977,641	000 440			
Other current liabilities	294,835 25,808,633	361,475	4,966 4,594,184	1,514,281	661,276	863,110			
Total current liabilities	25,606,633	73,856,229	4,594,164	1,514,261	105,773,327	6,669,106			
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable	105,442	198,842	16,602	544	321,430				
Loans payable	79,874,590	514,920,938	898,598	823,720	596,517,846	_			
Bonds payable, net	79,308,619	127,663,758	16,163,970	023,720	223,136,347	_			
Net pension liability	4,435,208	6,418,125	2,407,081		13,260,414				
Other postemployment benefits liability	4,396,242	6,414,047	2,673,070	_	13,483,359	_			
Total noncurrent liabilities	168,120,101	655,615,710	22,159,321	824,264	846,719,396				
Total liabilities	193,928,734	729,471,939	26,753,505	2,338,545	952,492,723	6,669,106			
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)	2,612,025	2,343,998	758,235	5,086,657	10,800,915				
Net position	2,012,020	2,0 10,000	100,200	0,000,007	.0,000,010				
Net investment in capital assets	216,980,721	386,085,926	157,681,017	11,711,956	772,459,620	3,932,111			
Restricted for:	2.0,000,121	555,555,520	, ,	, , , , , , , , , ,	, 100,020	5,502,111			
Debt service	15,839,454	66,953,628	2,874,218	70,978	85,738,278	_			
Capital projects	3,861,686	2,273,730	_,5. 1,2 10	. 5,5.6	6,135,416	_			
Unrestricted	22,382,285	29,225,350	16,712,610	7,330,603	75,650,848	10,889,586			
Total net position	\$259,064,146	\$ 484,538,634	\$ 177,267,845	\$ 19,113,537	\$ 939,984,162	\$ 14,821,697			
Total not position	Ψ200,004,140	Ψ 101,000,004	Ψ 177,207,0 1 3	ψ 10,110,00 <i>1</i>	₩ 000,00 1 ,102	Ψ 17,021,001			

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023						
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	pe Activities - Ente Stormwater Utility	Other Non- major Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for goods and services	\$ 64,549,152	\$ 106,800,707	\$ 14,827,540	\$ 17,050,574	\$ 203,227,973	\$ 7,974,774
City contributions	_	_	_	_	_	37,554,167
Employee contributions						2,237,863
Total operating revenues	64,549,152	106,800,707	14,827,540	17,050,574	203,227,973	47,766,804
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	9,816,605	10,036,577	2,239,934	1,153,256	23,246,372	3,683,573
Contractual services	1,852,372	4,035,439	479,581	9,922,616	16,290,008	2,681,298
Utilities	2,288,793	2,200,297	71,509	12,486	4,573,085	98,357
Chemicals	7,062,637	1,890,394	855	_	8,953,886	_
Administrative services	7,179,182	11,761,017	1,844,824	60,452	20,845,475	_
Other supplies and services	3,469,969	3,628,389	388,821	394,354	7,881,533	5,068,640
Insurance claims and premiums	_	_	_	6,675	6,675	39,529,355
Depreciation	10,680,132	18,358,949	3,586,299	469,944	33,095,324	129,058
Total operating expenses	42,349,690	51,911,062	8,611,823	12,019,783	114,892,358	51,190,281
Operating income (loss)	22,199,462	54,889,645	6,215,717	5,030,791	88,335,615	(3,423,477)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest and investment revenue	3,432,284	9,371,243	931,904	391,539	14,126,970	696,378
Miscellaneous revenue	_	_	_	233,871	233,871	931,249
Lease and installments interest income	50,496	18.899	_		69,395	_
Interest expense	(4,910,615)	(17,512,201)	(486,228)	(37,799)	(22,946,843)	_
Amortization of regulatory assets	(237,650)	(284,988)	(35,633)		(558,271)	_
Loss on disposal of assets	(263,078)	(443,393)	(4,395)	(144)	(711,010)	_
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(1,928,563)	(8,850,440)	405,648	587,467	(9,785,888)	1,627,627
Income before capital contributions and transfers	20,270,899	46,039,205	6,621,365	5,618,258	78,549,727	(1,795,850)
Capital contributions	7,844,302	10,478,132	4,553,944	_	22,876,378	_
Transfers in	76,837	282,731		29,432	389,000	_
Transfers out	(3,693,586)	(7,799,373)	(1,443,432)	(966,281)	(13,902,672)	
Change in net position	24,498,452	49,000,695	9,731,877	4,681,409	87,912,433	(1,795,850)
Total net position - beginning	234,565,694	435,537,939	167,535,968	14,432,128	852,071,729	16,617,547
Total net position - ending	\$ 259,064,146	\$ 484,538,634	\$ 177,267,845	\$ 19,113,537	\$ 939,984,162	\$ 14,821,697

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental				
		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Stormwater Utility		Other Non-major Enterprise Funds		Totals	Activities - Interna Service Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:						·				·		
Receipts from customers and others	\$	65,426,836	\$	107,166,973	\$	15,091,448	\$	17,036,617	\$	204,721,874	\$	47,880,959
Payments to suppliers		(21,631,884)		(23,373,492)		(2,697,666)		(10,341,699)		(58,044,741)		(45,925,561)
Payments to employees		(9,847,640)		(9,580,025)		(2,198,819)		(1,146,624)		(22,773,108)		(3,616,094)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		33,947,312		74,213,456		10,194,963		5,548,294		123,904,025		(1,660,696)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:												
Transfer from other funds		_		_		_		29,432		29,432		_
Transfer to other funds		(3,642,744)		(7,718,248)		(1,216,072)		(966,040)		(13,543,104)		_
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(3,642,744)		(7,718,248)		(1,216,072)		(936,608)		(13,513,672)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(24,586,092)		(91,623,493)		(8,557,118)		(1,556,416)		(126,323,119)		(170,996)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		241,188		103,799		578		182		345,747		_
Proceeds from capital debt		1,808,513		36,016,000		_		_		37,824,513		_
Principal paid		(11,449,799)		(38,200,581)		(1,980,740)		(90,419)		(51,721,539)		_
Interest paid		(5,003,648)		(17,992,664)		(533,847)		(30,760)		(23,560,919)		_
Acquisition of regulatory assets		(222,521)		(118,492)		_		_		(341,013)		_
Contribution in aid of construction		2,310		103,743		767,500		_		873,553		_
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(39,210,049)		(111,711,688)		(10,303,627)		(1,677,413)		(162,902,777)		(170,996)
Cash flows from investing activities:		_		_		_		_				_
Purchase of investments		(29,949,768)		(33,737,900)		(3,000,000)		_		(66,687,668)		_
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		28,948,554		58,559,575		3,080,050		_		90,588,179		_
Investment income received		3,380,294		9,425,436		910,296		599,107		14,315,133		1,627,627
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,379,080		34,247,111		990,346		599,107		38,215,644		1,627,627
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(6,526,401)		(10,969,369)		(334,390)		3,533,380		(14,296,780)		(204,065)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		67,087,207		175,109,247		21,718,361		3,571,729		267,486,544		15,997,195
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	60,560,806	\$	164,139,878	\$	21,383,971	\$	7,105,109	\$	253,189,764	\$	15,793,130
												(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								. Governmental			
	Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Stormwater Utility		Other Non-major Enterprise Funds		Totals		Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	22,199,462	\$	54,889,645	\$	6,215,717	\$	5,030,791	\$	88,335,615	\$	(3,423,477)
Adjustments:												
Depreciation expense		10,680,132		18,358,949		3,586,299		469,944		33,095,324		129,058
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		865		(14,705)		203		_		(13,637)		_
(Increase) decrease in assets:												
Accounts receivable		872,567		380,971		263,705		112,443		1,629,686		114,155
Unearned revenue		4,252		_		_		_		4,252		_
Other assets		110,294		(494,168)		25,483		738		(357,653)		(123,967)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:												
Accounts payable		110,775		636,212		62,441		(925,947)		(116,519)		281,366
Other liabilities		60,023		539,833		48,748		986,725		1,635,329		1,362,169
Net pension liability		134,078		219,649		35,583		_		389,310		_
Other postemployment benefits liability		29,605		48,500		7,857		_		85,962		_
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows and inflows of resources:												
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		(144,748)		(229,053)		(31,248)		_		(405,049)		_
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		198,273		324,813		52,619		_		575,705		_
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		(37,450)		(61,351)		(9,938)		_		(108,739)		_
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(235,524)		(385,839)		(62,506)		_		(683,869)		
Deferred inflows of resources - lease receivable		(35,292)		_		_		(126,400)		(161,692)		_
Total adjustments		11,747,850		19,323,811		3,979,246		517,503		35,568,410		1,762,781
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	33,947,312	\$	74,213,456	\$	10,194,963	\$	5,548,294	\$	123,904,025	\$	(1,660,696)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:												
Capital assets included in accounts payable	\$	5,307,510	\$	18,402,731	\$	953,467	\$	127	\$	24,663,835	\$	_
Contributions of capital assets		7,841,992		5,374,389		3,786,444		_		17,002,825		_
Interfund capital asset transfers		25,995		201,606		(227,360)		_		241		_
Amortization of bond premium and discount		120,531		445,152		32,408		_		598,091		_
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources - debt refunding loss		_		75,381		_		_		75,381		_

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

	 Pension Trust Funds
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,643,893
Receivables:	
Taxes	30,910
Total assets	\$ 2,674,803
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	\$ 285,871
Net position restricted for pension	\$ 2,388,932

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 748,040
Non-employer entity	14,526,642
Other	271,286
Investment income:	
Interest	 84,732
Total additions	15,630,700
<u>Deductions</u>	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	14,989,879
Administrative expenses	59,225
Total deductions	15,049,104
Net decrease in net position	581,596
Net position restricted for pension	
Net position - beginning	1,807,336
Net position - ending	\$ 2,388,932

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS December 31, 2023

	SEED	CIB	PTC	DID	CDC	Totals
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,904,719	\$ 9,964,801	\$ 2,843,777	\$ 443,363	\$ 6,339,783	\$ 21,496,443
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Accounts	8,446	644,037	_	71,165	_	723,648
Intergovernmental	_	2,848,563	1,826,377	_	_	4,674,940
Loans	_	_	_	_	4,949,008	4,949,008
Miscellaneous	_	240,255	39,102	_	48,889	328,246
Inventories	_	_	629,610	_	_	629,610
Prepaid items	15,492	12,355	139,589	7,230	_	174,666
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	_	25,680,716	1,231,337	_	_	26,912,053
Accounts receivable	_	8,797,670	2,167	_	_	8,799,837
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	28,000	1,232,146	227,108	_	_	1,487,254
Other capital assets, net of depreciation/ amortization	204,953	30,070,628	14,792,558	20,041		45,088,180
Total assets	2,161,610	79,491,171	21,731,625	541,799	11,337,680	115,263,885
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 17)		367,843	8,702,730			9,070,573 (Continued)

(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
December 31, 2023
(Continued)

	SEED	CIB	PTC	DID	CDC	Totals
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable	176,373	4,514,505	315,047	15,417	32,967	5,054,309
Customer deposits	_	200,391	_	_	_	200,391
Other postemployment benefits liability - current	_	_	106,631	_	_	106,631
Other current liabilities	8,508	_	1,229,597	26,835	35,457	1,300,397
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Notes and loans payable	_	1,625,000	_	_	_	1,625,000
Revenue bonds payable	_	30,000	_	_		30,000
Due in more than one year:						
Notes and loans payable	_	6,200,000	_	_	_	6,200,000
Revenue bonds payable (net)	_	7,910,135	_	_	_	7,910,135
Other postemployment benefits liability	_	_	5,354,323	_	_	5,354,323
Net pension liability (Note 24)	_	859,040	16,228,160	_	_	17,087,200
Other noncurrent liabilities			542,783			542,783
Total liabilities	184,881	21,339,071	23,776,541	42,252	68,424	45,411,169
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)		4,518	4,806,265			4,810,783
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	232,953	23,477,774	14,591,264	_	_	38,301,991
Restricted for:						
Debt service	_	2,848,563	_	_	_	2,848,563
Food and beverage tax reserve	_	22,541,373	_	_	_	22,541,373
Loan programs	_	_	_	_	8,822,092	8,822,092
Unrestricted	1,743,776	9,647,715	(12,739,715)	499,547	2,447,164	1,598,487
Total net position	\$ 1,976,729	\$ 58,515,425	\$ 1,851,549	\$ 499,547	\$ 11,269,256	\$ 74,112,506

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenu	ies	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Functions/ Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	SEED	CIB	PTC	DID	CDC	Totals		
Component u	nits:											
SEED	\$ 780,087	\$ 748,144	\$ 146,350	\$ —	\$ 114,407	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 114,407		
CIB	17,472,361	2,310,248	776,566	_	_	(14,385,547)	_	_	_	(14,385,547)		
PTC	21,415,962	1,258,116	7,949,981	1,921,959	_	_	(10,285,906)	_	_	(10,285,906)		
DID	1,248,228	_	1,249,444	_	_	_	_	1,216	_	1,216		
CDC	568,794	563,307	(3,842)						(9,329)	(9,329)		
Total	\$ 41,485,432	\$ 4,879,815	\$ 10,118,499	\$ 1,921,959	114,407	(14,385,547)	(10,285,906)	1,216	(9,329)	(24,565,159)		
	General revenu	ies:										
	Local assess	ments and taxes	s		_	8,797,670	8,776,868	_	_	17,574,538		
	Indiana room	tax income			_	5,307,346	_	_	_	5,307,346		
	Unrestricted	investment earn	ings		23,568	1,434,253	24,170	9,342	119,708	1,611,041		
	Other				19,832	1,404,305	416,039		2,725	1,842,901		
	Total general re	evenues			43,400	16,943,574	9,217,077	9,342	122,433	26,335,826		
	Change in net	position			157,807	2,558,027	(1,068,829)	10,558	113,104	1,770,667		
	Net position - b	eginning of year	r		1,818,922	55,957,398	2,920,378	488,989	11,156,152	72,341,839		
	Net position - e	end of year			\$1,976,729	\$58,515,425	\$ 1,851,549	\$ 499,547	\$11,269,256	\$ 74,112,506		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE, INDIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Fort Wayne (primary government) was established under the laws of the State of Indiana. The primary government is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and nine-member council and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health, welfare and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, water, wastewater, storm water, yard waste, and urban redevelopment and housing. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the primary government and its significant component units. The financial statements of the City of Fort Wayne (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

The component units discussed below are included in the primary government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are so integrated with the City that they are in substance part of the government's operations and/or the component unit's total debt outstanding, if any, including leases, is expected to be repaid almost entirely with the resources of the primary government; data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are involved in activities of an operational nature independent from the government; their transactions are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Blended Component Units

The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The City created it in 1997 for the sole purpose of financing two fire stations, an animal care building and improvements to the City's Board of Works complex. In 2000, the City entered into a second agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing a fire station along with purchasing equipment to finish the new station. In 2002, the City entered into a third agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing a street and highway transportation building. In 2005, the City entered into a fourth agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing two fire stations (numbers 18 and 19) to serve the 2006 annexed areas. In 2006, the City entered into a fifth agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing the Public Safety Academy. In 2009, the City entered into a sixth agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of the Renaissance Square Building to be used as a City Hall. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the Municipal Building Corporation's board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the Municipal Building Corporation. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because it provides services entirely or almost

entirely to the primary government. The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation is reported as the Building Project fund (non-major capital projects fund).

The Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP) is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The City of Fort Wayne and Allen County jointly created the CCP on February 19, 2010 to provide centralized communication service to the City of Fort Wayne and Allen County. A joint Operation Board was established pursuant to Indiana Code 36-1-7-3 (5) (b) to oversee and administer the CCP. The Operation Board is comprised of the Chief of Police for the City of Fort Wayne, Chief of Fire for the City of Fort Wayne, the Allen County Sheriff and a County Commissioner. The City Controller has the duty and responsibility to receive, disburse and account for all monies of the CCP, in accordance with procedures adopted by the City for the receipts and payments of vouchers or claims. The primary government and Allen County equally appoint the CCP board. The component unit's total debt outstanding, if any, including leases, is expected to be repaid almost entirely with the resources of the primary government. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the CCP is reported as if it is a part of the primary government and is reported as the Consolidated Communications Partnership fund (non-major special revenue fund).

The Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority (RA) is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority is governed by a three-member board. The members of the board are appointed by the Mayor and must be residents of the City. The Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority was established by the Fort Wayne Redevelopment Commission (a department of the City) in September 2000 and created by the City of Fort Wayne Common Council in February 2002. The Authority was organized under Indiana Code 36-7-14.5 as a separate body corporate and politic and as an instrumentality of the City, for the purpose of financing economic development improvements to be leased to the Commission. The RA's budget is subject to approval by the Commission. A financial burden/benefit relationship exists between the primary government and the RA. The RA is reported as if it is a part of the primary government and is reported as the Redevelopment Authority fund (non-major debt service fund).

The Summit Development Corporation (Summit), formerly the Kekionga Development Corporation of Fort Wayne is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The primary government appoints all the members of the board. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and Summit. Summit is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Summit was created by the City to finance and/or provide economic development services. Summit is reported as if it is a part of the primary government and is reported as the Summit Dev Corporation fund (Major fund).

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the City's other component units.

Summit City Entrepreneur and Enterprise District (SEED), formerly Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA), is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. SEED is governed by an eleven-member board of which five are appointed by the Mayor, four are appointed by the City Council, and two are appointed by the Governor. The primary government appoints a voting majority of SEED's board. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary

government and SEED. SEED is fiscally dependent on the primary government. SEED initiates, coordinates, and promotes community development activities. SEED acts as a liaison between residents, businesses, local governments, and the State for any and all development activity that may affect the enterprise zone.

The Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB), formerly the Fort Wayne - Allen County Convention and Tourism Authority, is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) is governed by a seven-member board. The County appoints three members, three are appointed by the City, and the appointed members elect the seventh. CIB's budget is subject to approval by the City and County Councils. Any resolutions for the sale of revenue bonds are subject to review by the Mayor. Any sales of general obligation bonds are subject to approval by the City Council. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the CIB. CIB operates the Grand Wayne Center (convention center) and promotes tourism.

The Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation does business as Citilink and operates a public transit system in a service area that includes the cities of Fort Wayne, New Haven and certain unincorporated areas of Allen County. The PTC is governed by a seven member board of which three are appointed by the Mayor and four are appointed by the City of Fort Wayne - Allen County Council (Council). The Citilink board adopts the budget and tax levy, and approves the issuance of debt. In addition, the Council may review and modify the budget and tax levy, although its approval is not required for the issuance of debt. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the PTC.

The *Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District* (DID) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The DID is governed by a thirteen member Board of Directors. One Director is appointed by the Common Council of the City of Fort Wayne. The Mayor of the City of Fort Wayne and the Commissioners of Allen County, each nominate one director, both of which are subject to approval of the Common Council. The remaining ten Directors are elected and must either be property owners within the District or must have demonstrated a commitment to downtown improvement and revitalization within the District. The DID is an Economic Improvement District established under State of Indiana statute that allows owners of non-residential real property to assess themselves to provide services to improve the business climate of the district. The DID's budget is subject to approval by the City Council. A financial burden/benefit relationship exists between the primary government and the DID.

The Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne (CDC) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The CDC is a City of Fort Wayne sponsored 501(c)(6) not for profit business development organization. The primary objective of CDC is to promote the growth and development of small commercial industrial for profit businesses in Indiana through creative loan programs. The CDC is also doing business under the name Community Development Corporation of Northeast Indiana. The CDC is governed by an eighteen member Board of Directors. The Mayor of the City of Fort Wayne and the Commissioners of Allen County each nominate one director. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the CDC. The CDC is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

Financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from the City Controller, City of Fort Wayne or their respective offices as follows:

City Controller, City of Fort Wayne Room 470 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers c/o Grand Wayne Center 120 West Jefferson Boulevard Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District 904 S. Calhoun Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Redevelopment Commission Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Consolidated Communications Partnership Room 600 Rousseau Centre 1 East Main Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802 SEED Fort Wayne 1830 Wayne Trace Fort Wayne, IN 46803

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation 801 Leesburg Road Fort Wayne, IN 46808

Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation Room 470 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Summit Development Corporation Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Related Organizations

The primary government's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the primary government's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. These organizations are called related organizations. The Fort Wayne Housing Authority, Headwaters Park Alliance Inc., and the Hospital Authority of Fort Wayne are related organizations of the City of Fort Wayne.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational

or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items, not properly included among program revenues, are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the primary government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the primary government the right-to-use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the primary government.

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported changes in amounts of revenues, expenses, and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General and Rainy Day funds are included in the primary operating fund. They account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Highways and Streets fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and expenses for construction, operation, and maintenance of local and arterial roads and street system. The Motor Vehicle Highway, Motor Vehicle Highway Restricted, Local Roads and Streets, Municipal Wheel Tax, and Municipal Surtax funds have been combined to form the Highways and Streets fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Wheel Tax/ Surtax, Fuel Tax and reimbursements from other sources for services such as leaf collection.

The LIT-ED fund (capital projects) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects related to the Local Income Tax - Economic Development (LIT-ED). The Local Income Tax - Economic Development (LIT-ED), Economic Development Incentive, Economic Development Infrastructure, Community Development-Marketing, Community Development-Strategic Objective, and LIT-ED Nonreverting funds have been combined to form the LIT-ED fund.

The Parks fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and expenses for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the City's park system. The Park and Recreation General, Park Cumulative Building, Park Trust, Park Nonreverting Capital, the Park Nonreverting Operating, and the Park Bond funds have been combined to form the Parks fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Property Tax, Auto Excise Tax, Commercial Vehicle Excise Tax, Local Income Tax - Certified Shares, issuance of long-term debt as well as fees from services and/or programs.

The Fire fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and operations of the Fire District. The Fire General, Fire Education, and Ancillary Services funds have been combined to form the Fire Fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Property Tax, Auto Excise Tax, Commercial Vehicle Excise Tax as well as any other miscellaneous revenues for services.

The Redevelopment fund (capital projects) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects related to redevelopment. The Redevelopment General, Skyline Parking Garage, Redevelopment Surface Parking Lots, 1992 Tax Incremental Financing - Getz Road, Civic Center Urban Renewal 1998, Tax Incremental Financing - Fort Wayne International Airport, Grand Wayne Property and Miscellaneous Expenses, Grand Wayne Obligation Lease, Grand Wayne Bond Principal & Interest, Redevelopment Bond, Harrison Square Tax Exempt Lease, Broadway Taylor Tax Incremental Financing Project, E Main Street Renewal Tax Incremental Financing Project, Hatfield Road Tax Incremental Financing Project, Coventry Lane Tax Incremental Financing Project, Lima Wells Fernhill Tax Incremental Financing Project, West Highway 30 Tax Incremental Financing Project, E Illinois Tax Incremental Financing Project, Lima Ley Tax Incremental Financing Project, Summit Park Tax Incremental Financing Project, Jefferson Point Tax Incremental Financing Project, Chapel Ridge Tax Incremental Financing Project, Brownfield Redevelopment, Renaissance Pointe Tax Incremental Financing Project, Southtown Mall Project, Adams Township Tax Incremental Financing Project, Civic Center Urban Renewal Parking Garage Project, 2005 Southtown Tax-Exempt Bond, Centennial Industrial Park Tax Incremental Financing Project, Ridgewoood Tax Incremental Financing Project, Quimby Village Tax Incremental Financing District, Riverfront 1 Columbia Street Tax

Incremental Financing District, Posterity Heights Tax Incremental Financing Project, Harrison Square Stadium Maintenance, Harrison Square Parking Garage, Electric Works Tax Incremental Financing Project, Redevelopment District Capital, Riverfront Development funds, Keystone Economic Development Area, West End Tax Incremental Financing Project, and Riverfront Phase II Bond funds have been combined to form the Redevelopment fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Property Tax, including Tax Incremental Financing, sales of assets held for economic development, and issuance of long-term debt as well as funding and economic development agreement provisions.

The Community Legacy Fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects that are in the public's interest and related to transformational investment in the community. The major revenue sources for this fund are the installment payments from the sale of the Electric Utility (see Note 14) and investment earnings.

The Summit Development Corporation Fund (SDC) (capital projects) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects related to the activities of the SDC. The major revenue sources for this fund include pledges of revenue from the CIB (see Note 20), the issuance of long term debt and funds granted to the City.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Utility fund accounts for the operation of the government's water distribution system.

The Wastewater Utility fund accounts for the operation of the government's wastewater treatment plant, pumping stations, and collection systems.

The Stormwater Utility fund accounts for the operation of the government's management of stormwater runoff.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The internal service funds (proprietary) account for health insurance, general and auto liability insurance, and worker's compensation insurance in a combined self-insurance fund and for garage services provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The pension trust funds (fiduciary) account for the activities of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension and 1937 Firefighters' Pension and Sanitary Officers' Pension funds which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in-lieu-of taxes and other charges between the government's water, wastewater, storm water function, and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the primary government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statute (Indiana Code 5-13-9) authorizes the government to invest in securities, including but not limited to, federal government securities, repurchase agreements, and certain money market mutual funds. Certain other statutory restrictions apply to all investments made by local governmental units.

Nonparticipating certificates of deposit, demand deposits, and similar nonparticipating negotiable instruments that are not reported as cash and cash equivalents are reported as investments at cost.

Debt securities are reported at fair value. Debt securities are defined as securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States or any United States government agency.

Open-end mutual funds are reported at fair value.

Money market investments that mature within one year or less at the date of their acquisition are reported at amortized cost. Other money market investments are reported at fair value.

Investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the operating statement.

2. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year to cover deficit cash balances are referred to as "Interfund receivables/payables - pooled cash." Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year to cover loans made to other funds, with the expectation of repayment, are referred to as "Interfund receivables." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "Due from/to other funds." Any residual

balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "Internal balances."

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied are collected by the Treasurer of Allen County and are remitted to the City Controller in June and in December. State statutes (Indiana Code 6-1.1-17-16) require the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance to establish property tax rates and levies by January 15. These rates were based upon the preceding year's March 1 (lien date) assessed valuations adjusted for various tax credits. Taxable property is assessed at 100% of the true tax value (determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance). Taxes may be paid in two equal installments that become delinquent if not paid by May 10 and November 10. All property taxes collected by the County Treasurer and available for distribution were distributed to the primary government prior to December 31 of the year collected. Delinquent property taxes outstanding at year-end for governmental funds, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, are recorded as a receivable.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method except for the Water Utility, which uses the average cost method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets/Net Position

In the accompanying financial statements, the components of net position are categorized as follows:

- 1) Net investment in capital and lease assets This category is comprised of capital and lease assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, leases or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of those assets.
- 2) Restricted This category consists of resources that have external restrictions imposed by outside parties (e.g., creditors, grantors, contributors) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3) *Unrestricted* This category represents resources of the primary government that are not subject to externally imposed restrictions and that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to the public and creditors.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the primary government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

6. Capital and Lease Assets

Capital and lease assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmentwide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the primary government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. As the primary government constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use assets, the measurement of which is discussed in note 1.D.15. below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Donated assets, donated works of art, historical treasures and similar assets, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Infrastructure is reported using the modified approach. Accordingly, depreciation is not reported for this subsystem and all expenditures, except for additions and improvements made for the subsystem, are expensed. Management of the primary government has determined the condition level at which infrastructure assets are to be maintained. The primary government makes annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain these assets at their predetermined condition levels. Condition assessments to verify that these condition levels are being maintained have been performed on a periodic basis. All retroactive infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB 34 have been included.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital and lease assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Governmental Activities:			
Land	All Capitalized	N/A	N/A
Infrastructure	\$ 5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings	5,000	Straight-line	40
Improvements other than buildings	5,000	Straight-line	20-25
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5-25
Right-to-use leased assets - buildings	5,000	Straight-line	5-40
Right-to-use leased assets - improvements	5,000	Straight-line	5-25
Business-type Activities:			
Solid Waste Management and Parkin	g Garages		
Land	All Capitalized	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20-40
Equipment and other	5,000	Straight-line	5-25
Utilities and Yard Waste Facility			
Land	All Capitalized	N/A	N/A
Distribution and collection	5,000	Straight-line	67
Buildings and improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20-44
Equipment and other	5,000	Straight-line	6-67

7. Assets Held for Economic Development

Assets held for economic development are valued at lower of cost or market. These assets are held by the City with the intent to sell or donate them in the future for economic development purposes.

8. Compensated Absences

City employees are entitled to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits depending on their length of employment or whether or not they belong to a union. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Vacation pay is accrued for employees of governmental funds in the government-wide statements. The major governmental and proprietary funds are primarily used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

Police Officers and Firefighters

Vacation Leave:

Vacation leave policies for police officers and firefighters are set forth in the appropriate union agreements with the City. Vacation leave for police officers ranges from seven days per year after six months of service to thirty-four days per year after twenty years of service. The range of vacation leave for firefighters is as follows: Forty hour personnel - twelve days after one year of service to thirty-two days after twenty years of service; Combat personnel - six days after one year of service to sixteen days after twenty years of service.

Sick Leave:

Police officers do not have an earned sick leave plan but receive pay while they are sick based on regulations set by their department. Firefighters injured or sick shall have leave paid by the City for a period of not more than one year. Firefighters who have physical restrictions that allow them to work in an alternate duty status but prevent them from working in the Operations Division are utilized on their normal work schedule to assist the administration.

Employees Other Than Police Officers and Firefighters

Generally, the employees of the City of Fort Wayne receive the following:

Vacation Leave:

Length of Service	Vacation Leave
6 Months to 5 Years	2 Weeks
6 Years to 14 Years	3 Weeks
15 Years to 19 Years	4 Weeks
Over 19 Years (hired before 1/1/96)	5 Weeks
Over 19 Years (hired after 1/1/96)	4 Weeks

For union and non-union employees, unused vacation shall automatically be carried over into the next year; however, amounts of more than two year's carryover shall be lost if not used by December 31st.

Sick Leave:

All full-time City employees will receive 40 hours of sick time per calendar year to be used or forfeited by the end of the same calendar year. Regular part-time employees will receive 20 hours of sick time per calendar year. Sick time will be pro-rated for all employees hired May 1st or after of each year.

Prior to January 1, 2014, employees were allowed to accrue unused sick time. All employees with a balance of sick time as of December 31, 2013 had this balance placed into a separate, frozen sick time account. These employees will receive compensation for this unused sick leave upon separation from employment at \$1.00 for each hour up to 520 hours.

Employees with a frozen sick time account will be eligible to receive either 50% of the employee's hourly rate as of December 31, 2013 for each accumulated hour over 520, or an employee with 20 years of City service and who retires, may receive credit at the rate of 100% of the employee's hourly rate at December 31, 2013 for each sick hour over 520 to be used for the purchase of group health insurance. The maximum payment per employee cannot exceed \$25,000.

9. Unbilled Revenue

The enterprise and the internal service funds accrue revenue for sales and services performed, but not yet billed, as of the financial statement date.

10. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue is available, but not earned at year-end (applies to government-wide and fund statements).

11. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

12. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

13. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as regulatory assets and amortized over the term of the related debt in the business-type activities of the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund statements per the exception for regulatory utilities in GASB Statement No. 65. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

14. Leases

Lessee: The primary government is a lessee for 7 noncancellable leases of buildings and parking spaces. The primary government recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements for each lease. The primary government recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the primary government initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the primary government determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The primary government uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the primary government generally uses it estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the primary government is reasonable certain to exercise.

The primary government monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The primary government is a lessor for 7 noncancellable leases of land, buildings and parking spaces. The primary government recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements for each lease.

At the commencement of a lease, the primary government initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements include how the primary government determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The primary government uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The primary government monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

15. Pensions

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense information about the fiduciary net position and additions to or deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported for all the plans by their respective trustees. The Indiana Public Retirement System is the trustee for Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund and 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund. The 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan, 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan and Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan are administered by separate local pension boards as authorized by state statute or as mandated by Allen County Circuit Court. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are

recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

16. Fund Balance

Fund balance in the governmental fund statements have been classified per GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. City's governmental fund balances are reported under classifications of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances. A brief description of each category is as follows:

Nonspendable - represents amounts that are either: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - represents amounts restricted to specific purposes because of constraints placed on their use that are either externally imposed such as by grantors or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by the government's highest level of decision making authority. The City of Fort Wayne's highest level of decision making authority is the City Council. Fund balance commitments are established, modified, or rescinded by City Council action through passage of an ordinance.

Assigned - represents amounts that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, but are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by legislation or by action of the Board of Public Works or the City Controller to which legislation has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned - represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Only the general fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance; whereas, other governmental funds may need to report a negative unassigned fund balance if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

For functionalized classification of fund balance, please refer to Note 19.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

A. Primary Government

1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Indiana Code 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds; and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision. The bank balances were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance

Corporation or the Indiana Public Deposit Insurance Fund, which covers all public funds held in approved depositories. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

2. Investments

Authorization for investment activity is stated in Indiana Code 5-13. As of December 31, 2023, the City had the following investments:

			Investme	nt Ma	aturity
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Le	ss Than 1 Year	G	reater Than 1 Year
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 96,237,900	\$	96,237,900	\$	_
U.S. Government Securities	14,941,201		14,941,201		_
Mutual Funds	32,052,225		32,052,225		_
State External Investment Pool - TrustlNdiana	1,012,318		1,012,318		
Total	\$ 144,243,644	\$	144,243,644	\$	

Investments are presented in the Statement of Net Position as follows at December 31, 2023:

	_	Investment Amou					
Investments, Unrestricted		\$	66,247,543				
Investments, Restricted			77,996,101				
Total		\$	144,243,644				

Investment Policies

Indiana Code 5-13-9 authorizes the City to invest in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully guaranteed by the United States of America and issued by the United States Treasury, a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. Indiana Code also authorizes the unit to invest in securities fully guaranteed and issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality or a federal government sponsored enterprise. These investments are required by statute to have a stated final maturity of not more than five years.

Indiana Code also provides for investment in money market mutual funds that are in the form of securities or interest in an open-end, no-load, management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the provision of the federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Investments in money market mutual funds may not exceed 50% of the funds held by the City and available for investment. The portfolio of an investment company or investment trust used must be limited to direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise; or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by direct obligations of the United States of America or obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The form of securities of, or interest in, an investment company or investment trust must be rated as AAA, or its equivalent by Standard and Poor's Corporation or its successor or Aaa, or its equivalent, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or its successor. The form of securities in an investment company or investment trust should have a stated final maturity of one day.

The City may enter into repurchase agreements with depositories designated by the State Board of Finance as depositories for state deposits involving the unit's purchase and guaranteed resale of any interest-bearing obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States of America, a United States of America government agency, an instrumentality of the United States of America, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The repurchase agreement is considered to have a stated final maturity of one day. This agreement must be fully collateralized by interest-bearing obligations as determined by their current fair value.

The Community Legacy Fund, which invests in a variety of securities and mutual funds, is not subject to the requirements of Indiana Statutes governing authorized investments.

TrustlNdiana, a local government investment pool, seeks to allow local units of government, as well as the State of Indiana, to invest in a common pool of investment assets that preserves the principal of the public's funds, remains highly liquid and maximizes the return on the investment. There are no unfunded commitments or restrictions on redemptions.

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk for investments that are 1) uninsured and uncollateralized, 2) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or 3) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City must follow state statue and limit the stated final maturities of the investments to no more than five years. The City does not have a formal investment policy for interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City does not have a formal investment policy in regards to credit risk for investments. The distribution of securities with credit ratings is summarized below.

Investment Type	Morningstar Rating	Inves	tment Fair Value
Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated	96,237,900	
Federal Agency Securities	Not Rated		14,941,201
	Average		10,866,918
	Above Average		15,311,585
	High		5,873,722
State External Investment Pool - TrustINdiana	Not Rated		1,012,318
Total		\$	144,243,644

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The City does not have a policy in regards to concentration of credit risk. United States of America government and United States of America governmental agency securities are exempt from this policy requirement.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City does not have a formal policy in regards to foreign currency risk. The City's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its investment at December 31, 2023 in foreign mutual funds with a fair value of \$6,958,155.

3. Disclosure About Fair Value of Financial Investments

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuations methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques need to maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Investment value is determined by reference to quoted market prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions.

The following table summarizes the valuation of investments by the fair value hierarchy levels as of December 31, 2023:

Investments by fair value level	 Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 96,237,900	\$ _	\$	96,237,900	\$ _
Federal Agency Securities	14,941,201	14,941,201		_	_
Mutual Funds	32,052,225	32,052,225			
Total investments measured at fair value	143,231,326	\$ 46,993,426	\$	96,237,900	\$
Investments measured at NAV (a)					
State External Investment Pool - TrustINdiana	 1,012,318				
Total	\$ 144,243,644				

(a) Certain investments that are measured using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the financial statements.

B. Discretely Presented Component Units

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Indiana Code 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds, and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision. At December 31, 2023, the City's discretely presented component units' deposits with financial institutions of \$48,408,496 were entirely insured by federal depository insurance or the Indiana Public Deposit Insurance Fund, with the exception of Urban Enterprise Association's deposits of \$987,047, Community Development Corporation's deposits of \$4,082,318, and Downtown Improvement District's deposits of \$228,934.

Note 3. Capital and Lease Assets

Capital and Lease asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Primary government:

Governmental activities:	Balance, 01/01/2023		Additions		Additions		Reductions		Balance, 12/31/2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 49,212,907	\$	4,667,756	\$	1,588,293	\$	52,292,370		
Roads accounted for using the modified approach	630,088,856		9,077,355		_		639,166,211		
Construction in progress	15,510,489		34,998,421		19,178,785		31,330,125		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	694,812,252		48,743,532		20,767,078		722,788,706		
Capital and lease assets, being depreciated or amortized:									
Buildings	212,578,071		8,639,119		1,722,226		219,494,964		
Improvements other than buildings	115,356,901		1,275,783		_		116,632,684		
Machinery and equipment	114,029,209		16,061,589		3,716,315		126,374,483		
Right-to-use leased assets									
Buildings	59,663,397		_		277,298		59,386,099		
Improvements	1,792,363		_				1,792,363		
Total right-to-use leased assets, being amortized	61,455,760		_	277,298			61,178,462		
Total capital and lease assets, being depreciated or amortized	503,419,941		25,976,491		5,715,839		523,680,593		
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:							_		
Buildings	71,326,694		4,218,105		42,073		75,502,726		
Improvements other than buildings	54,777,210		3,046,808		_		57,824,018		
Machinery and equipment	78,890,588		10,154,302		3,574,027		85,470,863		
Right-to-use leased assets									
Buildings	1,538,650		1,534,030		69,327		3,003,353		
Improvements	292,591		292,592		_		585,183		
Total accumulated amortization	1,831,241		1,826,622		69,327		3,588,536		
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	206,825,733		19,245,837		3,685,427		222,386,143		
Total capital and lease assets being depreciated or amortized, net	296,594,208		6,730,654		2,030,412	_	301,294,450		
Total governmental activities capital and lease assets, net	\$ 991,406,460	\$	55,474,186	\$	22,797,490	\$1	,024,083,156		

The above governmental activities capital and lease assets include internal service funds capital assets as follows:

Internal service funds:	Balance, 01/01/2023		Additions	 Reductions		Balance, 12/31/2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 855,277	\$		\$ 	\$	855,277
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	3,345,360		_	_		3,345,360
Machinery and equipment	735,762		170,997	79,113		827,646
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,081,122		170,997	79,113		4,173,006
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	416,444		78,991	_		495,435
Machinery and equipment	629,783		50,067	79,113		600,737
Total accumulated depreciation	1,046,227		129,058	79,113		1,096,172
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,034,895		41,939	_		3,076,834
Total internal service capital assets, net	\$ 3,890,172	\$	41,939	\$ _	\$	3,932,111
Business-type activities:	Balance, 01/01/2023		Additions	Reductions		Balance, 12/31/2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 18,237,416	\$	110,814	\$ 89,612	\$	18,258,618
Construction in progress	421,204,481		140,849,900	54,615,998		507,438,383
Total capital assets not being depreciated	439,441,897		140,960,714	54,705,610		525,697,001
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Distributions and collection	891,861,020		41,955,556	4,862,601		928,953,975
Buildings and improvements	337,173,512		7,064,611	247,152		343,990,971
Machinery and equipment	294,201,800		11,611,298	3,230,472		302,582,626
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,523,236,332		60,631,465	8,340,225	1	,575,527,572
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Distributions and collection	245,420,096		13,952,436	4,358,546		255,013,986
Buildings and improvements	132,731,512		7,633,474	80,799		140,284,187
Machinery and equipment	161,130,571		11,509,414	 2,933,899		169,706,086
Total accumulated depreciation	539,282,179	_	33,095,324	7,373,244		565,004,259
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	983,954,153		27,536,141	 966,981	1	,010,523,313
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$1,423,396,050	\$	168,496,855	\$ 55,672,591	\$1	,536,220,314

Discretely presented component units:	Balance, 01/01/2023 Ad		Additions		Reductions		Balance, 12/31/2023	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,226,345	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,226,345
Construction in progress		40,000		260,909		40,000		260,909
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,266,345		260,909		40,000		1,487,254
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		65,291,766		165,452		43,275		65,413,943
Machinery and equipment		30,353,351		3,470,698		2,006,914		31,817,135
Total capital assets being depreciated		95,645,117		3,636,150		2,050,189		97,231,078
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		28,681,748		1,629,647		28,950		30,282,445
Machinery and equipment		21,991,996		1,882,185		2,013,728		21,860,453
Total accumulated depreciation		50,673,744		3,511,832		2,042,678		52,142,898
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		44,971,373		124,318		7,511		45,088,180
Total discretely presented component units capital assets, net	\$	46,237,718	\$	385,227	\$	47,511	\$	46,575,434

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,057,618
Public safety	6,776,818
Highways and streets	3,476,363
Health and welfare	191,794
Economic development	2,888,198
Culture and recreation	3,422,478
Urban redevelopment and housing	1,303,510
Subtotal	19,116,779
Internal Service Funds*	129,058
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 19,245,837
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 10,680,132
Wastewater	18,358,949
Stormwater	3,586,299
Parking garages	358,840
Solid waste	110,086
Other	1,018
Total depreciation expense - business-type activ	vities \$ 33,095,324

^{*}Capital assets held by the primary government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.

Note 4. Long-term Liabilities

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported on the Statement of Net Position:

Primary government:

Governmental Activities:	Balance, 1/1/2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,340,000	<u> </u>	\$ 1,620,000	\$ 11,720,000	\$ 1,645,000
Special obligation bonds	133,120,000	3,527,000	6,836,000	129,811,000	7,177,000
Compensated absences	17,983,200	6,807,575	4,886,123	19,904,652	19,428,377
First mortgage bonds	6,990,000	_	940,000	6,050,000	960,000
Lease liabilty	59,655,183	_	902,041	58,753,142	732,887
Notes and loans payable	42,348,828	12,200,000	11,596,455	42,952,373	10,738,420
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	137,189,546	10,938,533	5,431,219	142,696,860	7,348,220
Net pension liability (Note 24)	206,627,737	26,373,870	<u> </u>	233,001,607	
Totals	\$617,254,494	\$ 59,846,978	\$ 32,211,838	\$644,889,634	\$ 48,029,904
Business-type Activities:	Balance, 1/1/2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$271,600,000	\$ —	\$ 25,080,000	\$246,520,000	\$ 25,790,000
Compensated absences	2,156,368	2,544,186	2,381,457	2,319,097	1,997,667
Notes and loans payable	612,817,588	37,824,513	26,641,540	624,000,561	27,482,715
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	14,499,700	1,060,307	974,345	14,585,662	1,102,303
Net pension liability (Note 24)	12,871,104	389,310	_	13,260,414	_
Totals	\$913,944,760	\$ 41,818,316	\$ 55,077,342	\$900,685,734	\$ 56,372,685
Discretely presented compor	nent units:				
	Balance, 1/1/2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year
Notes and loans payable	\$ 9,420,000	\$ —	\$ 1,595,000	\$ 7,825,000	\$ 1,625,000
Revenue bonds payable	7,860,000	_	30,000	7,830,000	30,000
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	5,751,028	675,954	966,028	5,460,954	106,631
Net pension liability (Note 24)	4,835,688	12,251,512		17,087,200	
Totals*	\$ 27,866,716	\$ 12,927,466	\$ 2,591,028	\$ 38,203,154	\$ 1,761,631

The major governmental funds - General, Highways and Streets, Parks, and Fire, and the major proprietary funds - Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Utilities are primarily used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

The major governmental funds - General, Highways and Streets, Parks, and Fire, the major proprietary funds - Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Utilities, and the pension trust funds are primarily used to liquidate the liability for net pension liability.

The major governmental funds - General, Highways and Streets, Parks, and Fire, the major proprietary funds - Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Utilities are primarily used to liquidate the

liability for other postemployment benefits.

B. Description of Bond Issues:

Primary government:

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2023	Premium (Discount)	Net Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year	Due In More Than One Year
\$5,150,000 2017 Park District Bonds due in installments of \$380,000 to \$400,000 plus interest through December 1, 2026; interest at 2.330 percent.	\$ 2,330,000	\$ —	\$ 2,330,000	\$ 760,000	\$ 1,570,000
\$10,265,000 2022 Park District Bonds due in installments of \$430,000 to \$615,000 plus interest through December 1, 2032; interest at 4.000 percent.	\$ 9,390,000	\$ 593,759	\$ 9,983,759	\$ 885,000	\$ 9,098,759
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 11,720,000	\$ 593,759	\$12,313,759	\$ 1,645,000	\$ 10,668,759
Special Obligation Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2023	Premium (Discount)	Net Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year	Due In More Than One Year
\$24,970,000 2014 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Baseball Stadium Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$370,000 to \$1,380,000 plus interest through February 1, 2034; interest at 3.000 percent to 5.000 percent.	\$15,825,000	\$ 2,037,376	\$17,862,376	\$ 2,665,000	\$15,197,376
\$18,365,000 2014 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Skyline Parking Garage Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$200,000 to \$900,000 plus interest through February 1, 2034; interest at 3.000 percent to 3.250 percent.	12,780,000	30,450	12,810,450	1,170,000	11,640,450
\$4,050,000 2016 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Res Tower Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$125,000 to \$280,000 plus interest through February 1, 2030; interest at 2.000 percent to 2.500 percent.	2,260,000	12,376	2,272,376	270,000	2,002,376
\$10,290,000 2019 A LIT Revenue Bond due in installments of \$300,000 to \$425,000 plus interest through June 1, 2034; interest at 3.640 percent.	7,505,000	_	7,505,000	600,000	6,905,000
\$10,425,000 2019 B LIT Revenue Bond due in installments of \$295,000 to \$435,000 plus interest through June 1, 2034; interest at 3.640 percent.	7,610,000	_	7,610,000	600,000	7,010,000
\$43,165,000 2020 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Electric Works Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$745,000 to \$1,440,000 plus interest through December 15, 2045; interest at 3.000 percent to 4.000 percent.	43,165,000	4,978,207	48,143,207	_	48,143,207
\$10,220,000 2022 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Grand Wayne Center Revenue Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$795,000 to \$935,000 plus interest through February 1, 2028; interest at 4.000 percent.	7,825,000	642,680	8,467,680	1,625,000	6,842,680
\$29,440,000 2022 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Riverfront Phase II Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$570,000 to \$1,245,000 plus interest through December 15, 2041; interest at 4.000 percent to 5.000 percent.	29,440,000	3,013,440	32,453,440	_	32,453,440
\$3,527,000 2023 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds Village Premier due in installments of \$122,000 to \$265,000 plus interest through February 1, 2032; interest at 5.316 percent.	3,401,000	_	3,401,000	247,000	3,154,000
Total Special Obligation Bonds	\$129,811,000	\$10,714,529	\$140,525,529		\$133,348,529

First Mortgage Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2023	Premium (Discount)	Net Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year	Due In More Than One Year
\$8,660,000, 2020 First Mortgage Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$480,000 to \$535,000 plus interest					
through December 15, 2029; interest at 2.000 percent.	6,050,000	275,241	6,325,241	960,000	5,365,241
Total First Mortgage Bonds	\$ 6,050,000	\$ 275,241	\$ 6,325,241	\$ 960,000	\$ 5,365,241
Business-type Activities:					
Revenue Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2023	Premium (Discount)	Net Balance, 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year	Due In More Than One Year
\$38,100,000 2011 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds, due in installments of \$3,245,000 to \$3,490,000 plus interest through August 1, 2026; interest at 2.800 percent.	\$ 10,100,000	\$ —	\$10,100,000	\$ 3,245,000	\$ 6,855,000
\$15,530,000 2012 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds, due in installments of \$1,185,000 to \$1,295,000 plus interest through August 1, 2027; interest at 2.000 percent to 3.000 percent.	4,955,000	65,137	\$ 5,020,137	1,185,000	3,835,137
\$40,000,000 2012 Water Works Revenue Bonds, due in installments of \$2,345,000 to \$2,975,000 plus variable interest through December 1, 2032.	23,845,000	138,865	\$23,983,865	2,345,000	21,638,865
\$32,955,000 2013 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds Series A, due in installments of \$4,060,000 to \$4,060,000 plus interest through August 1, 2024; interest at 1.950 percent.	4,060,000	_	\$ 4,060,000	4,060,000	_
\$42,260,000 2013 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds Series B, due in installments of \$4,165,000 to \$5,295,000 plus interest through August 1, 2033; interest at 3.500 percent to 3.630 percent.	42,260,000	177,608	\$42,437,608	_	42,437,608
\$63,000,000 2014 Water Works Revenue Bonds, due in installments of \$3,820,000 to \$5,730,000 plus interest through December 1, 2034; interest at 3.000 percent to 4.000 percent.	51,420,000	552,791	\$51,972,791	3,820,000	48,152,791
\$35,440,000 2016 Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bonds, due in installments of \$1,480,000 to \$4,040,000 plus interest through August 1, 2027; interest at 2.000 percent to 4.000 percent.	10,910,000	251,220	\$11,161,220	3,885,000	7,276,220
\$27,320,000 2017 Stormwater Management District Revenue & Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$815,000 to \$1,065,000 plus interest through February 1, 2033; interest at 2.000 to 3.000 percent.	17,640,000	163,970	\$17,803,970	1,640,000	16,163,970
\$16,700,000 2017 A Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bond due in installments of \$1,305,000 to \$1,500,000 plus interest through August 1, 2030; interest at 2.530 percent.	9,785,000	_	\$ 9,785,000	1,305,000	8,480,000
\$16,700,000 2017 B Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bond due in installments of \$1,300,000 to \$1,500,000 plus interest through August 1, 2030; interest at 2.530 percent.	9,765,000	_	\$ 9,765,000	1,300,000	8,465,000
\$11,770,000 2019 A Water Works Revenue Bond due in installments of \$475,000 to \$815,000 plus interest through December 1, 2039; interest at .050 percent to 6.400 percent.	10,000,000	(8,037)	\$ 9,991,963	475,000	9,516,963
\$33,785,000 2020 B Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bond due in installments of \$905,000 to \$2,540,000 plus interest through August 1, 2040; interest at 2.000 percent to 4.000 percent.	27,080,000	831,959	\$27,911,959	2,230,000	25,681,959
\$25,000,000 2022 A Sewage Works Revenue Bond due in installments of \$300,000 to \$1,895,000 plus interest through August 1, 2042; interest at .050 percent to 5.000 percent.	24,700,000	232,834	\$24,932,834	300,000	24,632,834
Total Revenue Bonds	\$246,520,000	\$ 2,406,347	\$248,926,347		\$223,136,347

Discretely presented component units:

Revenue Bonds:	Balance, 2/31/2023	-	Premium Discount)	Net Balance, 12/31/2023	e Within ne Year	_	ue In More Than One Year
\$7,955,000 2019 A Parking Garage Project Revenue Bond due in installments of \$30,000 to \$450,000 plus interest through December 1, 2049; interest at 3.0							
percent to 4.0 percent	\$ 7,830,000	\$	110,135	\$ 7,940,135	\$ 30,000	\$	7,910,135
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 7,830,000	\$	110,135	\$ 7,940,135	\$ 30,000	\$	7,910,135

The 2017 and 2022 general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Fort Wayne.

The special obligation bonds and first mortgage bonds are not backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Fort Wayne. The 2020 First Mortgage Bonds and the 2019 Series A and B LIT Revenue Bonds are all special obligation bonds that are secured by a pledge of the City's Local Income Tax - Economic Development revenues. The 2020 First Mortgage Bonds are secured by the pledge of the mortgaged property. The 2014, 2016, 2020, and 2022 redevelopment bonds are an obligation of the Redevelopment Authority. The 2023 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds are secured by the pledge of TIF revenues and Tax payer payments.

The general obligation, special obligation, and first mortgage bonds are payable from governmental funds. The revenue bonds are payable from proprietary (enterprise) funds.

The discretely presented component unit revenue bonds are payable from CIB, a discretely presented component unit of the City.

C. Debt Service Requirement to Maturity - Bonds

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the bonds are as follows:

Primary government:

Year Ended	General Obligation					Special Obligation					
December 31		Principal		Interest		Totals		Principal		Interest	Totals
2024	\$	1,645,000	\$	416,663	\$	2,061,663	\$	7,177,000	\$	5,002,362	\$ 12,179,362
2025		1,695,000		363,196		2,058,196		8,287,000		4,689,335	12,976,335
2026		1,755,000		307,822		2,062,822		9,763,000		4,329,597	14,092,597
2027		995,000		255,100		1,250,100		10,120,000		3,930,730	14,050,730
2028		1,040,000		214,900		1,254,900		9,059,000		3,514,315	12,573,315
2029-2033		4,590,000		422,600		5,012,600		37,880,000		12,766,105	50,646,105
2034-2038		_		_		_		22,165,000		6,738,758	28,903,758
2039-2043		_		_		_		19,725,000		2,543,675	22,268,675
2044-2045								5,635,000		212,925	5,847,925
Total	\$	11,720,000	\$	1,980,281	\$	13,700,281	\$1	29,811,000	\$	43,727,802	\$173,538,802
	_										
							Ві	usiness-type	e A	ctivities:	
Year Ended			Fir	st Mortgage			Bı	usiness-type	= A	ctivities: Revenue	
Year Ended December 31		Principal	Fir	est Mortgage Interest		Totals	<u>B</u>	usiness-type	= A		Totals
	<u> </u>	Principal 960,000	Fir		\$	Totals 1,076,200			**************************************	Revenue	Totals \$ 33,838,470
December 31	\$	<u>.</u>		Interest			\$	Principal		Revenue Interest	
December 31 2024	\$	960,000		Interest 116,200		1,076,200	\$	Principal 25,790,000		Revenue Interest 8,048,470	\$ 33,838,470
December 31 2024 2025	\$	960,000 975,000		Interest 116,200 96,950		1,076,200 1,071,950	\$	Principal 25,790,000 26,580,000		Revenue Interest 8,048,470 7,269,034	\$ 33,838,470 33,849,034
December 31 2024 2025 2026	\$	960,000 975,000 1,000,000		Interest 116,200 96,950 77,300		1,076,200 1,071,950 1,077,300	\$	Principal 25,790,000 26,580,000 25,315,000		Revenue Interest 8,048,470 7,269,034 6,432,843	\$ 33,838,470 33,849,034 31,747,843
December 31 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	960,000 975,000 1,000,000 1,020,000		Interest 116,200 96,950 77,300 57,250		1,076,200 1,071,950 1,077,300 1,077,250	\$	Principal 25,790,000 26,580,000 25,315,000 22,475,000		Revenue Interest 8,048,470 7,269,034 6,432,843 5,649,529	\$ 33,838,470 33,849,034 31,747,843 28,124,529
December 31 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$	960,000 975,000 1,000,000 1,020,000 1,035,000		Interest 116,200 96,950 77,300 57,250 36,750		1,076,200 1,071,950 1,077,300 1,077,250 1,071,750	\$	Principal 25,790,000 26,580,000 25,315,000 22,475,000 20,290,000		Revenue Interest 8,048,470 7,269,034 6,432,843 5,649,529 4,921,457	\$ 33,838,470 33,849,034 31,747,843 28,124,529 25,211,457
December 31 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033	\$	960,000 975,000 1,000,000 1,020,000 1,035,000		Interest 116,200 96,950 77,300 57,250 36,750		1,076,200 1,071,950 1,077,300 1,077,250 1,071,750	\$	Principal 25,790,000 26,580,000 25,315,000 22,475,000 20,290,000 93,180,000		Revenue Interest 8,048,470 7,269,034 6,432,843 5,649,529 4,921,457 14,654,304	\$ 33,838,470 33,849,034 31,747,843 28,124,529 25,211,457 107,834,304

Discretely presented component unit:

Year Ended	Revenue					
December 31		Principal		Interest		Totals
2024	\$	30,000	\$	242,419	\$	272,419
2025		35,000		241,519		276,519
2026		220,000		239,044		459,044
2027		230,000		232,369		462,369
2028		235,000		225,394		460,394
2029-2033		1,300,000		1,001,995		2,301,995
2034-2038		1,515,000		780,470		2,295,470
2039-2043		1,765,000		537,245		2,302,245
2044-2048		2,050,000		250,263		2,300,263
2049-2049		450,000		10,547		460,547
Total	\$	7,830,000	\$	3,761,265	\$	11,591,265

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, and Stormwater Utility bonds carry a pledge of all the revenues of the utilities and, upon default, the holders of the bonds are entitled to all the rights,

remedies, and privileges required to compel the collection of sufficient revenues to provide for all payments of principal and interest.

D. Lease Liabilities

The primary government leases building space and parking spaces, the terms of which expire in various years through 2029. In addition, the primary government leases a parking garage from the garage developer, the terms of this agreement expire in 2046. Variable payments of certain leases are based upon the Consumer Price Index (Index) and these leases were measured based upon the Index at lease commencement.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the primary government recognized \$5,339 of lease expense for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability.

During the current fiscal year, the primary government terminated a lease early, where the City was leasing a building. The termination resulted in the removal of the right-to-use lease asset and the lease liability. At the time of lease termination, the right-to-use asset had a book value of approximately, \$211,560 and the liability had a balance of approximately \$207,971. The difference between the asset and liability of \$3,589 was recognized as a loss of the lease termination.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the leases are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ended		Lease Liabilities							
December 31		Principal Interest		Interest		Totals			
2024	\$	732,887	\$	2,130,298	\$	2,863,185			
2025		809,593		2,103,994		2,913,587			
2026		773,477		2,076,370		2,849,847			
2027		784,076		2,050,066		2,834,142			
2028		866,409		2,021,266		2,887,675			
2029-2033		5,041,423		9,606,601		14,648,024			
2034-2038		7,490,269		8,508,087		15,998,356			
2039-2043		10,781,138		6,882,339		17,663,477			
2044-2046	:	31,473,870		3,078,147		34,552,017			
Total	\$	58,753,142	\$	38,457,168	\$	97,210,310			

F. Description of Loans Payable:

			Polonoo					
Governmental Activities Section 108 HUD Loans:		_	Balance, 12/31/2023					
	n 2008. Payments are due in installments of \$400,000 plus interes through August 1, 2027. This loan is payable from the Community non-major special revenue fund).		1,600,000					
interest between 2.850 to 3.650	The City borrowed \$1,750,000 in 2013. Payments are due in installments of \$90,000 to \$125,000 plu interest between 2.850 to 3.650 percent through August 1, 2033. This loan is payable from th Community Development Block Grant Fund (non-major special revenue fund).							
Total Section 108 HUD Loans		\$	2,720,000					
	n 2017. Payments are due in installments of \$767,216 plus interest a loan is payable from various Governmental Funds.	t	767,216					
	2018. Payments are due in installments of \$753,566 to \$776,878 plus April 5, 2025. This loan is payable from various Governmental Funds.	3	2,295,577					
	in 2019. Payments are due in installments of \$745,019 to \$786,608 rough April 5, 2026. This loan is payable from various Governmenta		3,827,847					
	in 2020. Payments are due in installments of \$937,402 to \$972,485 rough April 5, 2027. This loan is payable from various Governmenta		6,683,658					
The City borrowed \$11,900,000 plus interest at 3.000 percent thr Funds.	in 2021. Payments are due in installments of \$841,291 to \$887,104 rough April 2, 2028. This loan is payable from various Governmenta	I Į	7,776,179					
	2022. Payments are due in installments of \$641,589 to \$716,786 plus h April 25, 2029. This loan is payable from various Governmenta		7,464,205					
	in 2023. Payments are due in installments of \$795,139 to \$966,538 ough April 11, 2030. This loan is payable from various Governmenta		11,417,691					
Total Commercial Loans		\$	40,232,373					
Business-type Activities			alance, /31/2023					
SRF Draw-down loans:								
installments of \$246,174 to \$248,54	ds of 2009 Series A - maximum draw of \$5,000,000 - due in annual 7 plus interest at .160 percent through August 1, 2030, redeemable after 2020. Loan is completely drawn-down.	\$	1,731,512					
installments of \$1,769,000 to \$2,0	s of 2011 Series B - maximum draw of \$33,576,000 - due in annual 173,000 plus interest at 2.300 percent through August 1, 2031, ds maturing after 2023. Loan is completely drawn-down.	1	5,342,000					
installments of \$531,000 to \$612	s of 2012 Series A - maximum draw of \$10,415,000 - due in annual 2,000 plus interest at 1.780 percent through August 1, 2032, ds maturing after 2024. Loan is completely drawn-down.	,	5,136,000					
installments of \$888,000 to \$1,09	s of 2014 Series A - maximum draw of \$17,000,000 - due in annual 04,000 plus interest at 2.350 percent through August 1, 2033, ds maturing after 2026. Loan is completely drawn-down.	,	9,876,000					
annual installments of \$3,050,000	nds of 2016 Series A - maximum draw of \$108,000,000 - due in to \$6,075,000 plus interest at 2.000 percent through February 1, or bonds maturing after 2028. Loan is completely drawn-down.	\$ 82	2,365,000					
installments of \$908,500 to \$1,39	s of 2018 Series B - maximum draw of \$21,722,416 - due in annual 08,800 plus interest at 2.860 percent through August 1, 2039, ds maturing after 2029. Loan is completely drawn-down.	18	8,175,200					

Business-type Activities	Balance, 12/31/2023
Water Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2019 Series B - maximum draw of \$7,500,000 - due in annual installments of \$158,000 to \$305,000 at zero interest through December 1, 2048, as of December 31, 2023 total drawn amount is \$7,350,773.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2022 IFA - maximum draw of \$5,555,000 - due in annual installments of \$178,000 at zero percent interest through August 1, 2053, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2032. Loan is completely drawn-down.	
Water Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2023 Series A - maximum draw of \$1,999,000 - due in annual installments of \$28,972 to \$57,942 at zero interest through June 1, 2058, as of December 31, 2023 total drawn amount is \$107,844.	
Water Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2023 Series B - maximum draw of \$5,746,000 - due in annual installments of \$164,100 at zero interest through December 1, 2058, as of December 31, 2023 total drawn amount is \$115,054.	115,054
Total SRF Draw-down Loans	\$ 144,327,383
SRF Advance loans:	
Water Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2011 Series B - original pool share of \$26,906,000 - due in annual installments of \$1,615,000 to \$2,073,000 plus interest at 2.967 percent through December 1, 2031, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2021.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2014 Series B - original pool share of \$60,872,000 - due in annual installments of \$2,012,000 to \$6,160,000 plus interest at 3.074 percent through August 1, 2034, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2027.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2014 Series C - original pool share of \$5,015,000 - due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$350,000 plus interest at 3.074 percent through August 1, 2034, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2027.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2016 Series B - original pool share of \$138,583,000 - due in annual installments of \$3,731,705 to \$7,325,433 plus interest at 3.060 percent through August 1, 2046, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2028.	
Water Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2019 Series C - original pool share of \$21,740,000 - due in annual installments of \$286,000 to \$1,234,000 plus interest at 2.970 percent through December 1, 2048, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2029.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2020 Series A - original pool share of \$25,000,000 - due in annual installments of \$1,055,000 to \$1,455,000 plus interest at 2.000 percent through August 1, 2040, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2032.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2020 Series C - original pool share of \$25,000,000 - due in annual installments of \$1,023,000 to \$1,449,000 plus interest at 2.000 percent through August 1, 2041, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2033.	
Water Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2021 - original issue of \$44,480,000 - due in annual installments of \$1,830,201 to \$2,732,480 plus interest at 1.950 percent through December 1, 2042, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2032.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2021 - original issue of \$140,000,000 - due in annual installments of \$2,427,642 to \$14,477,364 plus interest at 2.220 percent through August 1, 2042, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2034.	
Sewage Works SRF Revenue Bonds of 2023 - original issue of \$34,499,000 - due in annual installments of \$253,000 to \$2,287,000 plus interest at 2.580 percent through August 1, 2044, redeemable prior to maturity for bonds maturing after 2036.	
Total SRF Advance Loans	\$ 470,331,917
Commercial Loans:	
The City Utilities borrowed \$1,710,000 in 2017. Payments are due in installments of \$131,994 to \$131,994 plus interest at 2.103 percent through April 7, 2024. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	
The City Utilities borrowed \$1,041,000 in 2018. Payments are due in installments of \$83,556 to \$83,556 plus interest at3.202 percent through April 5, 2025. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	

Business-type Activities	Balance, 2/31/2023
The City Utilities borrowed \$2,445,000 in 2019. Payments are due in installments of \$193,098 to \$193,098 plus interest at 2.730 percent through April 4, 2026. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	927,205
The City Utilities borrowed \$3,000,000 in 2020. Payments are due in installments of \$224,587 to \$224,587 plus interest at 1.263 percent through April 5, 2027. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	1,533,165
The City Utilities borrowed \$2,445,000 in 2021. Payments are due in installments of \$184,191 to \$184,191 plus interest at 1.380 percent through April 5, 2028. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	1,601,947
The City Utilities borrowed \$2,250,000 in 2022. Payments are due in installments of \$174,449 to \$174,449 plus interest at 2.229 percent through April 25, 2029. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	1,796,583
The City borrowed \$1,000,000 in 2022. Payments are due in installments of \$42,412 to \$59,415 plus interest at 3.910 percent through April 25, 2029. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	909,580
The City Utilities borrowed \$2,350,000 in 2023. Payments are due in installments of \$189,231 to \$189,231 plus interest at 3.280 percent through April 11, 2030. This loan is payable from Proprietary (enterprise) Funds.	2,199,309
Total Commercial Loans	\$ 9,341,261

The Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program (Section 108) provides Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) recipients with the ability to leverage their annual grant allocation to access low-cost, flexible financing for economic development, housing, public facility, and infrastructure projects.

The City enters into commercial loan agreements to address short-term capital needs. The loan proceeds are used to increase the working capital through acquisition of new machinery and equipment. Every year the City bids out this service and awards it to the lowest bidder.

The Indiana State Revolving Fund Loan Program (SRF) is a program that provides wastewater and drinking water loans, often at reduced interest rates and reduced issuance costs, to Indiana cities and towns. SRF draw-down loans are awarded as a "not-to-exceed" loan amount and the amount is later fixed at the amount actually borrowed to complete the pre-established wastewater or drinking water projects. The interest rate is fixed at the time of the award and the duration is established shortly thereafter. SRF advance loans are mainly shared pool loans. SRF coordinates the financing activities for several Indiana communities and issues bonds on the open market to provide the funding for each community's projects. The loan amount, interest rate, and duration are fixed at the time of the consolidated loan's issuance. Occasionally, SRF will make traditional loans with fixed rate, amount and duration.

SRF loans payable are issued on a parity basis with revenue bonds and are collateralized identically by the net revenues of the issuing utility.

Discretely presented component unit:	Balance, 12/31/2023
CIB borrowed \$10,220,000 in 2022. Payments are due in installments of \$800,000 to \$935,000 plus interest at 4.0 percent through 2028. This loan is payable from CIB (discretely presented component unit)	\$ 7,825,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loans as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Go	overnmental Activ	vities	Business-type Activities			
Year Ended				(Anticipated)	(Anticipated)		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Totals	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2024	\$ 10,738,420	\$ 976,682	\$ 11,715,102	\$ 27,482,715	\$ 14,279,642	\$ 41,762,357	
2025	9,397,898	729,745	10,127,643	28,143,836	13,634,838	41,778,674	
2026	7,997,072	521,342	8,518,414	30,520,848	12,971,594	43,492,442	
2027	6,395,900	353,490	6,749,390	32,054,650	12,259,631	44,314,281	
2028	4,243,219	209,561	4,452,780	32,421,893	11,515,521	43,937,414	
2029-2033	4,179,864	168,064	4,347,928	171,212,106	46,494,603	217,706,709	
2034-2038	_	_	_	157,591,269	26,144,249	183,735,518	
2039-2043	_	_	_	121,040,416	9,839,390	130,879,806	
2044-2048	_	_	_	28,121,707	1,299,289	29,420,996	
2049-2053	_	_	_	2,000,710	_	2,000,710	
Unissued				(7,671,329)		(7,671,329)	
Total	\$ 42,952,373	\$ 2,958,884	\$ 45,911,257	\$624,000,561	\$148,438,757	\$772,439,318	

	Discretely presented component units:							
Year Ended								
December 31		Principal Interest				Totals		
2024	\$	1,625,000	\$	299,500	\$	1,924,500		
2025		1,685,000		239,000		1,924,000		
2026		1,755,000		168,500		1,923,500		
2027		1,830,000		95,000		1,925,000		
2028		930,000		33,000		963,000		
Total	\$	7,825,000	\$	835,000	\$	8,660,000		

Note 5. Lease Receivable

Governmental Activities:

The primary government leases certain property to various third parties, the terms of which expire between 2024 and 2046. The leases were measured based upon the primary government's estimate of its incremental borrowing rate at lease commencement. Revenue recognized under lease contracts during the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$670,887, which includes both lease revenue and interest. In addition, the City also recognized lease revenue of \$85 for the year ended December 31, 2023, for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

Business Type Activities:

During the current fiscal year, the primary government began leasing 340 parking spaces in the Riverfront at Promenade Garage for public use through its non-major enterprise funds. The lease is for 23 years and the primary government will receive monthly payments between \$22,542 and \$35,546. The primary government recognized \$94,549 in lease revenue and \$175,745 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also the primary government has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$5,086,657.

FWCU, through its Water Utility, leases space on its water towers to various third parties, the terms of which expire 2042 through 2049. Payments increase annually based upon the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The leases were measured based upon the CPI at lease commencement. During 2023, FWCU recognized \$85,287 as revenue under lease contracts, which includes both lease revenue and interest.

Note 6. Deficit Fund Balances

There were no deficit fund balances at December 31, 2023.

Note 7. Interfund Balances and Activity

A. Due To/From Other Funds

The composition of due to/from other funds as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

	Due From										
Due To	General	High- ways and Streets	Parks	Redevel -opment	Non- major Govern- mental	Water	Waste- water	Stormw ater	Non-major Enterprise	Internal Service	Total
Govern- mental:											
General		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$137,698	\$233,029	\$ 35,345	\$ 1,158	\$ —	\$ 407,230
Highways & Streets	_	_	_	_	_	62	_	_	_	_	62
Parks	_	_	_	_	_	_	15,600	_	_	_	15,600
Summit Dev Corporation	_	_	_	_	_	79,528	130,284	20,436	670	_	230,918
Proprietary:											
Water	1,946,370	264	33,004	196	1,508	_	_		443,029	530,663	2,955,034
Wastewater	3,178,769	263	_	322	2,523	_	_	_	725,775	559,072	4,466,724
Stormwater	510,127	_	109,306	50	603	_	_	_	113,845	69,963	803,894
Non-major Enterprise	909	_	_	2	10	_	_	_	3,730	557	5,208
Internal Service	_		_		_	4,594	4,629	1,190	5		10,418
Totals	\$5,636,175	\$ 527	\$142,310	\$ 570	\$ 4,644	\$221,882	\$383,542	\$ 56,971	\$1,288,212	\$1,160,255	\$8,895,088

Due to/from other funds resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

B. Interfund Receivables/Payables - Pooled Cash

The following are reported in the fund financial statements:

Receivable Funds	
Governmental:	
General	\$ 125,717
Non-major Governmental	1,093,153
Total	\$ 1,218,870
Payable Funds	
Governmental:	
Non-major Governmental	\$ 1,011,870
Proprietary:	
Non-major Enterprise	207,000
Total	\$ 1,218,870

The interfund receivable/payable - pooled cash reflects when one fund with positive cash covers another fund with negative cash.

C. Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023 in the fund financial statements were as follows:

						Trans	fer To					
Transfer From	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED	Parks	Fire	Redevelop- ment	Summit Dev Corporation	Non-major Govern- mental	Water Utility	Waste- water Utility	Non-major Enterprise	Total
Govern- mental:												
General	\$ _	\$	\$	\$ - \$	_	\$	\$	\$ 4,823,782	\$	\$ _	\$ —	\$ 4,823,782
Highways and Streets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,000,000	_	_	_	1,000,000
LIT-ED	_	5,100,000	5,454,877	116,179	_	2,503,000	935,782	2,022,229	_	_	_	16,132,067
Parks	_	_	_	3,392,250	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,392,250
Redevelop ment	_	_	62,989	_	_	6,226,395	_	9,266,271	_	_	29,432	15,585,087
Community Legacy	_	_	_	_	_	15,680	_	_	_	_	_	15,680
Non- major Govern- mental	30,000	_	61,851	_	76,996	_	4,474,090	_	_	_	_	4,642,937
Proprietary:												
Water Waste-	3,642,744	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	50,842	_	3,693,586
water Storm-	7,718,248	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	76,837	4,288	_	7,799,373
water	1,216,072	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	227,360	_	1,443,432
Non-major Enterprise		966,040	_		_	_	_	_	_	241	_	966,281
Total	\$12,607,064	\$ 6,066,040	\$ 5,579,717	\$ 3,508,429 \$	76,996	\$ 8,745,075	\$ 5,409,872	\$17,112,282	\$ 76,837	\$ 282,731	\$ 29,432	\$59,494,475

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt payments become due, (3) use unrestricted revenues from the General fund and LIT-ED fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with statutes or budgetary authorizations, and (4) transfer of Stormwater Utility assets from the Wastewater Utility.

Note 8. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; medical benefits to employees, retirees, and dependents; and natural disasters. The City assumes some of these risks as described below and carries commercial insurance from independent third parties for excess risk. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Self Insurance

Beginning in April 2012, the activity for General and Auto Liability, Worker's Compensation, and the Group Health Insurance is accounted for in the Self Insurance fund, an internal service fund.

General and Auto Liability

The City is assuming the risk in this area up to the Indiana governmental tort liability limit of \$700,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 per aggregate. Funding levels are determined by a formula based on actuarially recommended minimums by type of risk. Interfund premiums are billed on a cost allocation basis most appropriate to type of risk involved, and are treated as interfund services provided and used. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Worker's Compensation Insurance

Indiana worker's compensation laws require the City to compensate an employee with partial temporary disabilities at a rate of 66.67% of the difference between the employee's average weekly wages before and after the accident. An excess policy covers individual claims in excess of \$550,000 per employee per injury. The risk of loss related to Police Officers and Firefighters is assumed separately from this fund, as defined under the Indiana Police and Fire Pension Fund laws.

Premiums are paid into the Self Insurance fund by all insured funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. Actuarially recommended interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' number of employees and the risks involved in their jobs, and are reported as interfund services provided and used. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

At December 31, 2023, the total of the liabilities for the Worker's Compensation was \$863,110, which is included in other current liabilities of the internal service fund. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

	Beginning Balance	Chaims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Ending Balance		
2023	\$ 1,420,224	\$ (39,191)	\$ 517,923	\$ 863,110		
2022	732,114	2,993,642	2,305,532	1,420,224		

Group Health Insurance

An excess policy covers individual claims in excess of \$400,000 per year. In addition, the insurance company assumes the risk when total monthly claims exceed an amount based upon an aggregate monthly factor that averaged \$2,568,898 in 2023.

Premiums are paid into the Self Insurance fund by all insured funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' number of employees and are reported as interfund services provided and used. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

At December 31, 2023, the total of the liabilities for the Group Health Insurance was \$3,603,044. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

	 Beginning Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	Ending Balance			
2023	\$ 2,551,775	\$ 33,867,915	\$ 32,816,646	\$	3,603,044		
2022	2,733,955	25,569,589	25,751,769		2,551,775		

Note 9. Segment information

	2001 Parking Garage Ad	ddition
Types of Goods or Services Provided:	Used to account for revenues at in connection with the joint City parking facility addition.	
Condensed Statement of Net Position		
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	710,971
Receivables:		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		726,246
Total assets		1,437,217
Liabilities:		
Total liabilities		
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		726,246
Restricted for: Debt service		70,978
Unrestricted		639,993
Total net position	\$	1,437,217
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and	<u> </u>	
Operating income	\$	230,360
Depreciation expense		(40,534)
Operating income		189,826
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest revenue		25,750
Change in net position		215,576
Total net position - beginning	_	1,221,641
Total net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	1,437,217
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows		
Net cash provided (used) by:		
Operating activities	\$	230,266
Investing activities	_	25,751
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		256,017
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	_	454,954
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	<u>\$</u>	710,971

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Single-Employer Defined Benefit Plan

1. City of Fort Wayne Healthcare Plan (includes City Utilities)

Plan Description

The Fort Wayne Retiree Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Fort Wayne in an internal service fund. It is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The plan provides health care benefits and life insurance to eligible retirees and their spouses. Stand-alone reports are not issued for this plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides comprehensive medical and death benefits as well as life insurance to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, retirees must have obtained 20 years of service with the City of Fort Wayne (fire participants must also be at least 52 years old). The City and FWCU pay full medical premiums for police and fire retirees and contribute a portion of the medical premium for all other retirees. Coverage ends at Medicare eligibility date and spousal coverage continues after the death of the retiree, until the spouse is eligible for Medicare. The City and FWCU also maintain a life insurance policy on all retirees which meet the same eligibility guidelines. Police and fire participants have a benefit amount of \$17,500 and all other retirees have a benefit amount of \$10,000. Indiana Code 5-10-8 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following members were covered by the terms of the plan as of December 31, 2023 using the latest employee census data. The plan's last valuation date was December 31, 2022 and roll-forward procedures were used to update the plan's OPEB liabilities for December 31, 2023.

Active plan members: not fully eligible 1,238 308 1546 Inactive members currently receiving benefit payments 280 46 326 Inactive plan members with life insurance policy		City of Fort Wayne	City Utilities	Total
Inactive members currently receiving benefit payments 280 46 326 Inactive plan members with life insurance policy only 585 152 737 Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	Active plan members: fully eligible	302	35	337
payments 280 46 326 Inactive plan members with life insurance policy only 585 152 737 Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	Active plan members: not fully eligible	1,238	308	1546
only 585 152 737 Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	280	46	326
		585	152	737
			<u> </u>	
Total 2,405 541 2946	Total	2,405	541	2946

Benefit Payments

The benefit payment requirements of plan members are established annually by City Council. The required benefit payments is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Eligible retirees and

their spouses contribute an amount equal to the amount paid by active employees for premiums. Monthly premiums are as follows:

	Me	dical with Den	Dental Only	
Medical and Vision	\$	3,400.00	\$ 1,200.00	
Retiree	\$	35.00	\$ 69.00	\$ 12.00
Spouse	\$	65.00	\$ 128.00	\$ 20.00

Police and Fire do not pay contributions.

The City of Fort Wayne and FWCU contribute the remainder of the costs. For the year ended December 31, 2023, these contributions were \$5,380,844 and \$965,024, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The City of Fort Wayne and FWCU total OPEB liability of \$142,696,860 and \$14,585,662, respectively was measured as of December 31, 2023. Standard roll-forward procedures were used to project data forward one year to the December 31, 2023 measurement date. The current portion of OPEB liability has been recognized and presented for the year ended December 31, 2023 for the City of Fort Wayne and FWCU of \$7,348,220 and \$1,102,303, respectively.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City of Fort Wayne and FWCU total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.5%
Salary increases	2.5%
Discount rate	4.31%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Medical 9.0% first year, graded down to 5.0% over 11 years

Dental 4.0% per year

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Total Data Set Mortality projected forward using MP-2021 generational future mortality improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were rolled-forward to provide a measurement date of December 31, 2023. The assumptions presented above were the result of an actuarial experience study for that period and are based on plan provisions, past plan experience, and the experience of similar plans.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability was 4.31% for 2023. There was no change in the discount rate used since the prior measurement date. This discount rate was applied to all periods of projected future benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is based on 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with a rating of AA/Aa or higher. The discount rate is based on the assumption that the general assets of the City and FWCU will cover the benefits using a pay-as-you-go basis. These assets are a mix of short term, low risk bonds.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	City of Fort Wayne		City Utilities			Total		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	137,189,546	\$	14,499,700	\$	151,689,246		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		4,880,880		428,382		5,309,262		
Interest cost		6,057,653		631,925		6,689,578		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(50,375)		(9,321)		(59,696)		
Benefit payments		(5,380,844)		(965,024)		(6,345,868)		
Net Changes		5,507,314		85,962		5,593,276		
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	142,696,860	\$	14,585,662	\$	157,282,522		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the total OPEB liability as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.31)% or 1-percentage point higher (5.31)% than the current discount rate:

City of Fort Wayne:	1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.31)%		(4.31)%	 (5.31)%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 155,154,394	\$	142,696,860	\$ 131,333,345
City Utilities:	1% Decrease (3.31)%	Cu	rrent Discount Rate (4.31)%	1% Increase (5.31)%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 15,947,036	\$	14,585,662	\$ 13,377,056
<u>Total:</u>	1% Decrease (3.31)%	Cı	urrent Discount Rate (4.31)%	1% Increase (5.31)%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 171,101,430	\$	157,282,522	\$ 144,710,401
Total OPEB Liability	\$, ,	\$,	\$,

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following represents the total OPEB liability as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

City of Fort Wayne:		1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates			1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	\$ 129,144,029		142,696,860	\$	158,481,976
City Utilities:		1% Decrease	Cos	rent Healthcare st Trend Rates		1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	13,335,664	\$	14,585,662	\$	16,059,950
<u>Total:</u>	_	1% Decrease	Cos	rent Healthcare st Trend Rates	_	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	142,479,693	\$	157,282,522	\$	174,541,926

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and (Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the following OPEB expense was recognized:

	City of Fort Wayne	City Utilities	Total
Service cost	\$ 4,880,880	\$ 428,382	\$ 5,309,262
Interest cost	6,057,653	631,925	6,689,578
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,322,380)	(401,269)	(1,723,649)
Changes in assumptions	2,746,432	283,784	3,030,216
Total OPEB expense	\$ 12,362,585	\$ 942,822	\$ 13,305,407

There were no benefit payments made after the measurement date.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the following deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources were reported:

City of Fort Wayne:	erred Outflows FResources	eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,885,591	\$ (16,522,173)
Changes in assumptions	 20,889,722	(12,470,303)
Total	\$ 23,775,313	\$ (28,992,476)

City Utilities:	 erred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 344,580	\$	(2,281,593)		
Changes in assumptions	 2,269,969		(1,732,132)		
Total	\$ 2,614,549	\$	(4,013,725)		
<u>Total:</u>	 erred Outflows Resources		ferred Inflows f Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,230,171	\$	(18,803,766)		
Changes in assumptions	 23,159,691		(14,202,435)		
Total	\$ 26,389,862	\$	(33,006,201)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	City of Fort Wayne			City Utilities	Total
For the year ending December 31,					
2024	\$	1,424,052	\$	(117,485)	\$ 1,306,567
2025		1,424,052		(117,485)	1,306,567
2026		1,424,052		(117,485)	1,306,567
2027		1,424,052		(117,485)	1,306,567
2028		1,424,052		(104,232)	1,319,820
Thereafter		(12,337,423)		(825,004)	 (13,162,427)
Total	\$	(5,217,163)	\$	(1,399,176)	\$ (6,616,339)

2. Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC) healthcare plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan providing medical, dental, and life insurance benefits to retirees. Employees who retire prior to age 65 and also meet the Rule of 85 are eligible to be covered under the same health insurance plan that is available for active employees until attainment of age 65. The spouse and family of the retiree are eligible for the same health insurance coverage provided the retiree if the spouse has no other health insurance coverage from the spouse's employer. The Plan is administered by PTC and does not issue a stand-alone report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides the following medical, prescription, dental, and life benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents:

Life Insurance – PTC provides a life insurance benefit of \$10,000 to all retirees as defined by the union agreement.

Health Insurance – Under PTC's union agreement, full-time employees qualifying for full retirement benefits (age plus service equaling 85) who retire have the option of continuing their group insurance coverage until age 65, at the rate of \$1.00 to \$100 per year. Full-time employees qualifying for retirement who retire on or after January 1, 2010, have the option of continuing their group insurance coverage until age 65, at the rate of \$350 per year. Effective January 1, 2014 and 2013, the rate increased to \$957 and \$600 per year and PTC pays the remaining balance of the health care coverage.

Medicare Supplemental Benefits – Under PTC's union agreement, retirees and spouses eligible for Medicare are provided an annual Medicare Supplemental Benefit payment.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The employees covered by the OPEB plan at December 31, 2023, are:

Total	200
Inactive employees without medical coverage	16
Inactive employees with medical coverage	58
Active employees without medical coverage	2
Active employees with medical coverage	124

Total OPEB Liability

PTC's total OPEB liability of \$5,460,954 was measured as of December 31, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023.

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3%

Salary increases 4%, average, per year

Healthcare cost 7.0% for 2023, decreasing 0.46% per year to a rate of 5.6% through 2026 and ultimately decreasing to 4.04%

trend rates in the year 2075

4.00% based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High

Discount rate Grade Index as of December 31, 2023

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010 Mortality Tables with generational mortality improvement to current year under Projection Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	 otal OPEB Liability
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 5,751,028
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	304,563
Interest cost	256,400
Benefit changes	114,991
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,135,290)
Changes in assumptions	275,893
Benefit payments	(106,631)
Net Changes	(290,074)
Balance, end of year	\$ 5,460,954

The discount rate changed from 4.31% at the beginning of the measurement period to 4.00% at the end of the measurement period.

This discount rate was applied to all periods of projected future benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is based on 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with a rating of AA/Aa or higher. The discount rate is based on the assumption that the general assets of PTC will cover the benefits using a pay-as-you-go basis.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the total OPEB liability of PTC as well as what PTC's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.00)% or 1-percentage point higher(5.00)% than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	C	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase			
		(3.00)%		(4.00)%	(5.00)%				
Total OPEB Liability	\$	6,054,138	\$	5,460,954	\$	4,941,559			

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following represents the total OPEB liability of PTC as well as what PTC's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates			1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 5,028,090	\$	5,460,954	\$	5,973,680

OPEB Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, PTC recognized OPEB expense of \$(211,082) At December 31, 2023, PTC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ _	\$ 1,873,418
Changes in assumptions	627,179	1,256,452
Total	\$ 627,179	\$ 3,129,870

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2023, related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the year ending December 31,

2024	\$ (339,106)
2025	(501,951)
2026	(553,669)
2027	(553,665)
2028	(339,449)
Thereafter	 (214,851)
Total	\$ (2,502,691)

Note 11. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City of Fort Wayne has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City of Fort Wayne, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2023, there were 7 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for 6 series issued after July 1, 1985 was \$198,284,121. The aggregate principal amount payable for the one series issued prior to July 1, 1985, could not be determined; however, the original issue amount was \$8,452,000. Two of the 6 series of revenue bonds have been subsequently called for redemption.

Note 12. Restricted Assets

The City has restricted assets for the following Governmental fund account:

Debt Service Reserve

An amount of money that is required to maintain the reserve account in the full amount of a sum equal to the least of (i) the maximum semiannual debt reserve on the bonds, or (ii) 125% of the average annual debt service on the bonds, or (iii) 10% of the proceeds of the bond.

The City has restricted assets for the following Proprietary (Enterprise) fund accounts:

Sinking Fund

Monthly deposits into sinking fund account for the Wastewater Utility's net revenues is required to be in an amount equal to at least 1/6 of the next semi-annual interest payment and 1/12 of the next annual principal payment. Other related debt service requirements are held in the debt service account.

Monthly deposits into sinking fund accounts of both the Water and Stormwater Utilities' net revenues are required to be in an amount equal to at least 1/6 of the next semi-annual interest payments and 1/12 of the next annual principal payments. Upon meeting certain minimum balance requirements, transfers may be made to unrestricted cash accounts. Surety bonds purchased by the FWCU cover the Waterworks and Stormwater Reserve Accounts requirements.

Debt Service Reserve

In addition to the sinking fund accounts, revenue bonds require debt service "reserve accounts" which require funding at: the lesser of 10% of bond proceeds, the maximum annual principal and interest required thereon, or 125% of the average annual principal and interest requirements thereon. The 2016 Sewage Works Refunder bond requires that the debt service reserve for that particular bond be 10% of par value. The FWCU calculate its debt service reserve accounts on a consolidated basis and may fund the debt service reserve by holding cash or through the purchase of surety bond insurance. Among other requirements, the surety bond insurer must maintain a AAA or Aaa rating with Standards and Poor's or Moody's respectively.

Prior to 2009, all Utility revenue bonds' debt service reserves were funded through surety bond insurance. As a result of the financial crisis that occurred in late 2008 - early 2009 and up to and including 2023, the surety bond insurers failed to maintain their AAA/Aaa rating. While still insured, this failure to maintain AAA/Aaa ratings required the FWCU to cash fund the debt service reserve accounts for the affected revenue bonds. As of December 31, 2023, all surety bond insurance for Waterworks, Sewage Works, and Stormwater Revenue Bonds have been replaced with cash funded debt service reserves as required by bond ordinance.

Construction

Unspent bond issue proceeds to be used in the construction of designated capital assets are included in this account.

Customer Deposits

Customer deposits are refundable amounts received from Water Utility customers to insure against nonpayment of billings or water main damages.

System Development Charge:

System development charges are assessed for all permanent connections to FWCU water system for the purpose of capital expenditures facilitating water system development.

Septic Elimination Program

In 2009, the Fort Wayne Board of Public Works authorized the creation of a FWCU Revolving Fund as an alternative funding source for septic tank elimination in Allen County. This fund provides the funding necessary to construct wastewater mains allowing homeowners to discontinue use of failing septic tanks and connect to public infrastructure. The program also provides financial incentives to encourage septic tank elimination. Any unexpended funds are restricted for future septic tank elimination projects.

Lead Service Line Replacement

In 2019, the Fort Wayne Board of Public Works authorized the creation of a FWCU Revolving Fund as an alternative funding source and incentive for lead service line replacements. This fund is intended to assist City of Fort Wayne property owners with financing the cost of private lead-service line replacement projects.

Restricted assets at year-end consisted of the following:

		Governme	ntal Funds		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
Asset Type/Account	Community Legacy	Summit Non-major Dev Govern- Corporation mental		Total	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Totals	
Cash and cash equivalents									
Sinking	\$ —		\$ —	\$ —	\$1,339,859	\$23,203,412	\$ 79,175	\$24,622,446	
Debt service reserve	_	_	27,739,724	27,739,724	5,216,491	34,035,549	_	39,252,040	
Capital outlay	_	230,918	9,106,806	9,337,724	_	_	_	_	
Construction	_	_	_	_	27,857,357	72,920,217	440,635	101,218,209	
Septic elimination program	_	_	_	_	_	2,273,730	_	2,273,730	
Lead service line replacement					740,416			740,416	
Total	_	230,918	36,846,530	37,077,448	35,154,123	132,432,908	519,810	168,106,841	
Investments									
Sinking	_	_	_	_	_	_	799,450	799,450	
Debt service reserve	11,817,000	_	_	11,817,000	9,686,494	17,066,876	2,200,550	28,953,920	
Construction	_	_	_	_	14,122	31,612,225	_	31,626,347	
System development charge	_	_	_	_	3,121,270	_	_	3,121,270	
Customer deposits					1,678,114			1,678,114	
Total	11,817,000			11,817,000	14,500,000	48,679,101	3,000,000	66,179,101	
Total Restricted Assets	\$11,817,000	\$ 230,918	\$36,846,530	\$48,894,448	\$49,654,123	\$181,112,009	\$3,519,810	\$234,285,942	

Note 13. Lease and Subsequent Installment Sale of Electric Utility Assets

The Electric Utility had leased its entire utility system, including power plant, substations, and transmissions and distribution system, to a private electric utility serving the surrounding area. The lease term commenced March 1, 1975, and expired on February 28, 2010.

On October 28, 2010, the City entered into an agreement to transfer the remaining Electric Utility assets to the private electric utility (Transferee) which had previously leased the assets for 35 years under a lease agreement that expired on February 28, 2010. On August 10, 2011, the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission approved the transfer agreement. Under the terms of the transfer agreement, the City transferred ownership of the remaining leased Electric Utility assets, relinquished the right to buy back any betterments under the expired lease and will never again supply electricity within the City of Fort Wayne. The Transferee, in exchange for the remaining Electric Utility assets and the right to be the exclusive supplier of electricity, paid an initial payment of \$5,786,270. The City paid \$555,000 to the Transferee for products and services provided to the City under the previous lease. The Transferee also agreed to pay to the City annual payments as per the following table:

Annual Amount	Period	F			Amount Received	Future Payments		Interest			Present Value	
\$ 1,740,000	3/1/10 to 2/28/13	\$	5,220,000	\$	5,220,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
2,200,000	3/1/13 to 2/28/16		6,600,000		6,600,000		_		_		_	
2,400,000	3/1/16 to 2/28/21		12,000,000		12,000,000		_		_		_	
2,600,000	3/1/21 to 2/28/25		10,400,000		7,583,333		2,816,667		(140,865)	_	2,675,802	
	Totals	\$	34,220,000	\$	31,403,333	\$	2,816,667	\$	(140,865)	\$	2,675,802	

For accounting purposes, the asset transfer is being treated as an installment sale. As of December 31, 2023, total future payments are \$2,816,667 including interest. The present value is reported as Installments receivable.

On January 1, 2012 Electric Utility balances, with the exception of the net capital assets not previously leased, were transferred to the City's Community Legacy Fund. The amount of the transfer was \$61,368,700.

Note 14. City of Fort Wayne Community Legacy Fund

City Council established the Community Trust Fund in 1975 to account for a portion of the proceeds received from a private utility leasing the assets of the Electric Utility. The lease of the Electric Utility expired on February 28, 2010. The trust received its final \$270,000 annual deposit in May, 2009 and is no longer entitled to future lease revenues or sales proceeds under the 1975 authorizing ordinance.

Under the provisions of the 1975 authorizing ordinance, the corpus of the trust was free from invasion as long as the lease was in force. However, as long as certain provisions were met, including approval by the citizens of Fort Wayne, the City Council had the ability to amend this ordinance and permit invasion of the trust corpus.

In November 2012, the City Council amended the original 1975 authorizing ordinance since there was an approved settlement agreement between the private electric utility and the City of Fort Wayne Electric Utility (see Note 13). The amended ordinance requires that the settlement funds be placed into the Community Legacy Fund (renamed from the Fort Wayne Community Trust) to be used for transformational investment and to leverage additional resources.

Note 15. Tax Abatements

Tax abatements are a valuable incentive to attract new businesses into the Fort Wayne area. Its major impact, however, is to stimulate reinvestment by existing businesses by phasing in the amount of taxes they have to pay on new investments in real and personal property. The types of businesses targeted are those in manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, commercial, and/or service industries. Indiana Code 6-1.1-12 allows communities within the state to offer real and/or personal property tax abatements to be phased in over a period of up to ten years. Abatement percentages are on a declining percentage per year. As of December 31, 2023, the City of Fort Wayne offers abatements on two types of investments - (1) real estate and (2) personal property improvements and has an economic development staff that administers the tax abatement program within its corporate boundaries.

Abatements are granted for property located in an Economic Revitalization Area, defined as an area within the corporate limits of the city that has become "undesirable for, or impossible of, normal development and occupancy because of lack of development, cessation of growth, deterioration of improvements, or character of occupancy, age, obsolescence, substandard buildings, or other factors which have impaired values or prevented a normal development of property."

Applicants must complete and submit an approved application form and all of the required attachments, as well as a State of Indiana Statement of Benefits form. If both real and personal property improvements are involved, a Statement of Benefits form must be completed for each.

The Community Development Division staff will review the application and prepare it for the Fort Wayne Common Council's consideration and approval.

The amount of abatement is determined by the economic development staff based on a scoring point system which provides the guideline of over how many years the taxes will be phased in. The calculations are based on the amount of investment being made and not the actual assessed value which is determined by the County Auditor/Assessor's Office. Once the phase-in schedule is approved by the Fort Wayne Common Council, it is applied to the increased assessed value and property taxes adjusted accordingly. No other commitments are made by the City as part of these agreements.

Real Property Tax Abatements

For tax abatements related to real property, the purchase of land does not qualify for a deduction; only a structure or building. Abatement is only for the increase in the assessed value of the property through the construction of new structures, additions to existing structures, and/or the remodel or repair of a structure that results in an increase in assessed value. Projects located in economic development target areas are eligible for a ten year deduction (tax phase-in) from real property improvements. No other commitments are made by the City as part of these agreements.

Projects involving the redevelopment or rehabilitation of a speculative building of at least 50,000 square feet may receive a ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from real property improvements. Projects not located in economic development target areas may be eligible for a three, five, seven, or ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from real property improvements based on the local review system.

Personal Property Tax Abatements

Personal property tax abatements are for equipment and machinery used for the production, manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, or processing of other personal property. In addition, equipment used for research and development, information technology systems, and on-site logistical equipment are eligible for abatement. Used equipment can qualify for abatement if not previously used and taxed in Indiana. Projects located in economic development target areas are eligible for a three, five, seven, or ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from personal property improvements based on the local review system.

Projects not located in economic development target areas may be eligible for a three-, five-, seven-, or ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from personal property improvements based on the local review system.

Projects where wages paid on all jobs created are 10% or above the average wage in Fort Wayne by occupation and are eligible for a seven or ten year deduction based on the local review system may be granted an alternate deduction schedule.

Commitments Made by Abatement Recipients

In order to obtain an abatement, applicants must indicate that they will retain jobs and/or create new jobs at a specified total salary. Based on the duration of their phase-in, the applicant is expected to maintain 75% of what was indicated in their application or be found to be non-compliant.

Provisions for Recapturing Abated Taxes

Although the City does not have any formal policy concerning the recapturing of abated taxes should the recipient not fulfill their agreed requirements, once the City becomes aware of such a situation, the abatement could be terminated based on Fort Wayne Common Council determination.

If the taxpayer and /or applicant ceases operations at the designated site for which a deduction has been granted and the Fort Wayne Common Council finds that the taxpayer and/or applicant obtained the deduction by providing false information concerning the continuing operation at the facility, the taxpayer and/or applicant shall pay back the deduction as determined by the county.

Information relevant to the disclosure of those programs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 is:

Tax Abatement Program	Abat	ount of Taxes ted during the Fiscal Year
Real Property Abatements	\$	6,451,016
Personal Property Abatements		2,929,205

Note 16. Unearned Revenue

The City reports the following unearned revenue balances in the governmental funds as of December 31, 2023:

	I	Intergovern- mental		Installment Interest	Miscellaneous Other			Total
Parks	\$		\$	_	\$	58,680	\$	58,680
Community Legacy		_		5,707,943		_		5,707,943
Other Non-major Governmental		15,176,037		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		15,176,037
Total	\$	15,176,037	\$	5,707,943	\$	58,680	\$	20,942,660

Note 17. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City reports the following balances of deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2023:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total	Component Units	
Debt refunding loss	\$	_	\$	301,524	\$	301,524	\$	_
Outflows of resources related to OPEB (See Note 10)		23,775,313		2,614,549		26,389,862		627,179
Outflows of resources related to pensions (See Note 24)		73,207,169		5,567,786		78,774,955		8,443,394
Total	\$	96,982,482	\$	8,483,859	\$	105,466,341	\$	9,070,573

Note 18. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City reports the following balances of deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2023:

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities			C	Component Units
Inflows of resources related to Leases (See Note 5)	\$	533,472	\$	6,130,363	\$	6,663,835	\$	_
Inflows of resources related to OPEB (See Note 10)		28,992,476		4,013,725		33,006,201		3,129,870
Inflows of resources related to pensions (See Note 24)		2,095,391		656,827		2,752,218		1,680,913
Total	\$	31,621,339	\$	10,800,915	\$	42,422,254	\$	4,810,783

The City reports the following deferred inflows of resources balances in the governmental funds as of December 31, 2023:

	 Taxes Receivable	lr	ntergovern- mental	Assessments		Lease Receivable		 Total
General	\$ 8,426,511	\$	12,280	\$	_	\$	9,861	\$ 8,448,652
LIT-ED	8,800,000		_		_		_	8,800,000
Parks	861,773		_		_		22,070	883,843
Fire	2,159,179		_		_		_	2,159,179
Redevelopment	38,004		_		_		501,541	539,545
Other Non-major Governmental	1,626,002		5,726,139		176,396	_		 7,528,537
Total	\$ 21,911,469	\$	5,738,419	\$	176,396	\$	533,472	\$ 28,359,756

Note 19. Fund balance classification

City's governmental fund balances as of December 31, 2023 are classified as below:

	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED	Parks	Fire	Redevelop- ment	Community Legacy	Summit Dev Corporation	Non-major Governmental Funds	Totals
Nonspendable fund balance										
Inventories	\$ 825,132	\$ 1,136,074	\$	\$ 140,850	\$	\$ —	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$	\$ 2,102,056
Total nonspendable fund balance	825,132	1,136,074		140,850						2,102,056
Restricted fund balance										
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,558,658	2,558,658
Highways and streets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	593,451	593,451
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	800,578	800,578
Economic opportunity	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	207,559	207,559
Economic development	_	_	_	_	_	3,577,125	_	_	27,890,886	31,468,011
Urban redevelopment and housing	_								8,987,262	8,987,262
Total restricted fund balance						3,577,125			41,038,394	44,615,519
Committed fund balance										
General government:										
Street and road infrastructure	4,060,446	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,060,446
Betterments	1,379,193	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,379,193
Other	2,576,379	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,428,626	8,005,005
Public Safety:										
Other	150,654	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	16,022	166,676
Highways and streets:										
Street and road infrastructure	_	7,036,330	8,891,150	_	_	_	_	_	2,680,973	18,608,453
Other	_	_	2,325	_	_	_	519,630	_	_	521,955
Economic development:										
Riverfront Development	_	_	1,448,641	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,448,641
Strategic, marketing, and incentive funds	957,802	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	957,802
Skyline Parking Garage	_	_	_	_	_	26,853	_	_	_	26,853
Other	2,997	_	2,566,914	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,569,911
Culture and recreation:										
Parks property maintenance and operation	_	_	_	10,358,488	_	_	_	_	_	10,358,488
Urban redevelopment and housing:										
Harrison square stadium maintenance	_	_	_	_	_	253,636	_	_	_	253,636
Tax increment financing districts	_	_	_	_	_	1,912,401	_	_	_	1,912,401
Other						1,059,166				1,059,166
Total committed fund balance	9,127,471	7,036,330	12,909,030	10,358,488		3,252,056	519,630		8,125,621	51,328,626
Assigned fund balance										
General government:										
Betterments	153,463	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	153,463
Vehicle and equipment replacements	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,328,885	6,328,885
Technology upgrades	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	377,763	377,763
Neighborhood improvements	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,405,007	2,405,007
Debt reserves	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	23,297	23,297
Other	622,470	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,103,824	7,726,294
Public safety:										
Law enforcement training	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,996,990	2,996,990

	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED	Parks	Fire	Redevelop- ment	Community Legacy	Summit Dev Corporation	Non-major Governmental Funds	Totals
										(Continued)
(Continued)										
Code enforcement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,984,445	7,984,445
City-County communications operations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	879,982	879,982
Other	966,024	_	_	_	16,486,250	_	_	_	2,401,874	19,854,148
Highways and streets:										
Street and road infrastructure	_	_	35,859	_	_	_	_	_	5,678,598	5,714,457
Operations	278,824	8,934,578		_	_	_	_	_	_	9,213,402
Economic development:										
Downtown over/under passes	_	_	_	_	_	_	27,132	_	_	27,132
Community legacy transformation projects	_	_	_	_	_	_	38,827,617	_	_	38,827,617
Strategic, marketing, and incentive funds	_	_	289,627	_	_	_	_	_	_	289,627
Other	_	_	41,245,287	_	_	_	_	59,908	_	41,305,195
Culture and recreation:										
Parks property maintenance and operation	_	_	_	13,785,882	_	_	_	_	_	13,785,882
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	332,347	332,347
Urban redevelopment and housing:										
Tax increment financing districts	_	_	_	_	_	50,063,654	_	_	_	50,063,654
Harrison square stadium maintenance	_	_	_	_	_	1,696,639	_	_	_	1,696,639
Redevelopment parking garages operations	_	_	_	_	_	3,106,068	_	_	_	3,106,068
Debt service	_	_	_	_	_	7,163,164	_	_	_	7,163,164
Other						18,129,129				18,129,129
Total assigned fund balance	2,020,781	8,934,578	41,570,773	13,785,882	16,486,250	80,158,654	38,854,749	59,908	36,513,012	238,384,587
Unassigned fund balance	52,413,820									52,413,820
Total fund balances	\$ 64,387,204	\$ 17,106,982	\$ 54,479,803	\$ 24,285,220	\$ 16,486,250	\$ 86,987,835	\$ 39,374,379	\$ 59,908	\$ 85,677,027	\$388,844,608

Note 20. Redevelopment and Summit Development Corporation Projects

Grand Wayne Center Expansion Project

The Redevelopment Authority (RA) was established by the Fort Wayne Redevelopment Commission (RC) (a department of the City of Fort Wayne) and by Ordinance of the Common Council. The Mayor appoints the board members of the RA. The financial transactions of the RC are accounted for in a major fund titled Redevelopment Fund on the financial statements. The Redevelopment Authority (a blended component unit of the City of Fort Wayne) was established to account for the financing and expansion of the Grand Wayne Center (GWC). The GWC is a convention center owned and managed by the Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) (a discretely presented component unit of the City of Fort Wayne). The City of Fort Wayne does not directly benefit from the expansion, but the expansion is an integral part of the revitalization of the City of Fort Wayne's downtown.

The CIB titled the GWC to the Redevelopment Authority so the special obligation bonds sold by the RA would have a secured interest. For legal reasons, the RC leases the GWC from the RA. The RC subleases the GWC to the CIB. The CIB makes lease payments to the RC. The RC makes lease payments to the Redevelopment Authority. The Redevelopment Authority uses these payments to retire the special obligation bonds they issued to finance the renovation and expansion. The CIB will report on their financial statements a Loan payable, which is the net present value of the loan payable at December 31, 2023. The Redevelopment Authority will report on their financial statements the principal and interest payments made for the year.

The CIB exclusively will manage and maintain the GWC. When the special obligation bonds are retired in 2028 or sooner, the RA will transfer title of the GWC to the CIB.

Harrison Square Project

The RA was also chosen to be the financing entity for financing the multi-use stadium, public park, and parking garage components of the Harrison Square Project (HS). The RC transferred title to the HS real estate to the RA. The RA issued special obligation bonds secured by a lease of HS to the RC. The RC will make lease payments to the RA from the Jefferson Point Tax Incremental Financing Project and LIT-ED funds, and the Downtown Fort Wayne Community Revitalization Enhancement District (CRED). The RA will use these payments to retire the special obligation bonds. The RC has entered into a Stadium License Agreement and Stadium Management Agreement with Fort Wayne Professional Baseball LLC (a private entity) to operate and manage the multi-use stadium. ABM Industries operates and manages the parking garage. Revenues from these sources will be used to pay on-going expenses and capital improvements. When the special obligation bonds are retired, the RA will transfer title of the HS real estate to the RC.

Skyline Parking Garage Project including Ash Brokerage Building

The RA was the financing entity chosen to finance the construction of the Skyline Parking Garage Project (SPG). The garage will support an urban mixed use building totaling 170,000 square feet and consisting of retail and office space, and 124 high rise residential apartments. It will also support the payment for capitalized interest and all 2014A bond issuance expenses. The RC has transferred title for the SPG real estate to the RA. The RA has issued special obligation bonds secured by a lease of SPG to the RC. The RC will make debt payments directly to the Bond Trustee on behalf of the RA to cover expenses and debt service. When the special obligation

bonds are retired in 2034 or sooner, the RA will transfer title of the SPG to the RC. Funding for the debt payments are from tax increment revenues collected in the Civic Center Urban Renewal Area, along with other revenues made available to the RC. In 2016, CIB pledged \$6.5 million to the RC for ten years to the debt service. This is accounted for under GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. Annual payments are made from expected future revenues of CIB's food and beverage tax fund upon written request. The balance of pledged revenues at December 31, 2023 is \$1,625,000 and anticipated payments are scheduled below.

	F	Payments						
2024	\$	650,000						
2025		650,000						
2026		325,000						
Total	\$	1.625.000						

Skyline Tower Project

The RA is financing \$4 million of \$40 million needed for the construction of the Skyline Tower Project, which is the urban mixed use building referred to under Skyline Parking Garage, above. The RC will make debt payments directly to the Bond Trustee on behalf of the RA to cover expenses and debt service. Funding for the debt payments will be from tax increment revenues collected in the Civic Center Urban Renewal Area.

Electric Works Project Phase I

The Redevelopment Authority (RA) was the financing entity chosen to partner in the construction and rehabilitation of the Electric Works West Campus Project. The Electric Works project Phase I is to develop the former General Electric campus into a mixed-use district of innovation, energy, and culture offering office, retail, and entertainment uses.

The Board of Public Works (BPW) conveyed public infrastructure assets owned by the City to the Redevelopment Commission (RC). The RC then sold the assets to the RA which leased the assets back from the RA. The RA issued revenue bonds to pay for the asset the RC sold to the RA. The RC then granted the proceeds from the sale to the Broadway-Taylor Development Corporation (BTDC), (formerly a blended component unit of the City of Fort Wayne) in accordance with the financing agreement. BTDC paid out the funds to the Downtown Development Trust, who disbursed the funds to the development entity for development costs in accordance with the construction, rehabilitation, and repair agreement. CIB entered into an agreement with the RC pledging food and beverage tax revenue of \$65,765,000 as the source of payment for the principal and interest on the \$43,165,000 Electric Works Revenue Bonds of 2020. When the bonds are retired in 2045 or sooner, the assets will be conveyed back to BPW.

This pledge of food and beverage tax revenues from CIB is accounted for under GASB Statement No.48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues whereby pledged revenues will only be recognized in the current year financial statements for which they are obligated. Future pledged revenues are included in the notes and the following schedule outlines the anticipated annual payments ranging from \$1,439,000 to \$2,931,000 per year:

		Payments
2024	\$	1,439,000
2025		1,439,000
2026		2,929,000
2027		2,929,000
2028		2,925,000
2029-2033		14,651,000
2034-2038		14,646,000
2039-2043		14,643,000
2044-2045	_	5,859,000
Total	\$	61,460,000

Riverfront at Promenade Parking Garage

The Summit Development Corporation (tenant) and Redevelopment Commission (subtenant) entered into a parking structure lease with Fort Wayne Garage Associates Two, LLC (landlord) to lease the Riverfront at Promenade Parking Garage. With this agreement the subtenant will pay the landlord semi-annual rental payments over a 25 year period totaling approximately \$76.8 million. The City has pledged LIT-ED revenues for these payments. There is an option to purchase at the end of the lease with a tenant in common interest.

This pledge of food and beverage tax revenues from CIB is accounted for under GASB Statement No.48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues whereby pledged revenues will only be recognized in the current year financial statements for which they are obligated. The CIB and RC signed an agreement in which CIB pledged \$25,750,000 towards the lease payments. Future pledged revenues are as follows:

	Payments					
2024	\$	1,000,000				
2025		1,000,000				
2026		1,000,000				
2027		1,000,000				
2028		1,000,000				
2029-2033		5,000,000				
2034-2038		5,000,000				
2039-2043		5,000,000				
2044-2045	_	3,000,000				
Total	\$	23.000.000				

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds

These bonds are issued to provide funds for the construction and maintenance of the City's infrastructure, such as streets and utilities and certain economic development projects. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against property owners that will benefit by this construction, this funding activity is known as tax increment financing. Tax increment revenue bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Issue Dates	Final Maturity Dates	Interest Rates	Outstanding
2017 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds (Superior Lofts, LLC Project)	5/31/2017	6/30/2029	2.26 %	\$ 977,249
2019 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds (Fox and Main LLC Project) Series A	5/31/2019	12/31/2035	— %	2,102,622
2019 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds (Fox and Main LLC Project) Series B	5/31/2019	12/31/2035	— %	1,080,000
2019 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds (Fox and Main LLC Project) Series C	5/31/2019	12/31/2035	— %	750,000
2023 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds, Series A (Electric Works Phase II Project)	12/21/2023	8/1/2056	9.0% to 13.5%	9,805,000
2023 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds, Series B (Electric Works Phase II Project)	12/21/2023	8/1/2048	10.8% to 12.9%	36,195,000
Total Tax Increment Revenue Bonds				\$ 50,909,871

Note 21. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Consent Decree

Similar to other utilities in this industry, the FWCU sanitary sewer system is operating under a federal consent decree related to the Clean Water Act. After several years of negotiations with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), the EPA lodged a Consent Decree with the federal court on December 28, 2007. The Consent Decree became effective April 1, 2008. Under the terms and conditions of the Consent Decree, FWCU committed to reduce the number of CSO days in a typical year to one day on the St. Joseph River and four days on the St. Marys and Maumee Rivers. The infrastructure cost to reduce the number of CSO events is approximately \$340 million, concluding in 2025. FWCU also agreed to eliminate three known sanitary sewer overflows at an estimated combined cost of \$31 million by specific dates noted in the Consent Decree. Additionally, FWCU committed to maintain the entire sewer system to performance standards prescribed in the FWCU Long-Term Control Plan incorporated by reference into the Consent Decree. The Consent Decree further provides for stipulated penalties for failure to achieve specified construction milestones, reporting deadlines or maintenance objectives. FWCU is in full compliance with the Consent Decree's terms and conditions.

Aqua Agreement

As part of an Asset Acquisition Agreement ("Agreement") executed December 4, 2014, FWCU shall pay \$2.75 per thousand gallons of sewage conveyed to Aqua Indiana, Inc., and a minimum of \$1,505,625 per year for each of the first five years after effective date. The effective date is the latest of the following dates: 1) the effective date of approval by the IURC, 2) The effective date of the approval by IDEM in a manner and upon discharge parameters that are consistent with the

Preliminary National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Standards, or 3) the date of the Purchased Assets Closing, as defined in the Agreement. The rate and minimum shall be adjusted by a consumer price index (CPI) escalator and will cover an additional five years. For years 11 through 15, the rate will escalate by a CPI escalator and the annual minimum shall be \$120,000 per year.

Other

The FWCU have entered into many contracts for various construction projects. Remaining contract payments as of December 31, 2023 for each utility are as follows:

Water Utility	\$ 14,981,374
Wastewater Utility	74,263,808
Stormwater Utility	 363,433
	\$ 89,608,615

No Civil City Commitments and Contingencies as of the date of this report have been issued.

Major Utility Projects

Major contracts awarded subsequent to December 31, 2023:

Board of Works Award Date	Vendor	Major Contract Project Description	Amount
Water Utility			
02/22/2024	Ottenweller Contracting, LLC.	Carbon Dioxide System Improvements - Install Tanks 4	\$ 149,000
02/01/2024	Fox Contractors Corp.	Adams Center Road & Tillman Road Water Main	 2,726,007
		Total Water Utility	\$ 2,875,007
Wastewater Utility	!		
01/23/2024	Parkson Corp	CU - WPCP Headwork Screens Rebuild	\$ 1,374,250
01/23/2024	Donohue & Associates	CU - WPCP Scade Migration Pkg #6	268,750
01/23/2024	Jacobs Engineering	CU - CCM & RPR WPCP MCC-P4 Repl.	130,350
02/06/2024	Premier Power Maintenance	CU - 5KV Metal-Clad Switchgear - WPCP	103,058
02/15/2024	Krafft Water Solutions, LLC.	Buchanan St Sewer Separation	432,077
02/01/2024	Bunn Excavating, Inc.	Adams Center Rd Sanitary Sewer Extension	 5,822,021
		Total Wastewater Utility	\$ 8,130,506
02/13/2024	ESRI	CU - GIS Consultation & Implementation Services	 238,100
			\$ 238,100

Note 22. Subsequent Events

On March 12, 2024, the Common Council of the City of Fort Wayne approved additional appropriations of \$2,228,359 from the Local Income Tax-Non Reverting Fund, \$4,576,213 from the Local Income Tax - Economic Development Fund, and \$2,500,000 from the General Fund for the purpose of re-appropriating unused and unencumbered Supplemental LIT funds received in 2023.

On March 26, 2024, the Common Council of the City of Fort Wayne approved additional appropriations of \$1,323,047 from the Cumulative Capital Development Fund, \$1,881,508 from

the LIT-Economic Development Fund, and \$5,549,778 from the LIT - Nonreverting Fund for the purpose of re-appropriating unused and unencumbered funds from 2023.

On March 26, 2024, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the City of Fort Wayne (Civil City) to finance the purchase of various vehicles and equipment. Per the ordinance, all vehicles and equipment shall not exceed the gross cost, excluding financing costs of \$13,200,000.

On March 26, 2024, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the City of Fort Wayne (FWCU) to finance the purchase of various vehicles and equipment. Per the ordinance, all vehicles and equipment shall not exceed the gross cost, excluding financing costs, of \$1,700,000.

On March 26, 2024, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved an ordinance amending the not-to-exceed amount for a Construction Manager Contract for Riverfront Open Space Phase II - B between Hagerman, Inc. and the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana to a not-to-exceed the amount of \$1,665,339.

Note 23. Net Investment in Capital and Lease Assets

As of December 31, 2023, Net Investment in capital and lease assets is calculated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
Net capital and lease assets	\$	1,024,083,156	\$	1,536,220,314	\$	2,560,303,470
Less:						
Capital assets included in accounts payable		_		(24,663,835)		(24,663,835)
Total lease liability		(58,753,142)		_		(58,753,142)
Total notes and loans payable		(42,952,373)		(624,000,561)		(666,952,934)
Total general obligation bonds payable, net		(12,313,759)		_		(12,313,759)
Total special obligation bonds payable, net		(140,525,529)		_		(140,525,529)
Total first mortgage bonds payable, net		(6,325,241)		_		(6,325,241)
Total revenue bonds payable, net		_		(248,926,347)		(248,926,347)
Add:						
Debt not related to capital assets		2,720,000		909,577		3,629,577
Unspent bond/loan proceeds		67,620,729		132,618,948		200,239,677
Unamortized refunding loss			_	301,524	_	301,524
Net Investment in capital and lease assets	\$	833,553,841	\$	772,459,620	\$	1,606,013,461

Note 24. Pension Plans

- A. Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans
- 1. 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-7). The pension board consists of eight members, which include the Mayor, the Fire Chief, the Pension Secretary, four trustees elected from active members, and one trustee elected from retired members. The plan was established and may be amended by the plan administrator as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 60% continuation to the surviving beneficiary. Starting on July 1, 2019 under Senate Enrolled Act No. 85 (SEA 85), this benefit increased to 70% assuming the death did not occur in the line-of-duty. The benefit provisions of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-7. The benefit provisions for converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-8. Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid firefighters who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50% of the base salary of a First Class Firefighter, plus an additional 1% for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74% with 32 years of service. Starting July 1, 2019 under SEA 85, the 50% will increase to 52%.

Non-converted plan members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members age fifty with twenty years or more of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are unreduced for unconverted plan members. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 7% per year for converted plan members between ages fifty and fifty-two. Late retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner as normal retirement benefits.

Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Firefighter. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. For converted plan members, the disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If a converted member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member

does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two at the date of disability. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67% and permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100% of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by any increase in the base salary after commencement.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted plan members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 20-50% of a First Class Firefighter's salary, with longevity, or from 55-100% of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of plan members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefit described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Benefits for non-converted retired members are increased annually based on increases in the First Class Firefighter's salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired member benefits are increased annually based on increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3% maximum and 0% minimum.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than 12 months and not more than 36 months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions. When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. Members of the DROP are eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. A member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. Forms of payment include a single life annuity or a joint annuity with 60% survivor benefits. A member, upon retirement, may elect to forgo DROP benefits and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

Plan membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2023, consisted of 173 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-7-8) to contribute an amount equal to 6.0% of the salary of a First Class Firefighter until they have completed thirty-two years of service. There are no active employees. Therefore, there is no covered payroll or plan member contributions.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan. Benefits to members of the Plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations from the State of Indiana to the Pension Relief Fund. The Pension Relief Fund has been created within the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) and is administered by INPRS and is used as a temporary holding account for collecting State revenues and appropriations before funds are distributed to employers. Amounts required to pay benefits are distributed from the fund to the City. The City has recognized these on-behalf payments of \$6,517,193 during 2023 as contributions and benefit payments in the Fire Pension Fund. The plan is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 3 of GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*.

Investments

The pension plan's investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note 2. - Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Net Pension Liability

Standard actuarial techniques were used to calculate the total pension liability computed as of the December 31, 2023 measurement date. The components of the net pension liability of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan at December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 59,262,706
Plan fiduciary net position	(118,232)
Net pension liability	\$ 59,144,474
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.20 %

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were selected and approved by the INPRS Board of Trustees and are consistent with the results of an experience study adopted in June 2020, which reflects the experience period beginning July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2019.

The actuarial assumptions for the December 31, 2023 valuation changed slightly from the prior year. The interest rate decreased from 4.12% for the December 31, 2022 valuation to 3.71% for the December 31, 2023 valuation. This rate is equal to the Barclay's 20 year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2023. The salary increase of 2.65% did not change from the prior year. The cost-of-living increase of 2.65% did not change from the prior year for non-converted

members. For converted members the cost of living is as follows: 3.00% on July 1, 2022; 1.95% thereafter to 3.00% on July 1, 2023; 1.95% thereafter.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.00 %
Salary increases 2.65 %
Cost-of-living increases
Non-converted 2.65 %
Converted 3.00% on July 1, 2023; 1.95% thereafter

The mortality table used has remained the same as the prior year. The Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table (Amount-Weighted) with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019 was used for the December 31, 2023 valuation period.

The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Payroll method. The normal cost is calculated separately for each active member and is equal to the level percentage of payroll needed as an annual contribution from entry age to retirement age to fund projected benefits. The actuarial accrued liability on any valuation date is the accumulated value of such normal costs from entry age to the valuation date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.71% as of December 31, 2023. The discount rate decreased from the 4.12% used for the December 31, 2022 calculation of the net pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate considered the fact that the on-behalf contributions made by the State of Indiana are made as benefit payments become due for payment.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

	To			an Fiduciary let Position (b)	N	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance at December 31, 2022		59,633,878	\$		\$	59,633,878		
Changes for the year:						_		
Interest cost		2,401,981		_		2,401,981		
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,805,804		_		1,805,804		
Assumption changes		1,699,403		_		1,699,403		
Benefit payments		(6,278,360)		_		(6,278,360)		
Contributions - other				160,000		(160,000)		
Non-employer contributing entity contributions		_		6,517,193		(6,517,193)		
Net investment income		_		6,638		(6,638)		
Benefit payments, including refunds and employee contributions		_		(6,532,631)		6,532,631		
Administrative expense		<u> </u>		(32,968)		32,968		
Net changes		(371,172)		118,232		(489,404)		
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	59,262,706	\$	118,232	\$	59,144,474		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.71%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.71%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.71%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (2.71%)	Current Rate (3.71%)		1% Increase (4.71%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	63,698,596	\$	59,144,474	\$	55,151,829

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

Interest cost	\$ 2,401,981
Administrative expenses	32,968
Liability experience (gains)/losses	1,805,804
Assumption changes	1,699,403
Other contributions	(160,000)
Investment (gains)/losses	 (6,638)
Total pension expense	\$ 5,773,518

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,773,518.

At December 31, 2023, there were no deferred outflows or inflows of resources to report. All deferred outflows and inflows of resources arising prior to fiscal year 2023 have been fully amortized as of December 31, 2023.

2. 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-6). The pension board consists of nine members. Three are members by virtue of office: the Mayor, the City Controller, and the Police Chief. Five members are elected representatives of the active membership of the police department, and one additional member, a retired officer, is elected. The plan was established and may be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 60% continuation to the surviving beneficiary. Starting on July 1, 2019 under Senate Enrolled Act No. 85 (SEA 85), this benefit increased to 70% assuming the death did not occur in the line-of-duty. The benefit provisions of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-6. The benefit provisions for converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-8. Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid police officers who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50% of the base salary of a First Class Patrolman, plus an additional 1% for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74% with 32 years of service. Starting July 1, 2019 under SEA 85, the 50% will increase to 52%.

Non-converted plan members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members age fifty with twenty years or more of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are unreduced for unconverted plan members. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 7% per year for converted plan members between ages fifty and fifty-two. Late retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner as normal retirement benefits.

Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Patrolman. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. For converted plan members, the disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If a converted member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two at the date of disability. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67% and

permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100% of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by any increase in the base salary after commencement.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted plan members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 20-50% of a First Class Patrolman salary, with longevity, or from 55-100% of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of plan members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefit described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Benefits for non-converted retired members are increased annually based on increases in the first class salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired member benefits are increased annually based on increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3% maximum and 0% minimum.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than 12 months and not more than 36 months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions. When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. Members of the DROP are eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. A member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. Forms of payment include a single life annuity or a joint annuity with 60% survivor benefits. A member, upon retirement, may elect to forgo DROP benefits and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

Plan membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2023, consisted of 212 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-6-4) to contribute an amount equal to 6.0% of the salary of a First Class Patrolman until they have completed thirty-two years of service. Active employees have exceeded thirty-two years of service. Therefore, there is no covered payroll or plan member contributions.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan. Benefits to members of the plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations of the State of Indiana to the Pension Relief Fund. The Pension Relief Fund has been created within the INPRS and is administered by INPRS and is used as a temporary holding account for collecting State revenues and appropriations before funds are distributed to employers. Amounts required to pay benefits are distributed from the fund to the City. The City has recognized these on-behalf payments of \$8,009,449 in 2023 as contributions and benefit payments in the Police Pension Fund. The plan is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 3 of GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.

Investments

The pension plan's investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note 2. - Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Net Pension Liability

Standard actuarial techniques were used to calculate the total pension liability computed as of the December 31, 2023 measurement date. The components of the net pension liability of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan at December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 85,190,893
Plan fiduciary net position	(1,383,436)
Net pension liability	\$ 83,807,457
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1.62 %

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were selected and approved by the INPRS Board of Trustees and are consistent with the results of an experience study adopted in June 2020, which reflects the experience period beginning July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2019.

The actuarial assumptions for the December 31, 2023 valuation changed slightly from the prior year. The interest rate decreased from 4.12% for the December 31, 2022 valuation to 3.71% for the December 31, 2023 valuation. This rate is equal to the Barclay's 20 year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2023. The salary increase remained at 2.65% from prior year. The cost-of-living increase of 2.65% did not change from the prior year for non-converted members. For converted members the cost of living is as follows: 3.00% on July 1, 2022; 1.95% thereafter to 3.00% on July 1, 2023; 1.95% thereafter.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.00 %
Salary increases 2.65 %
Cost-of-living increases
Non-converted 2.65 %
Converted 3.00% on July 1, 2023; 1.95% thereafter

The mortality table used has remained the same as the prior year. The Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table (Amount-Weighted) with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019 was used for the December 31, 2023 valuation period.

The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Payroll method. The normal cost is calculated separately for each active member and is equal to the level percentage of payroll needed as an annual contribution from entry age to retirement age to fund projected benefits. The actuarial accrued liability on any valuation date is the accumulated value of such normal costs from entry age to the valuation date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.71% as of December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate considered the fact that the on-behalf contributions made by the State of Indiana are made as benefit payments become due for payment.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

	 otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Position		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 81,413,411	\$	1,173,071	\$	80,240,340		
Changes for the year:							
Interest cost	3,414,348		_		3,414,348		
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,289,676		_		5,289,676		
Assumption changes	2,734,584		_		2,734,584		
Benefit payments	(7,661,126)		_		(7,661,126)		
Contributions - other	_		47,929		(47,929)		
Non-employer contributing entity contributions	_		8,009,449		(8,009,449)		
Net investment income	_		111,286		(111,286)		
Benefit payments, including refunds and employee contributions	_		(7,932,140)		7,932,140		
Administrative expense			(26,159)		26,159		
Net changes	3,777,482		210,365		3,567,117		
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 85,190,893	\$	1,383,436	\$	83,807,457		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.71%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.71%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.71%) than the current rate:

	1'	% Decrease (2.71%)	 Current Rate (3.71%)	1	% Increase (4.71%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	91,199,655	\$ 83,807,457	\$	77,403,941

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Interest cost	\$ 3,414,348
Administrative expenses	26,159
Liability experience (gains)/losses	5,289,676
Assumption changes (gains)/losses	2,734,584
Other Contributions	(47,929)
Investment (gains)/losses	 (111,286)
Total pension expense	\$ 11,305,552

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$11,305,552.

At December 31, 2023, there were no deferred outflows or inflows of resources to report. All deferred outflows and inflows of resources arising prior to fiscal year 2023 have been fully amortized as of December 31, 2023.

3. Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan includes all sanitary officers hired before April 1, 1982 and is closed to new entrants. It is administered by the local pension board which consists of three members who are elected by plan members to three year terms. The City contributes to the plan as provided by a mandate of the Allen County Circuit Court, Cause No. CC-73-519. Plan members are employees of Allen County. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 60% continuation to the surviving spouse. The benefit provisions of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan, as authorized by Indiana Code 36-8-6, establish benefit terms for this plan. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50% of the base salary of a First Class Patrolman, plus an additional 1% for each additional completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74% with 32 years of service. Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Patrolman. The plan also provides a one-time \$12,000 payment in the event of the death of the retiree. The plan provides a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to the benefit each year. There are no active participants remaining.

Plan Membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2023, consisted of 14 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

The City is required by statute to contribute an amount equal to the funding deficit of the difference between receipts of the fund and the required disbursements of the fund (pay-as-you-go basis). There are no active members to make plan contributions. The contribution requirements of plan members for the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan are established by and may be amended by court mandate.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan. The assumptions used in the valuation are approved by the plan sponsor. Benefits to members of the plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations of the City. The amount contributed by the City to the plan in fiscal year 2023 was \$748,040. The plan is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 3 of GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.

Investments

The pension plan's investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note 2. - Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Net Pension Liability

Standard actuarial techniques were used to calculate the total pension liability computed as of the December 31, 2023 measurement date. The components of the net pension liability of the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan at December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 7,521,707
Plan fiduciary net position	(887,264)
Net pension liability	\$ 6,634,443
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	11.80 %

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions for the December 31, 2023 valuation of Pub-2010 Safety Mortality with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 remained the same as the prior year.

The cost method used was the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method and the asset valuation method used was the Fair Market Value. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 %
Cost-of-living increases	4.00 %

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Mortality with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 which reflects a reasonable estimate of future mortality experience for plans that lack sufficient size to build a credible customized assumption.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. The plan is effectively funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. It has been assumed that the 3.00% reflects the expected return on the general assets of the employer.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net Position		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 7,620,196	\$	634,265	\$	6,985,931	
Changes for the year:						
Interest cost	220,073		_		220,073	
Differences between expected and actual experience	206,546		_		206,546	
Assumption changes	_		_		_	
Benefit payments	(525,108)		_		(525,108)	
Contributions - employer	_		748,040		(748,040)	
Net investment income	_		30,165		(30,165)	
Benefit payments, including refunds and employee contributions	_		(525,108)		525,108	
Administrative expense	_		(98)		98	
Net changes	(98,489)		252,999		(351,488)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 7,521,707	\$	887,264	\$	6,634,443	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.00%) than the current rate:

	% Decrease (2.00%)	Current Rate (3.00%)		1% Increase (4.00%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,408,703	\$	6,634,443	\$	5,972,737

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

Interest cost	\$ 220,073
Expected return on assets	(22,757)
Administrative expenses	98
Liability experience (gains)/losses	206,546
Investment (gains)/losses	(30,165)
Total pension expense	\$ 373,795

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$373,795.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred itflows of esources	Infl	eferred ows of sources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	•	27.191	•	
earnings on pension plan investments	Ψ	21,191	Ψ	
Total	\$	27,191	\$	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

•						
Year Ended December 31:						
2024	\$	10,483				
2025		8,601				
2026		5,568				
2027		2,539				
Total	\$	27,191				

4. Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC) contributes to the Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan (Plan), which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a third-party. The Plan covers substantially all full-time employees and is administered by a Retirement Committee consisting of four trustees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone report. The Plan was established by the Board of Directors and the Amalgamated Transit Union and the Plan trustees reserve the right to amend, suspend, or terminate the Plan at any time.

Retirement Benefits

All full-time employees who complete 90 days of continuous employment and earn 1,000 hours of service in a plan year are eligible to participate in the Plan on January 1 of the year in which the 1,000 hours were earned. Under the provisions of the Plan, pension benefits from employer's contributions are fully vested after five years of service. An employee may retire at age 65 or after attaining age 55, provided the sum of the employee's age and years of continuous service total 85 (the "85 Rule").

The retiree receives annual pension benefits equal to \$225 times the number of years of continuous service prior to May 1, 1970, plus 3.2% of earnings after May 1, 1970, and prior to July 1, 2003; plus 3.0% of earnings after July 1, 2003, and prior to July 1, 2006; plus 2.7% of earnings after July 1, 2006, and prior to June 1, 2009, plus 2.0% of earnings after June 1, 2009, subject to a cost of living adjustment.

An employee who has reached at least age 55 and has at least five years of credited service is eligible for early retirement with a reduced pension. An employee retiring early receives a

percentage of the normal annual pension benefit. The percentage of the pension benefit at retirement remains the same for the employee's lifetime. The pension benefit is reduced by 0.25% for each month that the employee is less than age 65 at the date of retirement.

The terms of the Plan provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustments are based on the Consumer Price Index for urban and clerical workers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, and are limited to a maximum increase of 5% per year.

Disability and Survivor Benefits

The Plan also provides disability and survivor benefits. An employee who has at least ten years of continuous service and becomes totally and permanently disabled from service with the employer is eligible for a disability pension benefit. The disability benefit is calculated the same as that for a normal retirement without reduction for early retirement. Any disability benefit is reduced by the sum of (1) any amounts paid under and pursuant to the Workmen's Compensation or Occupational Disease laws of the State of Indiana; (2) any amounts paid under and pursuant to any sickness, accident or disability benefit policy or policies where such insurance benefits are provided under a plan of group insurance made available to employees by the employer; and (3) any amounts paid as sick leave compensation. If an employee who is receiving or is eligible to receive a disability pension benefit dies before attaining age 65, a monthly survivor benefit equal to 50% of the disability pension benefit may be paid to a surviving spouse to whom the employee had been married for at least one year.

Upon the death in service of an employee with five or more years of credited service as of January 1, 1970, a survivor benefit may be paid to the surviving spouse to whom the employee had been married for one or more years. This payment is equal to 50% of the benefit which would have been payable to a beneficiary if the employee had lived to the benefit commencement date.

Plan membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	101
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	38
Active employees	112
Total	251

Contributions

The contribution requirements for PTC and its employees are set forth in the collective bargaining agreement. The established rates are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Under the provisions of PTC's agreement with bargaining unit employees and personnel policies, all employees must contribute 1.65% of their gross covered earnings to the Plan. PTC contributes 10.6% of employee's gross covered earnings to

the pension plan. For the year ended December 31, 2023, employees contributed \$101,801 and PTC contributed \$654,473 to the Plan.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability as of December 31, 2023, was measured as of December 31, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Total pension liability	\$42,133,293
Plan fiduciary net position	(25,905,133)
Net pension liability	\$16,228,160
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.48 %

Actuarial Assumptions

The December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- An investment return of 7.50% per year, net after expenses
- Inflation of 2.50% per year
- · The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used
- · Wage increases of 4.00% per year
- · Cost of living adjustment of 2.50% per year
- Withdrawal rates: Varied from .0176 at age 25 to .000 at age 60 and over
- Disability rate: Varied from .0014 at age 25 to .0278 at age 60 and over
- Retirement rates: Varied from .0075 at age 55 to 1.00 at age 65 for reduced/subsidized early retirement and from .2625 at age 55 to 1.00 at age 65 for fully subsidized retirement
- Marital status was assumed to be 80% of participants and that the age of the spouse was three years younger than that of the participant
- The net position available for benefits was determined by smoothing unexpected gains and losses over a four-year period

Rates of mortality before retirement and after normal, early and disability retirement were based on the PubG-2010 Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2021. For disabled members, the RP-2000 Mortality Table for male and female disabled retirees was used.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on reasonable expectations for the Plan participants and the benefits provided under the Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was based primarily on historical returns on Plan assets, adjusted for changes in target portfolio allocations and recent changes in long-term interest rates based on publicly available information. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation (%)	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return (%)
Mutual funds - Equity	90.0	7.5
AFL - CIO Building Investment Trust	10.0	7.5
Total	100.0	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.47% for the year ended December 31, 2023. The discount rate of 5.47% reflects the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% and a municipal bond rate of 1.93% which was obtained from:

http://us.spindices.com/indices/fixed-income/sp-municipal-bond-20-year-high-grade-rate-index

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees through December 31, 2063.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	an Fiduciary let Position (b)	1	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 35,115,346	\$ 31,034,685	\$	4,080,661
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	815,141	_		815,141
Interest cost	2,123,479	_		2,123,479
Differences between expected and actual experience	106,653	_		106,653
Assumption changes	5,827,778	_		5,827,778
Benefit payments	(1,855,104)	_		(1,855,104)
Contributions - employer	_	654,473		(654,473)
Contributions - employee	_	101,801		(101,801)
Net investment income	_	(3,967,455)		3,967,455
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,855,104)		1,855,104
Administrative expense	_	(21,267)		21,267
Other	 	 (42,000)		42,000
Net changes	7,017,947	(5,129,552)		12,147,499
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 42,133,293	\$ 25,905,133	\$	16,228,160
· ·	\$ 	\$, , ,	\$	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

PTC's net pension liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 5.47%. The following presents PTC's net pension liability calculated using a discount rate 1-percent higher (4.47%) and 1-percent lower (6.47%) than the current rate:

	1'	% Decrease (4.47%)	 Current Rate (5.47%)	1	% Increase (6.47%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	21,455,533	\$ 16,228,160	\$	11,884,635

<u>Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2023, PTC recognized pension expense of \$1,764,377. At December 31, 2023, PTC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 91,108	\$ 257,946
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	3,035,721	_
Assumption changes	4,248,588	1,418,449
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 700,134	
	\$ 8,075,551	\$ 1,676,395

At December 31, 2023, PTC reported \$700,134 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from PTC contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2023, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:

2024	\$ 651,938
2025	1,790,642
2026	1,998,590
2027	 1,257,852
Total	\$ 5,699,022

5. Financial Statements for Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Primary Government

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Firefighters' Officer		925 Police Officers' Pension	ficers' Officers'		Total	
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	174,998	\$	1,606,217	\$	862,678	\$ 2,643,893
Receivables:							
Taxes		_				30,910	30,910
Total assets		174,998		1,606,217		893,588	2,674,803
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable		56,766		222,781		6,324	285,871
Total liabilities		56,766		222,781		6,324	285,871
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	118,232	\$	1,383,436	\$	887,264	\$ 2,388,932

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Additions Contributions: Employer \$ — \$ — \$ 748,040 \$ 748,040 Non-employer entity 6,517,193 8,009,449 — 14,526,642 Other 160,000 111,286 — 271,286 Investment income: 8 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions 8 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions Net position - beginning — 1,173,071 634,265 1,807,336		1937 irefighters' Pension	1925 Police Officers' Pension		Officers'		Total	
Employer \$ — \$ — \$ 748,040 \$ 748,040 Non-employer entity 6,517,193 8,009,449 — 14,526,642 Other 160,000 111,286 — 271,286 Investment income: — 8,638 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,638 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	<u>Additions</u>							
Non-employer entity 6,517,193 8,009,449 — 14,526,642 Other 160,000 111,286 — 271,286 Investment income: Interest 6,638 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Contributions:							
Other 160,000 111,286 — 271,286 Investment income: Interest 6,638 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Employer	\$ _	\$	_	\$	748,040	\$	748,040
Investment income: Interest 6,638 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Non-employer entity	6,517,193		8,009,449		_		14,526,642
Interest 6,638 47,929 30,165 84,732 Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Other	160,000		111,286		_		271,286
Total additions 6,683,831 8,168,664 778,205 15,630,700 Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Investment income:							
Deductions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Interest	6,638		47,929		30,165		84,732
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Total additions	6,683,831		8,168,664		778,205		15,630,700
member contributions 6,532,631 7,932,140 525,108 14,989,879 Administrative expenses 32,968 26,159 98 59,225 Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	<u>Deductions</u>							
Total deductions 6,565,599 7,958,299 525,206 15,049,104 Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions		6,532,631		7,932,140		525,108		14,989,879
Net increase (decrease) in net position 118,232 210,365 252,999 581,596 Net position restricted for pensions	Administrative expenses	32,968		26,159		98		59,225
Net position restricted for pensions	Total deductions	6,565,599		7,958,299		525,206		15,049,104
	Net increase (decrease) in net position	118,232		210,365		252,999		581,596
Net position - beginning — 1,173,071 634.265 1.807.336	Net position restricted for pensions							
	Net position - beginning			1,173,071		634,265		1,807,336
Net position - ending \$ 118,232 \$ 1,383,436 \$ 887,264 \$ 2,388,932	Net position - ending	\$ 118,232	\$	1,383,436	\$	887,264	\$	2,388,932

6. <u>Aggregate Pension (Income) Expense for Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans-Primary Government</u>

	F	1937 irefighters' Pension	1	1925 Police Officers' Pension	Sanitary Officers' Pension	Total
Interest cost	\$	2,401,981	\$	3,414,348	\$ 220,073	\$ 6,036,402
Expected return on assets		_		_	(22,757)	(22,757)
Administrative expenses		32,968		26,159	98	59,225
Liability experience (gains)/ losses		1,805,804		5,289,676	206,546	7,302,026
Assumption changes		1,699,403		2,734,584		4,433,987
Other contributions		(160,000)		(47,929)	_	(207,929)
Investment (gains)/losses		(6,638)		(111,286)	(30,165)	 (148,089)
Total pension (income) expense	\$	5,773,518	\$	11,305,552	\$ 373,795	\$ 17,452,865

B. Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. Public Employees' Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City of Fort Wayne including FWCU (the City) and Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) contribute to the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERF provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All regular full-time employees of the City and CIB who are not covered by another plan are eligible to participate. State statutes (Indiana Code 5-10.2 and 5-10.3) govern, through the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board, most requirements of the system and give the City and CIB authority to contribute to the plan. The Public Employees' Defined Benefit Plan (PERF Hybrid Plan) consists of two components: a monthly, employer-funded defined benefit component and a memberfunded defined contribution account (DC Account). The DC Account consists of member's contributions, set by state statute at 3% of compensation, plus the interest credited to the member's account. The employer may elect to make the contributions on behalf of the member.

INPRS administers the plan and issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. The report is available online at https://www.in.gov.inprs/ or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (844) 464-6777

Benefits Provided

The PERF Hybrid Plan consists of the sum of a defined pension benefit provided by contributions plus the amount credited to the member's DC Account. Pension benefits vest after 10 years of creditable service. Members are immediately vested in their defined contribution account. At retirement, a member may choose to receive a lump sum payment of the amount credited to the member's defined contribution account, receive the amount as an annuity, or leave the contributions invested with INPRS.

A member who has reached age 65 and has at least 10 years of creditable service is eligible for normal retirement and is entitled to 100% of the pension benefit component. This annual pension benefit is equal to 1.1% times the average annual compensation times the number of years of creditable service. The average annual compensation in this calculation uses the highest 20 calendar quarters of salary in a covered position.

A member who has reached age 60 and has at least 15 years of creditable service is eligible for normal retirement and is entitled to 100% of the pension benefit. A member who is at least 55 years old and whose age plus number of years of creditable service is at least 85 is entitled to 100% of the pension benefit.

A member who has reached age 50 and has at least 15 years of creditable service is eligible for early retirement with a reduced pension. A member retiring early receives a percentage of the normal pension benefit, which remains the same for the member's lifetime.

Starting July 1, 2023, under House Enrolled Act (HEA) 1001, members can begin receiving pension benefits while continuing to work in a covered position at age 65 with 20 years of service known as Millie Morgan retirement. There was no impact on the valuation report since no assumptions changed.

The PERF Hybrid Plan also provides disability benefits to members. A member who has at least 5 years of creditable service and becomes disabled while in active service, on FMLA leave, receiving workers' compensation benefits, or receiving employer provided disability insurance benefits may retire for the duration of the disability if they have qualified for social security disability benefits and furnish proof of the qualification. The disability benefit is calculated the same as that for a normal retirement without reduction for early retirement. Also, under certain circumstances, upon the death in service of a member, a survivor benefit may be paid to a surviving spouse or surviving dependent children under the age of 18.

The monthly pension benefits for members in pay status may be increased periodically as cost of living adjustments (COLA), however, such increases are not guaranteed by statute and have historically been provided on an "ad hoc" basis. These increases can only be granted by the Indiana General Assembly.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members, the City and CIB are established and may be amended by the INPRS Board of Trustees. The required contributions are based on actuarial investigation and valuation in accordance with Indiana Code 5-10.2. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to fund the pension benefits when they become due. A contribution of 3.0% of covered payroll is required into the defined contribution account. The City elected to make this contribution on behalf of their members in 2023. For 2023, the City and CIB were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate of 11.2% of annual covered payroll. For the year ending December 31, 2023 the City's contribution was \$7,604,803 and CIB's contribution was \$173,448 and equaled the required contribution for the year. The City's total contribution of \$7,604,803 includes the primary government and FWCU contributions of \$4,969,415 and \$2,635,388 respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation of the Public Employee's Pension Fund were adopted by the INPRS Board in May 2023. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2%
Salary increases 2.65% to 8.65%

No COLA for 2023 - 2025; .4% to .6%

Cost-of-living increases thereafter

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions from the prior year for mortality rates, disability, or termination and retirement, as a result of the 2015-2019 Experience Study. The mortality tables used were the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019. Specific mortality variants and adjustments are used for different subpopulations.

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the prior year's adoption of a new set of economic assumptions from the Asset-Liability work completed in May 2021. The discount rate remained unchanged at 6.25% from prior year, the inflation rate remained unchanged at 2.0% from the prior year, and the salary increases remained unchanged from prior year at 2.65% to 8.65% for 2023. Plan members were not granted a cost-of-living adjustment for the 2023-2025 biennium. It is important to note that this change in plan provision for cost-of-living does not change the assumption for future years beginning in 2024. The demographic assumption based on the plan's 2015-2019 Experience Study, was used in the June 30, 2022 valuation report rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The Average Annual Compensation was increased by \$200 for additional wages received upon termination, such as severance or unused sick leave, for active member. A change in the plan provision from the prior year included reducing the Millie Morgan Retirement eligibility requirement from age 70 to 65 (with 20 years of service). This immaterial change had no impact on the actuarial valuation. There were no changes in the funding policy or actuarial methods used in the prior year. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

The long-term return expectation for the INPRS defined benefit retirement plans has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the INPRS Investment Policy Statement. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. In order to determine the expected long-term nominal market rate of return, the asset class geometric real returns are projected for a 30-year time horizon. These returns are combined with a projected covariance matrix and the target asset allocations to create a range of expected long-term real market rates of return for the portfolio. A range of possible expected long-term rates of return is created by adding the forecasted inflation to the expected long-term real rates of return. This range, along with a reasonable alpha assumption from manager selection, ultimately supports the long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.25% selected by the Board as the discount rate. The assumption is a long-term assumption and is not expected to change with small fluctuations in the underlying inputs, but may change with a fundamental shift in the underlying market factors or significant asset allocation change.

To maximize the probability of achieving the target rate of return over a 30-year time horizon, INPRS's Board of Trustees approved a new asset allocation on May 7, 2021 that included the increased use of leverage. The explicit leverage enables the Plan to obtain additional investment exposure, which results in an asset allocation that exceeds 100% of invested assets. Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the plan's target allocation for total exposure is 115%.

	Target Allocation (%)	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return (%)
Public Equity	20.0	3.7
Private Equity	15.0	6.4
Fixed Income - Ex Inflation Linked	20.0	2.2
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked	15.0	0.5
Commodities	10.0	1.1
Real Estate	10.0	3.4
Absolute Return	5.0	1.6
Risk Parity	20.0	5.9
Total	115.0	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers would be, at a minimum, made at the actuarially determined required rates computed in accordance with the current funding policy adopted by the INPRS Board. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of 6.25%. Based on those assumptions, each defined benefit pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of the City's, FWCU's and CIB's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City of Fort Wayne, FWCU and CIB, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what their respective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease ((5.25%)		.,. =			% Increase (7.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	40,941,128	\$ 2	5,122,152	\$	11,932,241
FWCU proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	21,610,262	\$ 1	3,260,414	\$	6,298,284
CIB's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,399,962	\$	859,040	\$	408,017

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of December 31, 2023, the City of Fort Wayne reported a liability of \$25,122,152, FWCU reported a liability of \$13,260,414 and CIB reported a liability of \$859,040 for their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's and CIB's proportion of the net pension liability were based on wages reported by employers relative to the collective wages of the plan. At June 30, 2023, the City of Fort Wayne's proportion was .0071181, which was an decrease of .0004942 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022. FWCU's proportion was .0037572, which was an decrease of .0003239 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022. CIB's proportion was .0002434, which was an increase of .0000040 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City of Fort Wayne recognized pension expense of \$5,084,340, FWCU recognized pension expense of \$2,551,671 and CIB recognized a pension expense of \$186,908 based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. Each entity also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

City of Fort Wayne		Deferred Outflows of Resources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	513,991	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		5,758,066		_
Assumption changes		1,369,961		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		463,656		887,305
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,741,217		_
Total	\$	10,846,891	\$	887,305
City Utilities	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	li	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	271,304	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		3,039,323		_
Assumption changes		723,117		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		181,130		656,827
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,352,912		
	Φ.	F F07 700	Φ	CEC 007
	<u>\$</u>	5,567,786	\$	656,827

CIB:	Oi	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,576	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		196,894		_
Changes of assumptions		46,845		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		28,591		4,518
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		77,937		
	\$	367,843	\$	4,518

At December 31, 2023, the City of Fort Wayne reported \$2,741,217, FWCU reported \$1,352,912, and CIB reported \$77,937 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of their respective net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:

	City of Fort Wayne	(City Utilities	CIB
2024	\$ 2,602,651	\$	1,263,417	\$ 97,767
2025	247,027		13,602	23,990
2026	3,584,398		1,867,048	131,814
2027	784,293		413,980	26,817
Total	\$ 7,218,369	\$	3,558,047	\$ 280,388

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis of accounting used by the pension plan. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS financial report, which is available online at https://www.in.gov.inprs/ or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (844) 464-6777

Benefit Payment Policies

Pension, disability, special death benefits, and distributions of contributions and interest are recognized when due and payable to members or beneficiaries. Benefits are paid once the retirement or survivor applications have been processed and approved. Distributions of contributions and interest are distributions from inactive, non-vested members' DC accounts.

These distributions may be requested by members or automatically distributed by the fund when certain criteria are met.

Valuation of Pension Plan Investments

The pooled and non-pooled investments are generally reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Short-term investments consist primarily of cash, money market funds, certificates of deposits, and fixed income instruments with maturities of less than one year. Short-term investments are generally reported using cost-based measures, which approximates fair value.

Fixed income securities consist primarily of the U.S. government, U.S. government-sponsored agencies, publicly traded debt, and commingled investment debt instruments. Equity securities consist primarily of domestic and international stocks in addition to commingled equity instruments. Fixed income and equity securities are generally valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. Securities that are not traded on a national security exchange are valued using modeling techniques that include market observable inputs required to develop a fair value. Commingled funds are valued using the net asset value (NAV) of the entity.

Alternative investments include limited partnership interests in private equity, absolute return, private real estate, and risk parity investment strategies. Publicly traded alternative investments are valued based on quoted market prices. In the absence of readily determinable public market values, alternative investments are valued using current estimates of fair value obtained from the general partner or investment manager. Moreover, holdings are generally valued by a general partner or investment manager on a quarterly or semi-annual basis. Valuation assumptions are based upon the nature of the investment and the underlying business. Additionally, valuation techniques will vary by investment type and involve a certain degree of expert judgment. Alternative investments, such as investments in private equity or real estate, are generally considered to be illiquid long-term investments. Due to the inherent uncertainty that exists in the valuation of alternative investments, the realized value upon the sale of an asset may differ significantly from the fair value.

Derivative instruments are marked to market daily with changes in fair value recognized as part of investments and investment income.

2. 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund

Plan Description

The 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund (1977 Fund) is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan established to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to full-time police officers and firefighters who are hired (or rehired) after April 30, 1977. The 1977 Fund was established in 1977 and is governed by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board of Trustees in accordance with Indiana Code 36-8-8 to provide coverage to full-time sworn police officers and firefighters.

INPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. The report is available online at https://www.in.gov.inprs/ or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (844) 464-6777

Benefits Provided

Plan members vest after 20 years of service. A member who retires at or after age 52 with 20 years of service will receive a benefit equal to 50% of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter plus 1% of that salary for each six (6) months of active service over 20 years to a maximum of 12 years. At age 50, a member with 20 years of service may elect to receive a benefit reduced by a factor established by the fund's actuary. Starting July 1, 2019 under SEA 85, the 50% will increase to 52%.

The monthly pension benefits for members in pay status may be increased annually as cost of living adjustments (COLA), in accordance with statute (Indiana Code 36-8-8-15). Members are also entitled to an annual increase in their benefits based on the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (January-March); however, the maximum increase is 3.0%.

The 1977 Fund also provides disability benefits to active members. When an active member files an application for disability benefits, a determination is made by the local pension board, and reviewed by the INPRS Board of Trustees, as to whether the member has a covered impairment and whether or not it was incurred in the line of duty. The amount of disability benefit is based on when the member was first hired, the type of impairment, and other factors. Also, the heirs or estate of a fund member may be entitled to receive a \$12,000 death benefit upon the member's death.

If a member dies while receiving retirement or disability benefits, the member's surviving spouse is entitled to receive a benefit equal to 60% of the member's monthly benefit during the spouse's lifetime. Starting on July 1, 2019 under SEA 85, this benefit increased to 70% assuming the death did not occur in the line-of-duty. Each of a member's surviving children is entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 20% of the member's monthly benefit to age 18, or age 23, if a full time student. If there are no eligible surviving spouse or children, a dependent parent(s) may receive 50% of the member's monthly benefit during their lifetime.

Contributions

The funding policy for the 1977 Fund requires remittances of member and employer contributions based on percentages of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter and not on actual payroll. The employer contribution rate is actuarially determined. The required contributions are determined and may be amended by the INPRS Board of Trustees. Since the 1977 Fund is a cost-sharing pension plan, all risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating employers. For the fiscal year 2023, plan members were required to contribute 6.0% and participating employers were required to contribute 18.0% of the first class officers' and firefighters' salary. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the contribution for the member.

The City's contribution to the plan for the year ending December 31, 2023 was \$10,982,718, which was equal to the required contributions for each year.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation of the 1977 Fund were adopted by the INPRS Board in May 2023. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.00 %
Salary increases 2.65 %
Cost-of-living increases 1.95% or 2.65% for active 2017 House Enrolled Act No. 1617 members

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions from the prior year for mortality rates, disability, or termination and retirement, as a result of the 2015-2019 Experience Study. The mortality tables used were the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019. Specific mortality variants and adjustments are used for different subpopulations.

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the prior year's adoption of a new set of economic assumptions from the Asset-Liability work completed in May 2021. The discount rate remained unchanged at 6.25% from prior year, the inflation rate remained unchanged at 2.0% from the prior year, salary increases remained unchanged from prior year at 2.65% and the cost-of-living increases remained unchanged at 1.95%. The demographic assumption based on the plan's 2015-2019 Experience Study, was used in the June 30, 2022 valuation report rolled forward to June 30, 2023. However, there were no changes in the benefit provisions, funding policy, or actuarial methods used in the prior year. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

The long-term return expectation for the INPRS defined benefit retirement plans has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the INPRS Investment Policy Statement. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. In order to determine the expected long-term nominal market rate of return, the asset class geometric real returns are projected for a 30-year time horizon. These returns are combined with a projected covariance matrix and the target asset allocations to create a range of expected long-term real market rates of return for the portfolio. A range of possible expected long-term rates of return is created by adding the forecasted inflation to the expected long-term real rates of return. This range, along with a reasonable alpha assumption from manager selection, ultimately supports the long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.25% selected by the Board as the discount rate. The assumption is a long-term assumption and is not expected to change with small fluctuations in the underlying inputs, but may change with a fundamental shift in the underlying market factors or significant asset allocation change.

To maximize the probability of achieving the target rate of return over a 30-year time horizon, INPRS's Board of Trustees approved a new asset allocation on May 7, 2021 that included the increased use of leverage. The explicit leverage enables the Plan to obtain additional investment exposure, which results in an asset allocation that exceeds 100% of invested assets. Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the plan's target allocation for total exposure is 115%.

	Target Allocation (%)	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return (%)
Public Equity	20.0	3.7
Private Equity	15.0	6.4
Fixed Income - Ex Inflation Linked	20.0	2.2
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked	15.0	0.5
Commodities	10.0	1.1
Real Estate	10.0	3.4
Absolute Return	5.0	1.6
Risk Parity	20.0	5.9
Total	115.0	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers would be, at a minimum, made at the actuarially determined required rates computed in accordance with the current funding policy adopted by the INPRS Board. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of 6.25%. Based on those assumptions, each defined benefit pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(5.25%)	(6.25%)	(7.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 135,829,456	\$ 58,293,081	\$ (4,308,086)

Pension Liabilities (Asset), Pension Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of December 31, 2023, the City reported \$58,293,081 as liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on wages

reported by employers relative to the collective wages of the plan. At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.0569029 percent, which was an increase of 0.0017056 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$20,108,105 based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,149,856	\$ 116,791
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	23,895,265	_
Assumption changes	13,123,420	862,938
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	259,479	228,357
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,905,067	
Total	\$ 62,333,087	\$ 1,208,086

The \$5,905,067 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as reductions of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended Jun	e 3	0:
2024	\$	10,157,512
2025		7,585,237
2026		21,182,604
2027		8,573,224
2028		5,140,989
Thereafter		2,580,368
Total	\$	55,219,934

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis of accounting used by the pension plan. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS financial report, which is available online at https://www.in.gov.inprs/ or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (844) 464-6777

Benefit Payment Policies

Pension, disability, special death benefits, and distributions of contributions and interest are recognized when due and payable to members or beneficiaries. Benefits are paid once the retirement or survivor applications have been processed and approved. Distributions of contributions and interest are distributions from inactive, non-vested members' DC accounts. These distributions may be requested by members or automatically distributed by the fund when certain criteria are met.

Valuation of Pension Plan Investments

The pooled and non-pooled investments are generally reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Short-term investments consist primarily of cash, money market funds, certificates of deposits, and fixed income instruments with maturities of less than one year. Short-term investments are generally reported using cost-based measures, which approximates fair value.

Fixed income securities consist primarily of the U.S. government, U.S. government-sponsored agencies, publicly traded debt, and commingled investment debt instruments. Equity securities consist primarily of domestic and international stocks in addition to commingled equity instruments. Fixed income and equity securities are generally valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. Securities that are not traded on a national security exchange are valued using modeling techniques that include market observable inputs required to develop a fair value. Commingled funds are valued using the net asset value (NAV) of the entity.

Alternative investments include limited partnership interests in private equity, absolute return, private real estate, and risk parity investment strategies. Publicly traded alternative investments are valued based on quoted market prices. In the absence of readily determinable public market values, alternative investments are valued using current estimates of fair value obtained from the general partner or investment manager. Moreover, holdings are generally valued by a general partner or investment manager on a quarterly or semi-annual basis. Valuation assumptions are based upon the nature of the investment and the underlying business. Additionally, valuation techniques will vary by investment type and involve a certain degree of expert judgment. Alternative investments, such as investments in private equity or real estate, are generally considered to be illiquid long-term investments. Due to the inherent uncertainty that exists in the valuation of alternative investments, the realized value upon the sale of an asset may differ significantly from the fair value.

Derivative instruments are marked to market daily with changes in fair value recognized as part of investments and investment income.

C. <u>Schedule of Aggregate Amounts - Single-employer and Cost Sharing Multiple-employer Defined</u> Benefit Pension Plans - Primary Government

Primary Government:

	F	1937 Firefighters' Pension		1925 Police Officers' Pension		Sanitary Officers' Pension	Public Employees' Retirement Fund			1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and isability Fund	Total		
Total pension liability	\$	59,262,706	\$	85,190,893	\$	7,521,707	\$	200,271,351	\$	500,536,613	\$	852,783,270	
Plan fiduciary net position		118,232		1,383,436		887,264		161,888,785		442,243,532		606,521,249	
Net pension liability	\$	59,144,474	\$	83,807,457	\$	6,634,443	\$	38,382,566	\$	58,293,081	\$	246,262,021	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$		\$		\$	27,191	\$	16,414,677	\$	62,333,087	\$	78,774,955	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,544,132	\$	1,208,086	\$	2,752,218	
Pension expense (income)	\$	5,773,518	\$	11,305,552	\$	373,795	\$	7,636,011	\$	20,108,105	\$	45,196,981	

Discretely presented component units:

	Tr E	Fort Wayne Public ansportation Employees' tirement Plan	Е	CIB Public imployees' Retirement Fund	Total
Total pension liability	\$	42,133,293	\$	4,482,272	\$46,615,565
Plan fiduciary net position		25,905,133		3,623,232	29,528,365
Net pension liability	\$	16,228,160	\$	859,040	\$17,087,200
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	8,075,551	\$	367,843	\$ 8,443,394
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,676,395	\$	4,518	\$ 1,680,913
Pension expense (income)	\$	1,764,377	\$	186,908	\$ 1,951,285

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		General Fund										
	Budgete	d Am	ounts				Variance					
	Original		Final	Actual			Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$ 108,514,883	\$	108,514,883	\$	116,818,088	\$	8,303,205					
Licenses and permits	1,774,216		1,774,216		1,780,881		6,665					
Intergovernmental	14,983,983		14,983,983		2,315,721		(12,668,262)					
Charges for services	2,660,167		2,660,167		2,776,585		116,418					
Fines and forfeits	246,000		246,000		253,971		7,971					
Other	30,000		30,000		2,994,881		2,964,881					
Total revenues	128,209,249		128,209,249		126,940,127		(1,269,122)					
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government	31,891,314		29,879,864		27,089,018		2,790,846					
Public safety	76,228,324		75,636,005		74,350,963		1,285,042					
Highways and streets	12,693,448		12,398,443		11,525,522		872,921					
Health and welfare	4,349,568		4,299,210		4,155,037		144,173					
Economic opportunity	842,345		842,345		822,829		19,516					
Economic development	5,642,150		8,084,347		5,555,674		2,528,673					
Debt service:												
Principal	260,520		260,520		260,520		_					
Interest	5,180		5,180		5,180							
Total expenditures	131,912,849		131,405,914	_	123,764,743	_	7,641,171					
Other financing sources (uses):												
Operating transfers in	12,303,196		12,303,196		12,607,064		303,868					
Operating transfers out	(4,823,782))	(4,823,782)		(4,823,782)							
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,479,414		7,479,414	_	7,783,282	_	303,868					
Net change in fund balance	3,775,814		4,282,749		10,958,666		6,675,917					
Fund balance - beginning	53,428,538		53,428,538		53,428,538							
Fund balance - ending	\$ 57,204,352	\$	57,711,287	\$	64,387,204	\$	6,675,917					

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Highways		Parks										
	Budgete	d Amounts				Variance		Budgeted	l An	nounts				ariance
	Original	Final	_	Actual		Positive (Negative)		Original		Final		Actual		Positive legative)
Revenues:									_					
Taxes	\$ 9,960,000	\$ 9,960,000	\$	10,041,367	\$	81,367	\$	20,477,628	\$	20,477,628	\$	20,765,306	\$	287,678
Licenses and permits	_	_		_		_		60,123		60,123		74,748		14,625
Intergovernmental	15,386,060	15,386,060)	16,714,581		1,328,521		164,961		164,961		164,961		_
Charges for services	187,607	187,607	•	278,602		90,995		7,299,572		7,299,572		7,549,003		249,431
Other	294,900	252,000		907,716		655,716		3,714,785		3,714,785		3,963,272		248,487
Total revenues	25,828,567	25,785,667		27,942,266		2,156,599		31,717,069		31,717,069		32,517,290		800,221
Expenditures:								_						
Current:														
Highways and streets:														
Personal services	13,292,352	13,292,352	2	12,947,567		344,785		_		_		_		_
Supplies	5,189,766	4,159,167	,	3,218,035		941,132		_		_		_		_
Other services and charges	5,191,218	3,745,098	}	3,624,810		120,288		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay	13,697,029	10,993,341		10,955,072		38,269		_		_		_		_
Culture and recreation:														
Personal services	_	_	-	_		_		14,241,250		14,241,250		14,211,363		29,887
Supplies	_	_	-	_		_		2,483,220		2,578,918		2,571,822		7,096
Other services and charges	_	_	-	_		_		9,369,997		9,097,579		9,097,394		185
Debt service:														
Principal								875,000		875,000		875,000		_
Interest								380,029		380,029		380,029		_
Capital Outlay	_	_	-	_		_		7,081,256		7,081,256		7,081,256		_
Total expenditures	37,370,365	32,189,958		30,745,484		1,444,474		34,430,752		34,254,032		34,216,864		37,168
Other financing sources (uses):														
Operating transfers in	6,066,040	6,066,040)	6,066,040		_		3,508,429		3,508,429		3,508,429		_
Operating transfers out	_	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		_		(3,392,250)		(3,392,250)		(3,392,250)		_
Issuance of debt	_	_	-	_		_		_		_		_		_
Premium on bonds issued	_	_	-	_		_		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,066,040	5,066,040		5,066,040		_		116,179		116,179		116,179		
Net change in fund balances	(5,475,758)	(1,338,251)	2,262,822		3,601,073		(2,597,504)		(2,420,784)		(1,583,395)		837,389
Fund balances - beginning	14,844,160	14,844,160)	14,844,160				25,868,615		25,868,615		25,868,615		_
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,368,402	\$ 13,505,909	\$	17,106,982	\$	3,601,073	\$	23,271,111	\$	23,447,831	\$	24,285,220	\$	837,389

(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2023
(Continued)

		Fi	re		Community Legacy						
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive		Budgeted A	mounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Ori	ginal	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 51,470,926	\$ 51,470,926	\$ 52,013,919	\$ 542,993	\$	_ \$	—	\$ —	\$ —		
Intergovernmental	800,000	800,000	800,000	_		_	_	_	_		
Charges for services	544,331	544,331	587,560	43,229		_	_	_	_		
Fines and forfeits	26,980	26,980	30,575	3,595		_	_	_	_		
Other	271,512	271,512	858,324	586,812	4,	927,953	4,927,953	4,927,953			
Total revenues	53,113,749	53,113,749	54,290,378	1,176,629	4,	927,953	4,927,953	4,927,953			
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	_	_	_	_	5,	581,682	5,581,682	5,581,682	_		
Public safety:											
Personal services	47,148,593	47,148,593	46,693,291	455,302		_	_	_	_		
Supplies	2,114,639	1,768,719	1,290,652	478,067		_	_	_	_		
Other services and charges	6,147,542	5,899,576	4,960,146	939,430		_	_	_	_		
Capital outlay	196,364	271,808	200,496	71,312							
Total expenditures	55,607,138	55,088,696	53,144,585	1,944,111	5,	581,682	5,581,682	5,581,682			
Other financing sources (uses):											
Operating transfers in	_	_	76,996	76,996		_	_	_	_		
Operating transfers out	_	_	_	_		(15,680)	(15,680)	(15,680)	_		
Unrealized gain(loss)on investments											
Total other financing sources (uses)			76,996	76,996		(15,680)	(15,680)	(15,680)			
Net change in fund balances	(2,493,389)	(1,974,947)	1,222,789	3,197,736	(669,409)	(669,409)	(669,409)	_		
Fund balances - beginning	15,263,461	15,263,461	15,263,461		40,	043,788	40,043,788	40,043,788			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,770,072	\$ 13,288,514	\$ 16,486,250	\$ 3,197,736	\$ 39,	374,379	\$ 39,374,379	\$ 39,374,379	\$		

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE - MODIFIED REPORTING Last 5 Fiscal years

Comparison of Budgeted-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation

<u>Roads</u>	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019						
Arterial											
Budgeted	\$ 2,294,953	\$ 987,079	\$ 1,400,372	\$ 2,154,664	\$ 1,677,153						
Actual	2,088,642	986,874	1,556,758	1,950,997	1,929,163						
Collector											
Budgeted	1,416,118	570,704	1,482,201	1,087,971	814,183						
Actual	1,641,809	626,241	1,728,922	552,504	962,995						
Residential											
Budgeted	1,806,365	4,247,548	4,138,835	3,144,258	608						
Actual	2,103,672	4,543,560	4,468,458	2,051,322	3,239,968						
Condition Rating											
Arterial Budgeted \$2,294,953 \$ 987,079 \$ 1,400,372 \$ 2,154,664 \$ 1,677,153 Actual 2,088,642 986,874 1,556,758 1,950,997 1,929,163 Collector Budgeted 1,416,118 570,704 1,482,201 1,087,971 814,183 Actual 1,641,809 626,241 1,728,922 552,504 962,995 Residential Budgeted 1,806,365 4,247,548 4,138,835 3,144,258 608 Actual 2,103,672 4,543,560 4,468,458 2,051,322 3,239,968 Condition Rating Average Pavement Condition Index (PCI)											
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019						
Total System	5	5	5	5	5						

The notes to RSI are an integral part of RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS Last 10 Fiscal Years

1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

1307 Filelighters Fension Flam	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:							2017	2010	2013	2014
Interest cost	\$2,401,981	\$1,053,371	\$1,133,659	\$1,660,354	\$2,349,543	\$2,253,601	\$2,668,769	\$2,418,897	\$2,538,721	\$3,894,050
Plan amendments	_	_	_	_	392,271	_	_	_	_	_
Other changes	_	_	_	169,841	_	_	_	_	_	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,805,804	4,856,313	2,712,583	(1,318,091)	266,955	(771,016)	(803,350)	(1,112,671)	(948,708)	_
Assumption changes	1,699,403	(14,046,577)	(127,908)	(285,702)	6,750,904	(2,496,338)	3,725,207	(5,484,054)	(295,225)	11,845,931
Projected benefits payments	(6,278,360)	(6,310,004)	(6,018,886)	(5,888,423)	(6,142,452)	(6,220,867)	(6,375,604)	(6,613,140)	(6,734,075)	(6,806,308)
Net change in total pension liability	(371,172)	(14,446,897)	(2,300,552)	(5,662,021)	3,617,221	(7,234,620)	(784,978)	(10,790,968)	(5,439,287)	8,933,673
Total pension liability - beginning	59,633,878	74,080,775	76,381,327	82,043,348	78,426,127	85,660,747	86,445,725	97,236,693	102,675,980	93,742,307
Total pension liability - ending	\$59,262,706	\$59,633,878	\$74,080,775	\$76,381,327	\$82,043,348	\$78,426,127	\$85,660,747	\$86,445,725	\$97,236,693	\$102,675,980
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - other	\$ 160,000	\$ 134,134	\$ 27,244	\$ 25,251	\$ 23,672	\$ 312,891	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Non-employer contributing entity contributions	6,517,193	6,277,682	6,638,661	5,931,612	6,159,736	6,264,368	6,412,460	6,529,135	6,660,281	6,850,878
Net investment income	6,638	2,748	519	1,550	11,056	4,345	3,759	1,462	308	469
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(6,532,631)	(6,650,952)	(6,464,744)	(6,179,952)	(6,239,536)	(6,290,131)	(6,471,501)	(6,613,140)	(6,734,075)	(6,806,308)
Administrative expense	(32,968)	(31,435)	(30,423)	(29,160)	(27,659)	(25,931)	(26,395)	(25,919)	(26,184)	(22,055)
Other										
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	118,232	(267,823)	171,257	(250,699)	(72,731)	265,542	(81,677)	(108,462)	(99,670)	22,984
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		267,823	96,566	347,265	419,996	154,454	236,131	344,593	444,263	421,279
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 118,232	<u> </u>	\$ 267,823	\$ 96,566	\$ 347,265	\$ 419,996	\$ 154,454	\$ 236,131	\$ 344,593	\$ 444,263
Net pension liability	\$59,144,474	\$59,633,878	\$73,812,952	\$76,284,761	\$81,696,083	\$78,006,131	\$85,506,293	\$86,209,594	96,892,100	102,231,717
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.20 %	— %	0.36 %	0.13 %	0.42 %	0.54 %	0.18 %	0.27 %	0.35 %	0.43 %
Covered payroll	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A (Continued)								

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(Continued)

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Total pension liability:												
Service cost	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 26,680	\$ 29,083	\$ 79,928	\$ 96,205	\$ 168,319	\$ 95,039		
Interest cost	3,414,348	1,468,789	1,588,874	2,346,977	3,179,328	3,106,755	3,580,288	3,157,247	3,282,643	4,998,646		
Plan amendments	_	_	_	_	551,971	_	_	_	_	_		
Other changes	_	_	_	(205,455)	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,289,676	5,094,031	1,972,602	1,297,149	(2,199,919)	870,369	1,680,250	(1,510,890)	(1,898,421)	_		
Assumption changes	2,734,584	(21,977,855)	(191,808)	(466,036)	10,041,595	(3,714,553)	5,421,874	(7,707,128)	(411,528)	16,219,587		
Projected benefit payments	(7,661,126)	(7,491,556)	(7,425,788)	(7,383,061)	(7,501,565)	(7,764,205)	(7,728,852)	(7,620,221)	(7,809,396)	(7,759,395)		
Net change in total pension liability	3,777,482	(22,906,591)	(4,056,120)	(4,410,426)	4,098,090	(7,472,551)	3,033,488	(13,584,787)	(6,668,383)	13,553,877		
Total pension liability - beginning	81,413,411	104,320,002	108,376,122	112,786,548	108,688,458	116,161,009	113,127,521	126,712,308	133,380,691	119,826,814		
Total pension liability - ending	\$85,190,893	\$81,413,411	\$104,320,002	\$108,376,122	\$112,786,548	\$108,688,458	\$116,161,009	\$113,127,521	\$126,712,308	\$133,380,691		
Plan fiduciary net position:												
Contributions - other	\$ 47,929	\$ 4,639	\$ 12,818	\$ 8,017	\$ 12,982	\$ 1,210	\$ 5,007	\$ 17,264	\$ 5,830	\$ 288		
Non-employer contributing entity contributions	8,009,449	7,886,828	7,534,054	7,575,269	7,329,685	7,815,561	7,653,868 7,697,200		7,672,731	7,683,308		
Net investment income	111,286	8,889	1,879	8,232	22,753	12,240	9,608	3,607	872	1,399		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(7,932,140)	(7,761,793)	(7,740,719)	(7,484,412)	(7,690,273)	(7,589,135)	(7,777,843)	(7,620,222)	(7,809,396)	(7,759,395)		
Administrative expense	(26,159)	(24,954)	(24,171)	(25,612)	(24,138)	(22,822)	(21,489)	(20,986)	(21,153)	(16,092)		
Other										9,110		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	210,365	113,609	(216,139)	81,494	(348,991)	217,054	(130,849)	76,863	(151,116)	(81,382)		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,173,071	1,059,462	1,275,601	1,194,107	1,543,098	1,326,044	1,456,893	1,380,030	1,531,146	1,612,528		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$1,383,436	\$1,173,071	\$1,059,462	\$1,275,601	\$1,194,107	\$1,543,098	\$1,326,044	1,456,893	1,380,030	1,531,146		
Net pension liability	\$83,807,457	\$80,240,340	\$103,260,540	\$107,100,521	\$111,592,441	\$107,145,360	\$114,834,965	111,670,628	125,332,278	131,849,545		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1.62 %	1.44 %	1.02 %	1.18 %	1.06 %	1.42 %	1.14 %	1.29 %	1.09 %	1.15 %		
Covered payroll	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A (Continued)		

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(Continued)

Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

	2023 2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Total pension liability:												
Interest cost	\$ 220,073	\$ 229,391	\$ 223,742	\$ 236,185	\$ 236,737	\$ 248,168	\$ 258,481	\$ 268,017	\$ 289,729	\$ 249,800		
Differences between expected and actual experience	206,546	(6,385)	454,223	(28,219)	127,656	(109,373)	7,430	152,186	(206,270)	441,955		
Assumption changes	_	_	34,951	(127,609)	105,870	(30,322)	(115,284)	(236,913)	(312,832)	1,118,351		
Projected benefit payments	(525,108)	(543,672)	(502,068)	(486,881)	(490,822)	(487,940)	(502,059)	(500,056)	(469,080)			
Net change in total pension liability	(98,489)	(320,666)	210,848	(406,524)	(20,559)	(379,467)	(351,432)	(316,766)	(717,017)	1,341,026		
Total pension liability - beginning	7,620,196	7,940,862	7,730,014	8,136,538	8,157,097	8,536,564	8,887,996	9,204,762	9,921,779	8,580,753		
Total pension liability - ending	\$7,521,707	\$7,620,196	\$7,940,862	\$7,730,014	\$8,136,538	\$8,157,097	\$8,536,564	\$8,887,996	\$9,204,762	\$9,921,779		
Plan fiduciary net position:												
Contributions - employer	\$ 748,040	\$ 566,459	\$ 650,763	\$ 630,140	\$ 622,282	\$ 513,603	\$ 534,391	\$ 539,956	\$ 531,204	\$ 489,972		
Net investment income	30,165	3,533	1,008	2,344	2,117	2,117 978		246 83		4		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(525,108)	(543,672) (502,068)		(486,881)	(490,822) (487,940)		(502,059) (500,056)		(487,644)	(469,080)		
Administrative expense	(98)	(101)	(96)	(92)	(93)	(96)	(3,283)	(4,905)	(4,306)	(4,301)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	252,999	26,219	149,607	145,511	133,484	26,545	29,295	35,078	39,274	16,595		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	634,265	608,046	458,439	312,928	179,444	152,899	123,604	88,526	49,252	32,657		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 887,264	\$ 634,265	\$ 608,046	\$ 458,439	\$ 312,928	\$ 179,444	\$ 152,899	\$ 123,604	\$ 88,526	\$ 49,252		
Net pension liability	\$6,634,443	\$6,985,931	\$7,332,816	\$7,271,575	\$7,823,610	\$7,977,653	\$8,383,665	\$8,764,392	\$9,116,236	\$9,872,527		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	11.80 %	8.32 %	7.66 %	5.93 %	3.85 %	2.20 %	1.79 %	1.39 %	0.96 %	0.50 %		
Covered payroll	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A (Continued)		

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:										
Service cost	\$ 815,141	\$ 852,102	\$ 842,167	\$ 803,962	\$768,706	\$732,390	\$888,561	\$909,616	\$420,016	N/A
Interest cost	2,123,479	1,989,892	1,930,313	1,881,226	1,881,274	1,844,368	1,782,204	1,807,407	1,715,900	N/A
Differences between expected and actual experience	106,653	28,645	(897,222)	(8,058)	(380,775)	155,996	(1,110,216)	(434,710)	660,676	N/A
Assumption changes	5,827,778	(1,791,576)	(2,028,582)	(159,933)	820,610	232,956	(3,709,243)	308,182	11,107,744	N/A
Other	_	_	(18,672)	_	_	_	_	_	_	N/A
Projected benefit payments	(1,855,104)	(1,686,018)	(1,626,209)	(1,573,944)	(1,552,976)	(1,453,126)	(1,400,044)	(1,327,475)	(1,198,786)	N/A
Net change in total pension liability	7,017,947	(606,955)	(1,798,205)	943,253	1,536,839	1,512,584	(3,548,738)	1,263,020	12,705,550	N/A
Total pension liability - beginning	35,115,346	35,722,301	37,520,506	36,577,253	35,040,414	33,527,830	37,076,568	35,813,548	23,107,998	N/A
Total pension liability - ending	\$42,133,293	\$35,115,346	\$35,722,301	\$37,520,506	\$36,577,253	\$35,040,414	\$33,527,830	\$37,076,568	\$35,813,548	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer	\$ 654,473	\$ 579,639	\$ 605,714	\$ 593,452	\$519,967	\$515,762	\$475,644	\$490,473	\$494,353	N/A
Contributions - member	101,801	89,436	87,470	35,936	31,639	31,191	29,141	29,239	30,245	N/A
Net investment income	(3,967,455)	3,988,491	2,983,186	4,075,940	(839,119)	2,742,225	1,923,231	326,346	1,892,320	N/A
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,855,104)	(1,686,018)	(1,626,209)	(1,573,944)	(1,552,976)	(1,453,126)	(1,400,044)	(1,327,475)	(1,198,786)	N/A
Administrative expense	(21,267)	(27,771)	(23,735)	(18,105)	(18,543)	(26,058)	(20,144)	(21,828)	(17,179)	N/A
Other	(42,000)	(73,500)	(21,000)	(31,500)	(52,500)	(31,500)	(52,500)	(31,167)	(40,000)	N/A
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(5,129,552)	2,870,277	2,005,426	3,081,779	(1,911,532)	1,778,494	955,328	(534,412)	1,160,953	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	31,034,685	28,164,408	26,158,982	23,077,203	24,988,735	23,210,241	22,254,913	22,789,325	21,628,372	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$25,905,133	\$31,034,685	\$28,164,408	\$26,158,982	\$23,077,203	\$24,988,735	\$23,210,241	\$22,254,913	\$22,789,325	N/A
Net pension liability	\$16,228,160	\$4,080,661	\$7,557,893	\$11,361,524	\$13,500,050	\$10,051,679	\$10,317,589	\$14,821,655	\$13,024,223	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.48 %	88.38 %	78.84 %	69.72 %	63.09 %	71.31 %	69.23 %	60.02 %	63.63 %	N/A
Covered payroll	\$5,924,765	\$5,696,890	\$5,477,778	\$4,812,177	\$4,627,093	\$4,615,686	\$4,321,333	\$4,141,883	\$4,372,676	N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	273.90 %	71.63 %	137.97 %	236.10 %	291.76 %	217.77 %	238.76 %	357.85 %	297.85 %	N/A

^{*} GASB 68 requires that information be shown for 10 years. Until a full 10 year trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the the RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS Last 10 Fiscal Years

Public Employees Retirement Fund - City of Fort Wayne

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.71%	0.76%	0.74%	0.73%	0.73%	0.70%	0.69%	0.72 %	0.69 %	0.65 %			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$25,122,152	\$24,007,915	\$9,789,907	\$22,053,107	\$24,043,677	\$23,795,962	\$30,967,127	\$32,875,585	\$27,922,595	\$17,065,022			
Covered payroll	\$44,750,954	\$43,810,355	\$41,019,791	\$39,417,397	\$37,902,500	\$35,743,217	\$34,434,725	\$34,716,529	\$32,837,584	\$31,704,289			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	56.14 %	54.80 %	23.87 %	55.95 %	63.44 %	66.57 %	89.93 %	94.70 %	85.03 %	53.83 %			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.83 %	82.48 %	92.51 %	81.77 %	80.06 %	78.89 %	76.60 %	75.30 %	77.30 %	84.30 %			
Public Employees Retirement Fund - City Utilities													
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.38%	0.41%	0.41%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.41%	0.45 %	0.42 %	0.40 %			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$13,260,414	\$12,871,104	\$ 5,453,136	\$12,145,911	\$13,367,000	\$13,621,132	\$18,363,713	\$20,490,169	\$17,196,200	\$10,437,633			
Covered payroll	\$23,620,947	\$23,487,287	\$22,848,626	\$21,709,554	\$21,071,663	\$20,459,753	\$20,419,990	\$21,637,668	\$20,223,082	\$19,391,743			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	56.14 %	54.80 %	23.87 %	55.95 %	63.44 %	66.58 %	89.93 %	94.70 %	85.03 %	53.83 %			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.83 %	82.48 %	92.51 %	81.77 %	80.06 %	78.89 %	76.60 %	75.30 %	77.30 %	84.30 % (Continued)			

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(Continued)

Public Employees Retirement Fund - CIB

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 859,040	\$ 755,027	\$ 304,487	\$ 716,135	\$ 757,851	\$ 777,584	\$ 1,059,617	\$ 999,365	\$ 874,859	\$ 537,413				
Covered payroll	\$ 1,529,960	\$ 1,377,503	\$ 1,276,057	\$ 1,280,139	\$ 1,194,781	\$ 1,168,073	\$ 1,178,373	\$ 1,055,432	\$ 1,029,068	\$ 998,256				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	56.15%	54.81%	23.86%	55.94%	63.43%	66.57%	89.92%	94.69%	85.01%	53.84%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.83%	82.48%	92.51%	81.77%	80.06%	78.90%	76.60%	75.30%	77.30%	84.30%				
1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund														
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	5.69%	5.52%	5.51%	5.41%	5.36%	5.42%	5.40%	5.56%	5.50%	5.50%				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$58,293,081	\$ 35,759,673	\$(32,556,786	\$13,140,297	\$ 493,697	\$ (4,767,589)	\$ (834,304)	\$ 4,943,313	\$ (8,126,334)	\$ (2,805,462)				
Covered payroll	\$61,824,237	\$ 55,794,948	\$52,300,066	\$50,183,195	\$47,352,337	\$45,673,232	\$43,848,401	\$43,007,168	\$41,022,151	\$39,065,212				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	94.29%	64.09%	(62.25)%	26.18%	1.04%	(10.44)%	(1.90)%	11.49%	(19.81)%	(7.18)%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.35%	92.18%	107.78%	96.42%	99.86%	101.51%	100.30%	98.20%	103.20%	101.10%				

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the the RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years

1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Statutorily determined contribution	\$ 6,463,933	\$ 6,591,342	\$ 6,402,829	\$ 6,120,755	\$ 6,182,141	\$ 6,234,951	\$ 6,415,905	\$ 6,553,429	\$ 6,684,421	\$ 6,850,878	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily determined contribution	6,517,193	6,277,682	6,665,905	5,956,863	6,183,408	6,577,259	6,412,460	6,529,135	6,660,281	6,850,878	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (53,260)	\$ 313,660	\$ (263,076)	\$ 163,892	\$ (1,267)	\$ (342,308)	\$ 3,445	\$ 24,294	\$ 24,140	<u>\$</u>	
Covered payroll	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A										
1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Statutorily determined contribution	\$ 8,008,701	\$ 7,836,379	\$ 7,817,560	\$ 7,487,827	\$ 7,690,273	\$ 7,589,125	\$ 7,777,008	\$ 7,620,257	\$ 7,804,224	\$ 7,749,424	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily determined contribution	8,057,378	7,891,467	7,546,872	7,583,286	7,342,667	7,816,771	7,658,875	7,714,464	7,678,561	7,683,596	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (48,677)	\$ (55,088)	\$ 270,688	\$ (95,459)	\$ 347,606	\$ (227,646)	\$ 118,133	\$ (94,207)	\$ 125,663	\$ 65,828	
Covered payroll	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A										

(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

2022

Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

		2023 2022		2021		2020			2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Statutorily determined contribution	\$	525,108	\$	543,672	\$	502,068	\$	486,881	\$	490,822	\$	487,940	\$	502,059	\$	500,056	\$	487,644	\$	554,448
Contributions in relation to the statutorily determined contribution		744,625		566,459		650,763		630,140		622,282		513,603	_	534,414		539,956		531,204		489,972
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(219,517)	\$	(22,787)	\$	(148,695)	\$	(143,259)	\$	(131,460)	\$	(25,663)	\$	(32,355)	\$	(39,900)	\$	(43,560)	\$	64,476
Covered payroll	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A			N/A	A N/A		N/A			N/A N/A			N/A N/A		N/A		N/A			
Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation	n E	mployees	' Re	tirement P	lan	ļ.														
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016		2015		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	710,665	\$	710,664	\$	679,457	\$	679,457	\$	667,218	\$	667,218	\$	807,741	\$	807,741	į	578,442		N/A
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		756,274	_	669,075		693,184		629,388		551,606		546,953		504,785		519,712	į	524,598		N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(45,609)	\$	41,589	\$	(13,727)	\$	50,069	\$	115,612	\$	120,265	\$	302,956		288,029	_	53,844		N/A
Covered payroll	\$	5,924,765	\$	5,696,890	\$	5,477,778	\$	4,812,177	\$	4,627,093	\$	4,615,686	\$	4,321,333	4	,141,883	4	,372,676		N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.76%		11.74%		12.65%		13.08%		11.92%		11.85%		11.68%		12.55%		12.00%		N/A

Note:

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

^{*} GASB 68 requires that information be shown for 10 years. Until a full 10 year trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS Last 10 Fiscal Years

Public Employees Retirement Fund - City of Fort Wayne

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially required contribution	\$ 4,969,415	\$ 4,860,663	\$ 4,557,980	\$ 4,379,533	\$ 4,330,240	\$ 4,047,541	\$ 3,791,987	\$3,770,912	\$3,814,308	\$3,588,652
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution	4,969,415	4,860,663	4,557,980	4,379,533	4,330,240	4,047,541	3,791,987	3,770,912	3,814,308	3,588,652
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ —	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>
Covered payroll	\$44,369,777	\$43,398,777	\$40,696,250	\$39,102,973	\$38,662,857	\$36,138,759	\$33,857,027	\$33,668,857	\$34,056,321	\$32,041,536
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20 %	11.20 %	11.20 %
Public Employees Retiremen	nt Fund - City	<u>Utilities</u>								
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially required contribution	\$ 2,635,388	\$ 2,610,902	\$ 2,544,476	\$ 2,442,892	\$ 2,361,409	\$ 2,297,316	\$ 2,269,585	\$ 2,647,487	\$ 2,163,471	\$ 2,196,819
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution	2,635,388	2,610,902	2,544,476	2,442,892	2,361,409	2,297,316	2,269,585	2,647,487	2,163,471	2,196,819
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Covered payroll	\$23,530,250	\$23,311,625	\$22,718,536	\$21,811,536	\$21,084,009	\$20,511,750	\$20,264,152	\$23,638,277	\$19,316,705	\$19,614,455
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%	11.20%

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(Continued)

Public Employees Retirement Fund - CIB

	202	23		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Actuarially required contribution Contributions in relation to	\$ 17	'3,448	\$	161,302	\$	142,918	\$	143,376	\$	141,231	\$	132,152	\$	132,773	\$ 1	22,703	\$	112,723	\$	110,440
the actuarially required contribution	17	3,448		161,302		142,918		143,376		141,231		132,152		132,773	1	22,703		112,723		110,440
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 1,54	8,643	\$ 1	,440,196	\$ 1	,276,054	\$	1,280,143	\$	1,260,988	\$	1,179,931	\$	1,185,476	\$1,0	095,563	\$1	,006,459	\$	986,072
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.2	20%	1	1.20%	,	11.20%		11.20%		11.20%		11.20%		11.20%		11.20 %		11.20 %		11.20 %
1977 Police Officers' and Fire	efighte	rs' Pen	sion	and Disa	bility	y Fund														
	202	23		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Actuarially required contribution	\$10,98	32,718	\$ 9	,767,248	\$ 9	9,152,444	\$	8,897,155	\$	8,486,450	\$	8,115,740	\$	7,892,903	\$ 8	,409,766	\$ 8	8,246,875	\$	7,863,942
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution	10,98	32,718	9	,767,248	g),152,444		8,897,155		8,486,450		8,115,740		7,892,903	8	,409,766		8,246,875		7,863,942
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$61,01	15,100	\$55	5,812,846	\$52	2,299,680	\$5	50,840,886	\$4	8,494,000	\$4	6,375,657	\$4	5,102,303	\$42	,689,168	\$4	1,862,310	\$3	9,918,487
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.0	00%	1	7.50%	,	17.50%		17.50%		17.50%		17.50%		17.50%	1	9.70%		19.70%		19.70%

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

City of Fort Wayne:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 4,880,880	\$ 6,699,348	\$ 6,535,949	\$ 5,475,385	\$ 5,363,787	\$ 5,640,401
Interest	6,057,653	3,042,991	2,951,784	4,615,294	4,838,990	5,263,896
Difference between expected and actual experience	(50,375)	(7,597,378)	26,852	(13,601,099)	(2,424,305)	_
Assumption changes	_	(14,627,795)	_	19,309,328	369,173	_
Benefit payments	(5,380,844)	(4,870,088)	(5,539,334)	(4,638,689)	(4,849,516)	(6,575,323)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	5,507,314	(17,352,922)	3,975,251	11,160,219	3,298,129	4,328,974
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	137,189,546	154,542,468	150,567,217	139,406,998	136,108,869	149,907,424
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 142,696,860	\$ 137,189,546	\$ 154,542,468	\$ 150,567,217	\$ 139,406,998	\$ 154,236,398
Covered employee payroll	\$ 120,723,594	\$ 117,779,116	\$ 105,453,716	\$ 102,881,674	\$ 99,440,855	\$ 101,639,691
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	118.20%	116.48%	146.55%	146.35%	140.19%	151.75%

For all OPEB Plans (City of Fort Wayne, City Utilities and PTC):

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The schedule is presented as of the measurement date which is one year prior to the current fiscal year.

The notes to the RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

^{*}This schedule will be 10 years as information is available.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(Continued)

City Utilities (FWCU):

	2023		 2022	2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	428,382	\$ 663,188	\$	647,013	\$	495,334	\$	417,624	N/A
Interest		631,925	325,545		327,578		543,202		630,123	N/A
Difference between expected and actual experience		(9,321)	(116,252)		(531)		(2,517,874)		(1,745,425)	N/A
Assumption changes		_	(2,149,512)		_		2,203,003		54,393	N/A
Benefit payments		(965,024)	(900,997)		(1,189,538)		(586,501)		(728,202)	N/A
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		85,962	(2,178,028)		(215,478)		137,164		(1,371,487)	N/A
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		14,499,700	16,677,728		16,893,206		16,756,042		18,127,529	N/A
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	14,585,662	\$ 14,499,700	\$	16,677,728	\$	16,893,206	\$	16,756,042	N/A
Covered employee payroll	\$	24,009,436	\$ 23,423,840	\$	22,798,509	\$	22,242,448	\$	21,422,072	N/A
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		60.75%	61.90%		73.15%		75.95%		78.22%	N/A

The following changes in the discount rate occurred for both the City of Fort Wayne and FWCU:

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the discount rate of 4.31% remained the same as the prior year.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the discount rate changed from 1.93% at the beginning of the measurement period to 4.31% at the end of the measurement period.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the discount rate of 1.93% remained the same as the prior year.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the discount rate changed from 3.26% at the beginning of the measurement period to 1.93% at the end of the measurement period.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the discount rate changed from 3.50% at the beginning of the measurement period to 3.26% at the end of the measurement period.

N/A - Information to segregate FWCU's proportionate share of the OPEB liability was not available for the year ended December 31, 2018 and therefore it was included in the City of Fort Wayne figures above. Starting with the year ended December 31, 2019, actuarial figures have been obtained to separately report these.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(Continued)

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 304,563	\$ 435,394	\$ 407,574	\$ 399,857	\$ 380,816	\$ 314,864
Interest	256,400	162,290	159,146	217,521	221,829	246,066
Changes of benefit terms	114,991	_	_	_	_	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,135,290)	(219,168)	(1,057,004)	_	(716,951)	_
Changes in assumptions	275,893	(1,405,001)	(442,539)	927,001	550,910	449,556
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(106,631)	(128,009)	(322,976)	(594,632)	(553,146)	(510,336)
Net change in Total OPEB liability	(290,074)	(1,154,494)	(1,255,799)	949,747	(116,542)	500,150
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	5,751,028	6,905,522	8,161,321	7,211,574	7,328,116	6,827,966
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 5,460,954	\$ 5,751,028	\$ 6,905,522	\$ 8,161,321	\$ 7,211,574	\$ 7,328,116
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,449,583	\$ 8,058,936	\$ 7,748,977	\$ 7,450,939	\$ 7,164,364	\$ 5,038,925
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	64.63 %	% 71.36 %	89.12 %	109.53 %	100.66 %	145.43 %

The following changes in the discount rate occurred for Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation:

For the year ended December 31, 2023:

The discount rate changed from 4.31% at the beginning of the measurement period to 4.00% at the end of the measurement period.

For the year ended December 31, 2022:

The discount rate changed from 2.25% at the beginning of the measurement period to 4.31% at the end of the measurement period.

For the year ended December 31, 2021:

The discount rate changed from 1.93% at the beginning of the measurement period to 2.25% at the end of the measurement period.

For the year ended December 31, 2020:

The discount rate changed from 3.10% at the beginning of the measurement period to 1.93% at the end of the measurement period.

For the year ended December 31, 2019:

The discount rate changed from 3.03% at the beginning of the measurement period to 3.10% at the end of the measurement period.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

- A. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules:
 - The Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
 - 2. Prior to adoption, the City advertises the budget and the City Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
 - 3. In October of each year the budget is approved by the City Council through passage of an ordinance.
 - 4. Copies of the budget ordinance and advertisements are sent to the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. The budget becomes legally enacted after the City Controller receives approval from the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. The budget ordinance as approved by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance becomes the City's expenditures budget. The City's maximum tax levy is restricted by Indiana Law, with certain adjustments and exceptions. If the advertised budget exceeds the spending and tax limits of the state control laws, an excess levy can be granted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance, upon appeal by the City.
 - 5. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations without the governing body's approval) is by object classification for all funds except for the General fund, which is by object classification within each department. The City's management cannot transfer budgeted appropriations between object classifications of a budget, without approval of the City Council. Any revisions that alter the total appropriations for any fund or any department of the General fund must be approved by the City Council and, in some instances, by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance.
 - 6. Formal budgetary integration is required by State statute and is employed as a management control device. An annual budget was legally adopted for the following funds:

Major Funds:

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds:

Highways and Streets, Parks, Fire, and Community Legacy

Capital Projects Funds:

LIT-ED and Redevelopment

Non-Major Funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

Parking Meter, Law Enforcement Training, Cable Television,

Unsafe Building, Public Safety LIT, Domestic Violence, and American Rescue Plan Act Capital Projects Funds:

Cumulative Capital Improvement and Cumulative Capital Development

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023 (Continued)

- 7. The City's budgetary process is based upon GAAP. Appropriations lapse with the expiration of the budgetary period unless encumbered by a purchase order or contract. Encumbered appropriations are carried over and added to the subsequent year's budget.
- Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council and approved by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance in the regular legal manner. Net increases to the original appropriations totaled \$19,473,240 in 2023.

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2023, there were no expenditures that exceeded the budgeted appropriations.

Note 2. Infrastructure Assets - Modified Approach

In 2016, a new pavement condition rating system was implemented that evaluated every segment of street in the City of Fort Wayne. The condition of the road system is measured using a pavement assessment system called PASER. This system considers the worst distress factor found in pavement surface and assigns the corresponding numeric value to that distress. The PASER rating system uses a measurement scale that is based upon an index ranging from 1 - 10. These condition categories are "Excellent" (10-9), "Very Good" (8), "Good" (7-6), "Fair" (5-4), "Poor" (3), and "Very Poor" (2-1).

Condition reports using a weighted average are compiled on an annual basis to determine the total system's status. Keeping the database up to date will ensure the City is addressing that part of the infrastructure needing the most attention and to determine from year to year how well infrastructure is being maintained. The City assesses all of the system miles each year to keep the information current.

It is the City's goal to maintain our road pavement infrastructure at a condition of "Good". Reacting to the downward trend in the PCI ratings, the City formed a Fiscal Policy Group in 2012 to develop a long term plan to find sustainable revenue sources to support infrastructure quality. The Mayor, based on the recommendation of the Group, adopted a minimum spending goal for streets and roads of \$18 million per year. To achieve that level of funding, the Group recommended changes to Local Option Income Taxes as well as key component elements to Property Taxes. These changes were adopted, creating sustainable new revenues in excess of \$10 million. Subsequently, another Fiscal Policy Group revised the minimum spending goal to \$25 million. The Municipal Motor Vehicle License Excise Surtax and Municipal Wheel Tax were passed in 2016 to fill that gap. The Municipal Wheel Tax / Surtax generates approximately \$4.8 million in new revenues. Also, assisting the City in achieving its goal, the Indiana General Assembly passed HEA 1002 in April of 2017, which, in part, provides around \$4.7 million annually for streets and roads. The City will continue to monitor its infrastructure spending in order to assure a needed and stable level of funding for infrastructure in order to meet our goal of "Good" for road pavement infrastructure. The change in ratings between 2015 and 2016 represented a switch from the PCI rating system which used a scale ranging between -135 and 100, to a more universally adopted PASER rating system that uses a scale ranging between 1 and 10. In 2016, the City hired a consultant to rerate all 1,166 centerline miles of pavement. The City continues to re-rate these streets annually.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023 (Continued)

Factors that significantly affect trends in the road maintenance schedule include:

- 1. Winter weather conditions that result in excessive "freeze-thaw" activity.
- 2. Summer weather conditions that result in excessive heat. Under extreme heat, asphalt can become soft and buckle. Concrete suffers from a condition known as "blow ups." The ground under the concrete roads and the roads themselves begin to expand during exceptionally high temperatures. The concrete can find no other way to expand than to "blow up."
- Conflicts with utilities. Utility work that results in the disruption of a road surface will weaken the original integrity of the structure. More repairs may become necessary once a road's initial structure has been altered.
- 4. Extreme loading. Each road is rated for a certain percentage of traffic coming from trucks. When the percentage exceeds the rating, damage to the road will occur.
- 5. The presence of water. Excessive water levels from winter thaw, high rains, water pipe breaks, or higher than usual water tables can cause rapid deterioration of roads.
- 6. The continuously increasing costs of construction impede our ability to plan and budget for too many years into the future.

Addressing only streets that are rated as poor does not improve the average ratings. This is known as fixing the worst first. We need to address some of the streets that are rated good and fair so that the average ratings will stay where we need it. This is known as taking a "mix of fixes" approach that is known to provide the best long term maintenance of roadways. In 2019, we started addressing these "good" rated streets under a pavement prevention program. We treated 5 miles in 2019 and are now doing around 10 miles a year. We are working on implementing Roadsoft pavement management system so that we can determine the best mix of fixes to maintain our roadways at the best rating at the least amount of cost. The City is also looking at expanding its crack sealing efforts to extend the life of the asphalt surfaces.

Note 3. Financial Reporting - Pension Plans

A. Changes of assumptions.

- 1. The interest rate for the 1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension plans decreased from 4.12% for the December 31, 2022 valuation to 3.71% for the December 31, 2023 valuation, based on the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate.
- 2. For the Sanitary Officers' Pension plan, in 2023, there was a change from the Pub-2010 Safety Mortality with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 to the use of the same base mortality but with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021.
- 3. For the Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan, the mortality tables changed from the use of RP 2014 Mortality Table with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2019 and RP-2000 for disabled members in 2022 to PubG-2010 Mortality Table with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2021. For disabled members, the RP-2000 Mortality was still used. There was also a change in the discount rate from 6.08% used in 2022 to 5.47% for 2023.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2023 (Continued)

4. For the Public Employees Retirement Fund, in 2023, there was no change from the use of the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019. Specific mortality variants and adjustments are used for different subpopulations.

There were minor changes in economic assumptions in 2023 from the prior year. The discount rate of 6.25% remained unchanged, the inflation rate of 2.0% remained unchanged, and the salary increases remained unchanged from prior year at the range of 2.65% to 8.65%. For 2023, no cost-of-living adjustment was approved as compared to 1.00% in the prior year.

5. For the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension, in 2023, there was no change from the use of the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019. Specific mortality variants and adjustments are used for different subpopulations.

There were no changes in economic assumptions in 2023 from the prior year. The discount rate of 6.25% remained unchanged, the inflation rate of 2.0% remained unchanged, the salary increases remained unchanged at 2.65% and the cost-of-living increases remained unchanged at 1.95%.

B. Method and assumptions used in the calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of the 1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension plans contributions are calculated as of December 31, 2023. The following actuarial method and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in their respective schedules:

1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plans

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years Inflation 2.00% Salary increases 2.65% Cost-of-Living Increases 2.65%

3.00% on July 1, 2023; 1.95% thereafter

Discount rate 3.71% (Based on Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index

rate)

Mortality assumption Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Amount-

Weighted) with fully generational projection of mortality

improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2023 (Continued)

Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years Inflation 3.0%

Cost-of-Living Increases 4.0%

Discount rate 3.0%

Mortality assumption Pub-2010 Safety Mortality with Mortality Improvement Scale

MP-2021

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Asset valuation method Market value as reported by Wells Fargo Bank

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 4% (1% merit plus 3% general increase)

Cost-of-Living Increases 2.5% Investment rate of return 7.5%

Retirement age 65, with five years of continuous employment

Mortality assumption PubG-2010 Mortality Table for males and females, as

appropriate with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2021, for disabled members - RP2000

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - the general operating fund of the City. Tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. The general operating expenditures of the City are paid from the General Fund.

Those departments by function that are included in the General Fund are:

General Government:

Mayor

Finance & Administration

City Clerk

City Council

Board of Works

Law

Internal Audit

Public Safety:

Police Merit Commission

Police

Highways and Streets:

Street Lighting

Flood

Transportation Engineering

Infrastructure

Health and Welfare:

Animal Control

Economic Opportunity:

Metropolitan Human Relations

Economic Development:

Community Development

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for revenues derived for a specific purpose. The title of the fund is descriptive of the activities involved.

Highways and Streets - funds set aside from state gasoline tax distributions and local wheel taxes for the specific purpose of constructing and maintaining local streets and alleys.

Parks - to account for the operation of the City park system.

Fire - to account for the operation of the Fire District.

Community Legacy - to account for financial resources and expenses or projects that are of public interest and related to transformational investment in the community.

Capital Projects Funds - are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

LIT-ED - to account for revenues received from the Local Income Tax - Economic Development distribution (LIT-ED) and for construction of projects funded by these revenues.

Redevelopment - to account for the redevelopment functions of the City.

Summit Development Corp - to account for the activities of the Summit Development Corp.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance
Function and Department	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
General government:	<u> </u>		7101001	(regative)
Mayor				
Personal services	\$ 2,611,887	\$ 2,611,887	\$ 2,587,864	\$ 24,023
Supplies	15,822	15,822	11,161	4,661
Other services and charges	142,722	135,708	99,602	36,106
Finance & Administration				
Personal services	3,057,036	3,057,036	2,942,881	114,155
Supplies	631,910	460,886	390,809	70,077
Other services and charges	13,267,682	12,663,823	10,366,899	2,296,924
Capital outlay	8,627,703	7,441,355	7,440,762	593
City Clerk				
Personal services	724,919	724,919	701,518	23,401
Supplies	8,500	8,500	4,381	4,119
Other services and charges	61,301	61,301	51,587	9,714
City Council				
Personal services	679,443	679,443	678,104	1,339
Supplies	3,000	3,000	698	2,302
Other services and charges	179,007	179,007	39,509	139,498
Board of Works				
Personal services	698,399	698,399	697,541	858
Supplies	7,548	7,548	3,189	4,359
Other services and charges	40,457	40,457	21,807	18,650
Law				
Personal services	689,659	689,659	653,373	36,286
Supplies	1,750	1,750	867	883
Other services and charges	66,902	66,902	64,729	2,173
Internal Audit	054.750	040.050	040.047	044
Personal services	354,758	318,258	318,017	241
Supplies	450	450	308	142
Other services and charges	20,459	13,754	13,412	342
Total General government	31,891,314	29,879,864	27,089,018	2,790,846
Public safety: Police Merit Commission				
Personal services	4 000	4,900	3,790	1,110
	4,900 2,050	2,050	3,790 19	2,031
Supplies Other convices and charges	3,500	3,500	800	2,700
Other services and charges Police	3,300	3,300	800	2,700
Personal services	61,804,330	61,804,330	61,731,254	73,076
Supplies	4,274,558	3,739,680	3,173,842	565,838
Other services and charges	10,122,986	10,065,545	9,427,258	638,287
Capital outlay	16,000	16,000	14,000	2,000
Total Public safety	76,228,324	75,636,005	74,350,963	1,285,042
	. 5,225,521	. 5,555,556	,555,556	.,

CITY OF FORT WAYNE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
Function and Department	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Highways and streets:				
Street Lighting/Flood/Transp Engineering/Infrastruc	ture			
Personal services	5,498,323	5,498,323	5,116,652	381,671
Supplies	1,063,532	923,490	725,909	197,581
Other services and charges	4,617,727	4,555,356	4,280,941	274,415
Capital outlay	1,513,866	1,421,274	1,402,020	19,254
Total Highways and streets	12,693,448	12,398,443	11,525,522	872,921
Health and welfare:				
Animal Control				
Personal services	3,685,720	3,605,336	3,475,989	129,347
Supplies	131,218	155,218	151,141	4,077
Other services and charges	455,930	487,921	487,112	809
Capital outlay	76,700	50,735	40,795	9,940
Total Health and welfare	4,349,568	4,299,210	4,155,037	144,173
Economic opportunity:				
Metropolitan Human Relations				
Personal services	825,852	825,852	811,560	14,292
Supplies	2,460	2,460	1,565	895
Other services and charges	14,033	14,033	9,704	4,329
Total Economic opportunity	842,345	842,345	822,829	19,516
Economic development:				
Community Development				
Personal services	4,559,714	4,559,714	4,558,291	1,423
Supplies	39,770	39,770	24,750	15,020
Other services and charges	1,042,666	984,863	972,633	12,230
Capital outlay	_	2,500,000	_	2,500,000
Total Economic development	5,642,150	8,084,347	5,555,674	2,528,673
Total General Fund	\$131,647,149	\$131,140,214	\$123,499,043	\$7,641,171

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER BUDGETED MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Redeve	lopment		LIT-ED							
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive	Budgete	d amounts		Variance Positive				
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)				
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$ 21,295,552	\$ 21,295,552	\$ 21,305,109	\$ 9,557	\$ 44,301,513	\$ 44,301,513	\$ 57,342,874	\$ 13,041,361				
Intergovernmental	4,091,174	4,091,174	4,091,174	_	680	680	680	_				
Charges for services	2,053,075	2,053,075	2,053,075	_	50,000	50,000	50,000	_				
Other	7,885,178	7,885,178	7,922,860	37,682	982,760	982,760	3,524,226	2,541,466				
Total revenues	35,324,979	35,324,979	35,372,218	47,239	45,334,953	45,334,953	60,917,780	15,582,827				
Expenditures:												
Urban redevelopment and housing:												
Personal services	722,081	722,081	690,367	31,714	_	_	_	_				
Supplies	2,000	2,000	68	1,932	_	_	_	_				
Other services and charges	8,377,734	8,377,734	8,375,529	2,205	_	_	_	_				
Capital outlay	3,462,091	3,462,091	3,462,091	_	_	_	_	_				
Debt service:												
Principal	126,000	126,000	126,000	_	1,905,000	1,905,000	1,905,000	_				
Interest	86,456	86,456	86,456	_	649,282	649,282	649,282	_				
Bond issuance costs	183,610	183,610	183,610	_	_	_	_	_				
Capital outlay					38,873,259	49,205,234	31,875,064	17,330,170				
Total expenditures	12,959,972	12,959,972	12,924,121	35,851	41,427,541	51,759,516	34,429,346	17,330,170				
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers in	8,745,075	8,745,075	8,745,075	_	5,505,571	5,505,571	5,579,717	74,146				
Transfers out	(15,585,087)	(15,585,087)	(15,585,087)	_	(16,644,846)	(17,086,190)	(16,132,067)	954,123				
Bonds issued	3,527,000	3,527,000	3,527,000									
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,313,012)	(3,313,012)	(3,313,012)		(11,139,275)	(11,580,619)	(10,552,350)	1,028,269				
Net change in fund balances	19,051,995	19,051,995	19,135,085	83,090	(7,231,863)	(18,005,182)	15,936,084	33,941,266				
Fund balances - beginning	67,852,750	67,852,750	67,852,750		38,543,719	38,543,719	38,543,719					
Fund balances - ending	\$ 86,904,745	\$ 86,904,745	\$ 86,987,835	\$ 83,090	\$ 31,311,856	\$ 20,538,537	\$ 54,479,803	\$ 33,941,266				

Non-major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The title of the fund is descriptive of the activities involved. The City maintains the following non- major special revenue funds:

Abandoned Vehicle - to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the removal, storage, and disposal of abandoned vehicles from both public and private property throughout the city.

Parking Meter - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with operating City parking meters.

Public Safety LIT - to account for the additional local income tax funds to pay for public safety.

Law Enforcement Training - to account for fees used for the continuing education and training of law enforcement officers.

Omnibus Crime - to account for all State grants related to victims assistance or criminal justice.

Cable Television - to account for a portion of the cable television franchise fee revenue restricted to expenditures for local cable access programming grants.

CDBG Grant Covid 19 - to account for funds granted to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act that apply to the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program.

ESG Grant Covid 19 - to account for funds granted to the City by HUD through the CARES Act that apply to Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) program.

Police Grant Covid 19 - to account for funds granted to the City by the U. S. Department of Justice (DOJ) through the Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF) program.

Community Development Block Grants - to account for funds granted to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the Community Development Block Grant entitlement programs.

Emergency Rental Assistance Program - to account for funds granted to the City by the U.S. Department of the Treasury to administer funds to those struggling to pay rent and utility bills because of the challenges brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Reimbursable State Grants - to account for funds granted to the City from various State community development and social service programs.

American Rescue Plan Act - to account for funds granted to the City from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds as a portion of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 in order to provide COVID-19 relief to individuals and communities across the United States.

Unsafe Building - to account for funds used to remove unsafe and severely deteriorated buildings from residential neighborhoods throughout the City.

Non-major Governmental Funds (continued)

READI - to account for funds granted to the City under the Indiana Economic Development Corporation to be used for remediation activities and construction of housing and parking.

HOME - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME program which are to be used to rehabilitate single and multi-family housing units.

HOME American Rescue Plan Act - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and in accordance with the HOME program and Section 3205 of the American Rescue Plan Act, which are to be used to rehabilitate single and multi-family housing units.

Federal Revolving - to account for various federal funds received for specific purposes.

Affordable Housing Trust - to account for an allotment of funds from the State's newest legislative tool for housing.

Federal Seizure - to account for funds granted to the City from the Department of Justice through the equitable sharing program. This program distributes proceeds from the sale of forfeited assets seized during certain criminal investigations.

Urban Development Action Grant - to account for funds granted to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for specific categorical grants promoting economic and housing development.

SEED - to account for funds that provide one-third of the SEED, formerly Urban Enterprise Association (UEA), administrator's wage and benefit package and all the SEED secretaries' wages and benefit packages, as well as staff support by the City and SEED through a contractual arrangement.

Emergency Shelter Grant - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Emergency Shelter Program which are to be used to provide emergency shelter and other services for displaced families and individuals.

Neighborhood Stabilization - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Neighborhood Stabilization program which are to be used to purchase and rehabilitate single family housing units.

Neighborhood Stabilization 2013 - to account for funds granted to the City from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) which are to be used to purchase and redevelop foreclosed upon homes and residential properties.

Opioid Settlement Unrestricted - to account for the funds received from litigation and settlement agreement associated with IC 4-6-15, which were paid by pharmaceutical companies to aid in the mitigation of opioid use disorder. The unrestricted portion may be spent in the same manner as money in the general fund.

Opioid Settlement Restricted - to account for the funds received from litigation and settlement agreement associated with IC 4-6-15, which were paid by pharmaceutical companies to aid in the mitigation of opioid use disorder.

Non-major Governmental Funds (continued)

General Donation - to account for donations, restricted by donors, for purposes normally related to General Fund expenditures.

Domestic Violence - to account for taxes received and appropriated by the City Council for the prevention and education of domestic violence, rape, and sexual harassment.

Animal Care Donation - to account for donations, restricted by donors, for animal care and other humane expenditures.

Animal Control Special Project - to account for all revenues, generated by fund raising activities, and expenditures for specific animal care needs.

Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP) - to account for the funds of the operation of the City 911 Emergency Call Center.

Parking - to account for receipts and expenses related to the monthly parking activities for employees and City owned vehicles.

Public Art - to account for revenues and expenses related to providing and maintaining public art.

Barrett Law Surplus - to account for excess revenues and expenditures related to the City's Barrett Law process.

Debt Service Funds - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The City maintains the following non-major debt service funds:

Public Safety Academy - to account for the debt service payment related to the construction of the building, purchase of contents, as well as the dedicated resources pledged for debt service.

Redevelopment Authority - to account for the debt service payments of Grand Wayne Center Expansion Project, Harrison Square Project, Skyline Parking Garage Project, Skyline Tower Project, and Electric Works.

Capital Projects Funds - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, and other capital assets. The City maintains the following non-major capital projects funds:

Renaissance Pointe - to account for financial resources/pledges for the development, improvement, and revitalization of the area designated as "Renaissance Pointe."

Equipment Purchase - to account for proceeds of leases to be used for the acquisition of equipment.

Cumulative Capital Improvement - to account for cigarette tax distributions.

Cumulative Capital Development - to account for revenues from additional taxes levied on real and personal property.

Non-major Governmental Funds (continued)

Barrett Law Revolving Improvement - to account for all financial resources related to projects constructed wholly or in part from Redevelopment District proceeds (except tax increment bonds), General Obligation Bonds, and any participating federal and state grants, including any required City local matching funds.

Barrett Law Commercial - to account for funds from a lending institution to expand the Barrett Law Program to extend loans to fund qualifying commercial projects.

Building Project - to account for the proceeds of bonds secured by a lease for the construction of seven fire stations, an animal care building, a transportation sub-station, the public safety academy, and improvements to the City's Board of Works complex.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

		Non-major Special Revenue Funds		Non-major Debt Service Funds		Non-major Capital Projects Funds		Totals
<u>Assets</u>								_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,686,220	\$	_	\$	11,287,118	\$	51,973,338
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	:							
Taxes		1,401,013		_		224,989		1,626,002
Intergovernmental		7,614,822		_		_		7,614,822
Loans		6,457,839		_		_		6,457,839
Miscellaneous		2,792,131		97,848		2,049,324		4,939,303
Due from other funds		4,644		_		_		4,644
Assets held for economic development		645,909		_		907,923		1,553,832
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		<u> </u>		27,739,724		9,106,806		36,846,530
Total assets	\$	59,602,578	\$	27,837,572	\$	24,669,313	\$	112,109,463
Liabilities: Accounts payable Wages and withholdings payable Contracts payable Retainage payable	\$	895,426 360,537 784,096 83,039	\$	_ _ _	\$	592,384 — — 510	\$	1,487,810 360,537 784,096 83,549
Interfund payable - pooled cash		886,153		_		125,717		1,011,870
Unearned revenue		15,176,037	_					15,176,037
Total liabilities		18,185,288	_			718,611	_	18,903,899
Deferred inflows of resources	_	7,127,152		<u> </u>	_	401,385		7,528,537
Fund balances:								
Restricted		12,189,540		27,837,572		1,011,282		41,038,394
Committed		23,373		· · —		8,102,248		8,125,621
Assigned		22,077,225		_		14,435,787		36,513,012
Unassigned		_		_		_		_
Total fund balances		34,290,138		27,837,572		23,549,317		85,677,027
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	59,602,578	\$	27,837,572	\$	24,669,313	\$	112,109,463

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Non-major Special Revenue Funds		Non-major Debt Service Funds	Pr	Non-major Capital ojects Funds	Totals
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	9,525,225	\$	_	\$	5,419,897	\$ 14,945,122
Special assessments		_		_		490,109	490,109
Licenses and permits		902,613		_		_	902,613
Intergovernmental		53,269,615		_		479,005	53,748,620
Charges for services		1,858,169					1,858,169
Fines and forfeits		2,794,857		_			2,794,857
Other		6,282,990		174,407		2,161,585	8,618,982
Total revenues		74,633,469		174,407		8,550,596	83,358,472
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		33,438,012					33,438,012
Public safety		22,401,260		76,788			22,478,048
Highways and streets		4,839,162		_		_	4,839,162
Health and welfare		143,097		_		_	143,097
Economic opportunity		844,747		_		_	844,747
Economic development		6,561,341		_		_	6,561,341
Culture and recreation		306,962		664,865		_	971,827
Urban redevelopment and housing		5,285,016		_		_	5,285,016
Debt service:							
Principal		277,012		5,550,000		940,000	6,767,012
Interest and other charges		41,158		4,517,750		135,150	4,694,058
Capital outlay		· <u> </u>		_		20,607,263	20,607,263
Total expenditures		74,137,767	_	10,809,403		21,682,413	106,629,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		495,702	_	(10,634,996)		(13,131,817)	 (23,271,111)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		5,963,782		10,067,500		1,081,000	17,112,282
Transfers out		(4,581,086)				(61,851)	(4,642,937)
Notes and loans issued		_				12,200,000	12,200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,382,696	_	10,067,500		13,219,149	24,669,345
Net change in fund balances		1,878,398		(567,496)		87,332	1,398,234
Fund balances - beginning	_	32,411,740		28,405,068		23,461,985	84,278,793
Fund balances - ending	\$	34,290,138	\$	27,837,572	\$	23,549,317	\$ 85,677,027

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
December 31, 2023

	Abandoned Vehicle	Parking Meter	Public Safety LIT	Law Enforcement Training	Omnibus Crime	Cable Television	CDBG Grant Covid 19	ESG Grant Covid 19	Police Grant Covid 19
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,297,796	\$ 2,205,157	\$ 2,106,069	\$ 2,997,220	\$ —	\$ 354,197	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):									
Taxes	_	_	1,400,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	_	32,897	_	45,757	_	_
Loans	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	_	983,303	_	_	_	166,150	_	_	_
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Assets held for economic development									
Total assets	\$ 2,297,796	\$ 3,188,460	\$ 3,506,069	\$ 2,997,220	\$ 32,897	\$ 520,347	\$ 45,757	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and	d fund balances								
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 214	\$ 8,376	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 488	\$ 135,233	\$ 30,149	\$ —	\$ —
Wages and withholdings payable	4,821	20,294	_	230	(804)	_	_	_	_
Contracts payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Retainage payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interfund payable - pooled cash	_	_	_	_	28,209	_	15,608	_	_
Unearned revenue									<u> </u>
Total liabilities	5,035	28,670	_	230	27,893	135,233	45,757	_	_
Deferred inflows of resources			1,400,000						
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	_	_	_	_	5,004	_	_	_	_
Committed	_		_		_	7,351	_	_	_
Assigned	2,292,761	3,159,790	2,106,069	2,996,990	_	377,763	_	_	_
Unassigned	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total fund balances	2,292,761	3,159,790	2,106,069	2,996,990	5,004	385,114			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,297,796	\$ 3,188,460	\$ 3,506,069	\$ 2,997,220	\$ 32,897	\$ 520,347	\$ 45,757	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Community Development Block Grants	Emergency Rental Assistance Program	Reimbursable State Grants	American Rescue Plan Act	Unsafe Building	READI	HOME	HOME ARPA	Federal Revolving
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$ —	\$ 1,374,491	\$ 769,624	\$17,881,108	\$ 4,264,613	\$ —	\$ 213,074	\$ —	\$ 793,560
Taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	422,990	_	66,701	_	_	1,050,887	62,165	45,635	636,070
Loans	938,169	_	_	_	_	_	4,950,128	_	_
Miscellaneous	_	_	2,363	_	1,451,335	_	_	_	_
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Assets held for economic development	615,995	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total assets	\$ 1,977,154	\$ 1,374,491	\$ 838,688	\$17,881,108	\$ 5,715,948	\$ 1,050,887	\$ 5,225,367	\$ 45,635	\$ 1,429,630
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Wages and withholdings payable	\$ 111,922 (219)	\$ 85,467 —	\$ 556 1,002	\$ 76,770 3,065	\$ 24,264 —	\$ 169,277 —	\$ 4,401 187	\$ 167 8	\$ 138,711 3,871
Contracts payable		_	_	436,474	_	185,925	_	_	_
Retainage payable Interfund payable - pooled cash	34,762	_		83,039	_	695,685		45,460	_
Due to other funds		_	<u> </u>	_	_		_		_
Unearned revenue	=	_	_	15,176,037	_	_	_	_	_
Total liabilities	146,465	85,467	1,558	15,775,385	24,264	1,050,887	4,588	45,635	142,582
Deferred inflows of resources				_					526,929
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	1,830,689	_	837,130	_	_	_	5,220,779	_	760,119
Committed	_	_	_		_	_		_	_
Assigned	_	1,289,024	_	2,105,723	5,691,684	_	_	_	_
Unassigned	_	1,200,024	_		_	_	_	_	
Total fund balances	1,830,689	1,289,024	837,130	2,105,723	5,691,684		5,220,779		760,119
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	\$ 1,977,154	\$ 1,374,491	\$ 838,688	\$17,881,108	\$ 5,715,948	\$ 1,050,887	\$ 5,225,367	\$ 45,635	\$ 1,429,630
resources, and fund balances	, ,,			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,			,	. , -,

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2023 (Continued)

(Gontineda)		Affordable using Trust		Federal Seizure	De	Urban velopment tion Grant		SEED	E	mergency Shelter Grant	Ne St	ighborhood abilization	Ne St	ighborhood abilization 2013		Opioid Settlement Inrestricted	Se	Opioid ttlement estricted
<u>Assets</u>																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,018	\$	104,689	\$	20,614	\$	_	\$	_	\$	241,039	\$	15,000	\$	263,612	\$ 1,	337,223
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):																		
Taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_		52,510				_		1,211,616	3,	987,594
Loans		109,399		_		_				_		460,143		_		_		_
Miscellaneous Due from other funds		_		_		_		59,997		_		_		_		_		_
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Assets held for economic development														29,914				
Total assets	\$	178,417	\$	104,689	\$	20,614	\$	59,997	\$	52,510	\$	701,182	\$	44,914	\$	1,475,228	\$ 5,	324,817
<u>Liabilities</u> , deferred inflows of resources, and <u>fund balances</u>	i																	
Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	4,234	\$	_	\$	1,343	\$	23,308	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Wages and withholdings payable		_		_		_		21,427		_		_		_		_		_
Contracts payable		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Retainage payable		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Interfund payable - pooled cash		_		_		_		37,227		29,202		_		_		_		_
Unearned revenue		_				_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities				4,234				59,997		52,510						_		_
Deferred inflows of resources				_										_		1,211,616		987,594
			_				_		_				_		_	.,,		,
Fund balances:																		
Restricted		178,417		100,455		20,614		_		_		701,182		44,914		_	1,	337,223
Committed		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Assigned		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		263,612		_
Unassigned																		
Total fund balances		178,417		100,455	_	20,614						701,182		44,914		263,612	1,	337,223
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	178,417	\$	104,689	\$	20,614	\$	59,997	\$	52,510	\$	701,182	\$	44,914	\$	1,475,228	\$ 5,	324,817

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2023 (Continued)

(Continued)		General Donation	Domestic Violence		nimal Care Donation	Animal Control Special Project	Consolidated Communi- cations Partnership (CCP)		Parking		Public Art	arrett Law Surplus	Totals
<u>Assets</u>													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	971,248	\$ 32,193	\$	633,406	\$ 193,220	\$ 1,247,711	\$	_	\$	227,349	\$ 72,989	\$40,686,220
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):													
Taxes		_	1,013		_	_	_		_		_	_	1,401,013
Intergovernmental		_	_		_	_	_		_		_	_	7,614,822
Loans		_	_		_	_	_		_		_	_	6,457,839
Miscellaneous		23,983	_		_	_	_		_		105,000	_	2,792,131
Due from other funds		_	_		_	_	_		4,644		_	_	4,644
Assets held for economic development	_			_		 				_			645,909
Total assets	\$	995,231	\$ 33,206	\$	633,406	\$ 193,220	\$ 1,247,711	\$	4,644	\$	332,349	\$ 72,989	\$59,602,578
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$	9,418	\$ _	\$	3,295	\$ 4,614	\$ 63,219	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 895,426
Wages and withholdings payable		28	_		13,449	4,690	288,488		_		_	_	360,537
Contracts payable		161,697	_		_	_	_		_		_	_	784,096
Retainage payable		_	_		_	_	_		_		_	_	83,039
Interfund payable - pooled cash		_	_		_	_	_		_		_	_	886,153
Unearned revenue			 			 							15,176,037
Total liabilities		171,143	_		16,744	9,304	351,707	_					18,185,288
Deferred inflows of resources			1,013							_			7,127,152
Fund balances:													
Restricted		352,436	_		616,662	183,916	_		_		_	_	12,189,540
Committed		_	_		_	_	16,022		_		_	_	23,373
Assigned		471,652	32,193		_	_	879,982		4,644		332,349	72,989	22,077,225
Unassigned		, <u> </u>	· —		_	_	· —		· —		, <u> </u>	· —	· · · —
Total fund balances		824,088	32,193		616,662	183,916	896,004		4,644		332,349	72,989	34,290,138
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	995,231	\$ 33,206	\$	633,406	\$ 193,220	\$ 1,247,711	\$	4,644	\$	332,349	\$ 72,989	\$59,602,578

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2023

	ıblic Safety Academy		development Authority	 Totals
<u>Assets</u>	_			
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):				
Miscellaneous	\$ _	\$	97,848	\$ 97,848
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	_		27,739,724	27,739,724
Total assets	\$ 	\$	27,837,572	\$ 27,837,572
Liabilities and fund balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _
Total liabilities	\$ 	\$		\$ _
Fund balances:				
Restricted	_		27,837,572	27,837,572
Unassigned	_		_	_
Total fund balances			27,837,572	27,837,572
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 	\$	27,837,572	\$ 27,837,572

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Renaissance Equipment Purchase		Cumulative Capital Improvement	Cumulative Capital Development	Barrett Law Revolving Improvement	Barrett Law Commercial	Building Project	Totals
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 103,359	\$ —	\$ 1,064,218	\$ 7,409,887	\$ 2,580,611	\$ 105,746	\$ 23,297	\$ 11,287,118
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):								
Taxes	_	_	_	224,989	_	_	_	224,989
Miscellaneous	_	1,998,105	_	30,456	20,763	_	_	2,049,324
Interfund receivable - pooled cash	_	_	_	1,093,153	_	_	_	1,093,153
Assets held for economic development	907,923	_	_	_	_	_	_	907,923
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	_	9,106,806	_	_	_	_	_	9,106,806
Total assets	\$ 1,011,282	\$11,104,911	\$ 1,064,218	\$ 8,758,485	\$ 2,601,374	\$ 105,746	\$ 23,297	\$ 24,669,313
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, a Liabilities:	and fund baland	<u>ces</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ —	\$ 418,969	\$ —	\$ 173,415	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 592,384
Retainage payable	_	_	_	510	_	_	_	510
Interfund payable - pooled cash					125,717			125,717
Due to other funds								
Total liabilities		418,969		173,925	125,717			718,611
Deferred inflows of resources				224,989	176,396			401,385
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable fund balance	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	1,011,282	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,011,282
Committed	_	5,421,275	_	2,680,973	_	_	_	8,102,248
Assigned	_	5,264,667	1,064,218	5,678,598	2,299,261	105,746	23,297	14,435,787
Total fund balances	1,011,282	10,685,942	1,064,218	8,359,571	2,299,261	105,746	23,297	23,549,317
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,011,282	\$11,104,911	\$ 1,064,218	\$ 8,758,485	\$ 2,601,374	\$ 105,746	\$ 23,297	\$ 24,669,313

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Abandoned Vehicle	Parking Meter	Public Safety LIT	Law Enforcement Training	Omnibus Crime	Cable Television	CDBG Grant Covid 19	ESG Grant Covid 19	Police Grant Covid 19
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9,500,811	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Licenses and permits	_	805	_	198,249	_	703,559	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	_	121,929	_	177,523	49,785	175
Charges for services	_	446,054	_	198,347	_	_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeits	_	1,095,936	_	17,130	_	_	_	_	_
Other	508,327	106,506		126,494		14,925			
Total revenues	508,327	1,649,301	9,500,811	540,220	121,929	718,484	177,523	49,785	175
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	_	888,820	_	_	_	667,030	_	_	_
Public safety	89,542	_	7,394,742	896,102	122,102	_	_	_	175
Highways and streets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic opportunity	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic development	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Urban redevelopment and housing Debt Service:	_	_	_	_	_	_	177,523	49,785	_
Principal									
Interest and other charges	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Total expenditures	89,542	888,820	7,394,742	896,102	122,102	667,030	177,523	49,785	175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	418,785	760,481	2,106,069	(355,882)	(173)	51,454			
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	_	(30,000)	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	_				(30,000)	_		
Net change in fund balances	418,785	760,481	2,106,069	(355,882)	(173)	21,454	_	_	_
Fund balances - beginning	1,873,976	2,399,309		3,352,872	5,177	363,660			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,292,761	\$ 3,159,790	\$ 2,106,069	\$ 2,996,990	\$ 5,004	\$ 385,114	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ — (Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
December 31, 2023
(Continued)

	Community Development Block Grants	Emergency Rental Assistance Program	Reimbursable State Grants	American Rescue Plan Act	Unsafe Building	READI	HOME	HOME ARPA	Federal Revolving
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	1,816,024	_	1,279,410	30,974,672	_	10,524,976	1,150,585	1,253,638	2,353,417
Charges for services	55,247	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	801,724
Fines and forfeits	_	_	_	_	1,645,249	_	_	_	_
Other	4,148			1,652,518	19,179				96,687
Total revenues	1,875,419		1,279,410	32,627,190	1,664,428	10,524,976	1,150,585	1,253,638	3,251,828
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	_	_	_	30,974,672	_	_	_	_	581,232
Public safety	_	_	290,889	· · · —	1,710,329	_	_	_	2,348,369
Highways and streets	_	_	3,193,546	_	_	_	_	_	1,223,779
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic opportunity	_	844,747	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic development	_	· <u> </u>	_	_	_	6,050,886	_	_	2,244
Culture and recreation	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Urban redevelopment and housing	2,169,616	_		_	_	_	1,376,270	1,253,638	_
Debt Service:									
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and other charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	2,169,616	844,747	3,484,435	30,974,672	1,710,329	6,050,886	1,376,270	1,253,638	4,155,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(294,197)	(844,747)	(2,205,025)	1,652,518	(45,901)	4,474,090	(225,685)		(903,796)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	_	_	1,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	100,000
Transfers out	_	_		_	_	(4,474,090)	_	_	(76,996)
Total other financing sources (uses)			1,000,000			(4,474,090)			23,004
Net change in fund balances	(294,197)	(844,747)	(1,205,025)	1,652,518	(45,901)	_	(225,685)	_	(880,792)
Fund balances - beginning	2,124,886	2,133,771	2,042,155	453,205	5,737,585		5,446,464		1,640,911
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,830,689	\$ 1,289,024	\$ 837,130	\$ 2,105,723	\$ 5,691,684	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,220,779	<u>\$</u>	\$ 760,119

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

	ordable ing Trust	Federal Seizure	Dev	Urban relopment ion Grant	SEED	Eı Sh	mergency elter Grant	ghborhood abilization	Sta	hborhood bilization 2013	S	Opioid ettlement prestricted	Se	Opioid ettlement estricted
Revenues:														
Taxes	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental	_	_		_	_		219,964	4,820		_		_		_
Charges for services	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Fines and forfeits	_	36,542		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Other	 _	4,766			476,081					_		13,644		307,819
Total revenues		41,308			476,081		219,964	4,820				13,644		307,819
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General government	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Public safety	_	106,192		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Highways and streets	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Health and welfare	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Economic opportunity	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Economic development	_	_		_	476,081		_	_		_		_		_
Culture and recreation	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Urban redevelopment and housing	_	_		_	_		219,964	_		_		_		_
Debt Service:														
Principal	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Interest and other charges	 	 			 									
Total expenditures		106,192			476,081		219,964	 		_				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(64,884)			 			 4,820				13,644		307,819
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Transfers out	_	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	_								_		_		
Net change in fund balances	_	(64,884)		_	_		_	4,820		_		13,644		307,819
Fund balances - beginning	178,417	165,339		20,614	 			 696,362		44,914		249,968	1	,029,404
Fund balances - ending	\$ 178,417	\$ 100,455	\$	20,614	\$ 	\$		\$ 701,182	\$	44,914	\$	263,612	\$ 1	,337,223
													(C	ontinued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

(Continued)	General Donation	Domestic Violence	Animal Care Donation	Animal Control Special Project	Consolidated Communi- cations Partnership (CCP)	Parking	Public Art	Barrett Law Surplus	Totals
Revenues: Taxes	\$ —	\$ 24.414	\$ —	\$ —	s —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9,525,225
Licenses and permits	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	902,613
Intergovernmental	_	_	296,224	_	3,046,473	_	_	_	53,269,615
Charges for services	273,231	_	_	_	83,566	_	_	_	1,858,169
Fines and forfeits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,794,857
Other	562,890	1,062	29,575	412,883	1,516,814	288,062	119,275	21,335	6,282,990
Total revenues	836,121	25,476	325,799	412,883	4,646,853	288,062	119,275	21,335	74,633,469
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	352,838	_	_	_	_	(27,465)	_	885	33,438,012
Public safety	82,844	7,119	334,588	432,719	8,585,548	_	_	_	22,401,260
Highways and streets	421,837	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,839,162
Health and welfare	_	_	143,097	_	_	_	_	_	143,097
Economic opportunity	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	844,747
Economic development	32,130	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,561,341
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	_	_	_	306,962	_	306,962
Urban redevelopment and housing	38,220	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,285,016
Debt Service:									
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	277,012	_	_	277,012
Interest and other charges						41,158			41,158
Total expenditures	927,869	7,119	477,685	432,719	8,585,548	290,705	306,962	885	74,137,767
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(91,748)	18,357	(151,886)	(19,836)	(3,938,695)	(2,643)	(187,687)	20,450	495,702
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	55,000	_	_	_	4,708,782	_	100,000	_	5,963,782
Transfers out									(4,581,086)
Total other financing sources (uses)	55,000				4,708,782		100,000		1,382,696
Net change in fund balances	(36,748)	18,357	(151,886)	(19,836)	770,087	(2,643)	(87,687)	20,450	1,878,398
Fund balances - beginning	860,836	13,836	768,548	203,752	125,917	7,287	420,036	52,539	32,411,740
Fund balances - ending	\$ 824,088	\$ 32,193	\$ 616,662	\$ 183,916	\$ 896,004	\$ 4,644	\$ 332,349	\$ 72,989	\$34,290,138

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Public Safety Academy	Redevelopment Authority	Totals
Revenues:			
Other	\$	\$ 174,407	\$ 174,407
Total revenues		174,407	174,407
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety	76,788	_	76,788
Culture and recreation	_	664,865	664,865
Debt service:			
Principal	_	5,550,000	5,550,000
Interest and other charges		4,517,750	4,517,750
Total expenditures	76,788	10,732,615	10,809,403
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(76,788)	(10,558,208)	(10,634,996)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	_	10,067,500	10,067,500
Transfers out			
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,067,500	10,067,500
Net change in fund balances	(76,788)	(490,708)	(567,496)
Fund balances - beginning	76,788	28,328,280	28,405,068
Fund balances - ending	<u> </u>	\$ 27,837,572	\$ 27,837,572

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Renaissance Pointe	Equipment Purchase	Cumulative Capital Improvement	Cumulative Capital Development	Barrett Law Revolving Improvement	Barrett Law Commercial	Building Project	Totals
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,419,897	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,419,897
Special assessments	_	_	_	_	490,109	_	_	490,109
Intergovernmental	_	_	479,005	_	_	_	_	479,005
Other		749,135	39,582	1,368,450	929		3,489	2,161,585
Total revenues		749,135	518,587	6,788,347	491,038		3,489	8,550,596
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	940,000	940,000
Interest and other charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	135,150	135,150
Capital outlay	290,861	13,254,484	416,865	6,319,445	325,608			20,607,263
Total expenditures	290,861	13,254,484	416,865	6,319,445	325,608		1,075,150	21,682,413
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(290,861)	(12,505,349)	101,722	468,902	165,430		(1,071,661)	(13,131,817)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,081,000	1,081,000
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	_	_	(61,851)	(61,851)
Notes and loans issued	_	12,200,000	_	_	_	_	_	12,200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		12,200,000					1,019,149	13,219,149
Net change in fund balances	(290,861)	(305,349)	101,722	468,902	165,430	_	(52,512)	87,332
Fund balances - beginning	1,302,143	10,991,291	962,496	7,890,669	2,133,831	105,746	75,809	23,461,985
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,011,282	\$10,685,942	\$ 1,064,218	\$ 8,359,571	\$ 2,299,261	\$ 105,746	\$ 23,297	\$ 23,549,317

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER NON-MAJOR BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Parkin	g Meter			Public Sa	afety LIT		Law Enforcement Training				
	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance Positive	Budgete	d amounts		Variance Positive	Budgeted	amounts		Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:												·	
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$7,394,742	\$7,394,742	\$9,500,811	\$2,106,069					
Licenses and permits	_	_	805	805	_	_	_	_	198,000	198,000	198,249	249	
Charges for services	618,000	618,000	446,054	(171,946)	_	_	_	_	206,400	206,400	198,347	(8,053)	
Fines and forfeits	480,000	480,000	1,095,936	615,936	_	_	_		36,000	36,000	17,130	(18,870)	
Other	17,000	17,000	106,506	89,506					26,400	26,400	126,494	100,094	
Total revenues	1,115,000	1,115,000	1,649,301	534,301	7,394,742	7,394,742	9,500,811	2,106,069	466,800	466,800	540,220	73,420	
Expenditures:													
General government:													
Personal services	562,693	562,693	561,393	1,300				_	_	_	_	_	
Supplies	20,500	20,500	16,323	4,177		_		_	_	_	_	_	
Other services and charges	405,446	380,692	311,104	69,588		_		_	_	_	_	_	
Public safety:													
Personal services	_	_	_	_	7,394,742	8,394,742	7,394,742	1,000,000	_	_	_	_	
Supplies	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	841,064	628,495	212,569	
Other services and charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	268,000	268,000	267,607	393	
Total expenditures	988,639	963,885	888,820	75,065	7,394,742	8,394,742	7,394,742	1,000,000	268,000	1,109,064	896,102	212,962	
Net change in fund balances	126,361	151,115	760,481	609,366	_	(1,000,000)	2,106,069	3,106,069	198,800	(642,264)	(355,882)	286,382	
Fund balance - beginning	2,399,309	2,399,309	2,399,309						3,352,872	3,352,872	3,352,872		
Fund balances - ending	\$2,525,670	\$2,550,424	\$3,159,790	\$ 609,366	<u>\$</u>	\$(1,000,000)	\$2,106,069	\$3,106,069	\$3,551,672	\$2,710,608	\$2,996,990	\$ 286,382	
												(Continued)	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER NON-MAJOR BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

		Cable Television							American Rescue Plan Act						
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				/ariance		Budgete	ed A	mounts		Variance Positive	
	(Original		Final		Actual		legative)		Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		_				_						·			
Licenses and permits	\$	798,000	\$	798,000	\$	703,559	\$	(94,441)		\$ —	. \$	S —	\$ —	\$ —	
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_		_		_	30,974,672	30,974,672	
Other		660		660		14,925		14,265		200,000	_	200,000	1,652,518	1,452,518	
Total revenues		798,660	_	798,660		718,484	_	(80,176)		200,000		200,000	32,627,190	32,427,190	
Expenditures:															
General government:															
Personal services		_		_		_		_		457,145		449,057	123,565	325,492	
Supplies		15,000		15,000		_		15,000		_		3,492	3,492	_	
Other services and charges		783,730		776,379		667,030		109,349		17,189,784		19,249,321	14,611,149	4,638,172	
Capital outlay										8,609,719		20,795,775	16,236,466	4,559,309	
Total expenditures		798,730	_	791,379		667,030	_	124,349		26,256,648	_	40,497,645	30,974,672	9,522,973	
Other financing sources (uses):															
Transfers in		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	_	
Transfers out	_	(30,000)	_	(30,000)		(30,000)	_								
Total other financing sources (uses)		(30,000)		(30,000)		(30,000)		_		_		_	_	_	
Net change in fund balances		(30,070)		(22,719)		21,454		44,173		(26,056,648)	(40,297,645)	1,652,518	41,950,163	
Fund balance - beginning		363,660		363,660		363,660				453,205		453,205	453,205		
Fund balances - ending	\$	333,590	\$	340,941	\$	385,114	\$	44,173		\$(25,603,443) [6(39,844,440)	\$ 2,105,723	\$41,950,163	
														(Continued)	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER NON-MAJOR BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

		Unsafe	Building		Domestic Violence								
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts				iance	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	(Original		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$	24,158	\$	24,158	\$	24,414	\$	256	
Fines and forfeits	598,000	598,000	1,645,249	1,047,249		_		_		_		_	
Other	9,000	9,000	19,179	10,179		_		_		1,062		1,062	
Total revenues	607,000	607,000	1,664,428	1,057,428		24,158		24,158		25,476		1,318	
Expenditures:			_										
Public safety:													
Personal Services	91,231	91,231	74,252	16,979		_		_		_		_	
Supplies	88,319	88,319	58,943	29,376		_		_		_		_	
Other services and charges	2,112,565	2,046,363	1,501,364	544,999		7,150		7,150		7,119		31	
Capital Outlay	80,000	80,000	75,770	4,230		_		_		_		_	
Total expenditures	2,372,115	2,305,913	1,710,329	595,584		7,150		7,150		7,119		31	
			_										
Net change in fund balances	(1,765,115)	(1,698,913)	(45,901)	1,653,012		17,008		17,008		18,357		1,349	
Fund balances - beginning	5,737,585	5,737,585	5,737,585			13,836		13,836		13,836			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,972,470	\$ 4,038,672	\$ 5,691,684	\$ 1,653,012	\$	30,844	\$	30,844	\$	32,193	\$	1,349	
											(Co	ntinued)	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER NON-MAJOR BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Continued)

	Cumulative Capital Improvement								Cumulative Capital Development							
		Budgeted Amounts			Variance Positive Actual (Negative)		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance						
	Orig		Final						Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:																
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 5,363,317	\$ 5,363,317	\$ 5,419,897	\$	56,580			
Intergovernmental		510,006		510,006		479,005		(31,001)	_	_	_		_			
Other		3,000		3,000		39,582		36,582	883,200	883,200	1,368,450		485,250			
Total revenues		513,006		513,006		518,587		5,581	6,246,517	6,246,517	6,788,347		541,830			
Expenditures:											_					
General Government:																
Supplies		569,558		137,670		137,203		467	378,995	550,039	517,448		32,591			
Other services and charges		_		213,871		202,676		11,195	3,162,444	2,203,307	1,627,047		576,260			
Capital outlay		25,000		76,987		76,986		1	5,722,304	4,775,098	4,174,950		600,148			
Total expenditures		594,558		428,528		416,865		11,663	9,263,743	7,528,444	6,319,445	1	1,208,999			
Net change in fund balances		(81,552)		84,478		101,722		17,244	(3,017,226)	(1,281,927)	468,902	1	1,750,829			
Fund balances - beginning		962,496		962,496		962,496			7,890,669	7,890,669	7,890,669					
Fund balances - ending	\$	880,944	\$	1,046,974	\$	1,064,218	\$	17,244	\$ 4,873,443	\$ 6,608,742	\$ 8,359,571	\$ 1	1,750,829			

Non-major Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - used to account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the costs involved are financed by user charges for such services. The City maintains the following non-major enterprise funds:

Solid Waste Management - to account for the cost of collecting, disposing, and recycling of solid waste.

Civic Center Parking Garage - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with operating the Civic Center Parking Garage.

Civic Center Parking Garage Expansion - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with the Civic Center Parking Garage expansion project.

Midtowne Parking Garage - to account for operating revenues and expenses for the operation of the Midtowne Crossing Garage.

Riverfront Promenade Garage - to account for operating revenues and expenses for the operation of the Riverfront Promenade Garage.

2001 Parking Garage Addition - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with the joint City and County parking facility addition.

Electric Utility - to account for the fixed assets retained by the utility after the sale to a private electric utility.

Yardwaste Facility - to account for the activities of the yardwaste facility.

Enterprise - to account for other ancillary services rendered by Fort Wayne City Utilities.

Internal Service Funds - used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains the following non-major internal service funds:

Self Insurance - to account for the financial requirements to self-insure for the employee medical insurance plan, general liability and automobile liability, and worker's compensation liability.

Garage - to account for services rendered to maintain the City fleet of vehicles and equipment.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	Civic Center Midtowne Garage Parking Expansion Garage		Riverfront Parking Promenade Garage Garage Addition		Electric Utility	Yardwaste Facility	Enterprise	Totals
<u>Assets</u>										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,140,671	\$ 1,337,267	\$ —	\$ 1,179	\$ 95,934	\$ 710,971	\$ —	\$ 1,996,211	\$ 29,876	\$ 7,312,109
Receivables:										
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	702,297	5,500	207,000	12,142	_	_	_	49,826	2,908	979,673
Interest receivable	_	_	_	_	15,856	_	_	16,885	_	32,741
Due from other funds	1,286,379	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,833	_	1,288,212
Prepaid items								864		864
Total current assets	5,129,347	1,342,767	207,000	13,321	111,790	710,971		2,065,619	32,784	9,613,599
Noncurrent assets:										
Lease Receivable	_	_	_	_	5,213,057	_	_	_	_	5,213,057
Capital Assets: Land, improvements to land, and construction in progress	_	997,802	_	_	_	_	75,732	8,223	_	1,081,757
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	876,575	8,936,948		87,500		726,246		3,057		10,630,326
Total noncurrent assets	876,575	9,934,750		87,500	5,213,057	726,246	75,732	11,280		16,925,140
Total assets	6,005,922	11,277,517	207,000	100,821	5,324,847	1,437,217	75,732	2,076,899	32,784	26,538,739
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	41,599	39,710	_	13,321	21,249	_	_	2,304	_	118,183
Wages and withholdings payable	40,813	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,797	_	42,610
Contracts payable	980,093	_	_	_	_	_	_	18,183	1,600	999,876
Due to other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,208	_	5,208
Interfund payable - pooled cash		207,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	207,000
										(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS December 31, 2023 (Continued)

(Gontinucu)						2001				
	Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	Civic Center Garage Expansion	Midtowne Parking Garage	Riverfront Promenade Garage	Parking Garage Addition	Electric Utility	Yardwaste Facility	Enterprise	Totals
Compensated absences payable - current portion	34,547	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,912	_	38,459
Loans payable - current portion	85,860	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	85,860
Accrued interest payable	17,085									17,085
Total current liabilities	1,199,997	246,710		13,321	21,249			31,404	1,600	1,514,281
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Compensated absences payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	544	_	544
Loan payable	823,720									823,720
Total noncurrent liabilities	823,720							544		824,264
Total liabilities	2,023,717	246,710		13,321	21,249			31,948	1,600	2,338,545
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)					5,086,657					5,086,657
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets	876,575	9,934,750	_	87,500	_	726,246	75,732	11,153	_	11,711,956
Restricted for:										
Debt service	_	_	_	_	_	70,978	_	_	_	70,978
Unrestricted	3,105,630	1,303,057			216,941	639,993		2,033,798	31,184	7,330,603
Total net position	\$ 3,982,205	\$11,237,807	<u>\$</u>	\$ 87,500	\$ 216,941	\$ 1,437,217	\$ 75,732	\$ 2,044,951	\$ 31,184	\$19,113,537

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2023

		Self Insurance		Carago		Totals
Acceta	_	Insurance		Garage	_	Iotais
Assets						
Current assets:	•	4.4.700.04.4	•	4 0 4 0 0 4 0	•	45 700 400
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,780,811	\$	1,012,319	\$	15,793,130
Due from other funds		1,056,653		103,602		1,160,255
Inventories		_		590,404		590,404
Prepaid items		14,903				14,903
Total current assets		15,852,367		1,706,325		17,558,692
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land, improvements to land, and construction in progress		_		855,277		855,277
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		49,916		3,026,918		3,076,834
Total noncurrent assets		49,916		3,882,195		3,932,111
Total assets		15,902,283		5,588,520		21,490,803
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		1,357,710		263,272		1,620,982
Wages and withholdings payable		41,707		110,261		151,968
Due to other funds		1,301		9,117		10,418
Compensated absences payable - current portion		61,452		114,711		176,163
Accrued group insurance benefits payable		3,603,044		_		3,603,044
Other current liabilities		863,110		_		863,110
Total liabilities		5,928,324		740,782		6,669,106
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		49,916		3,882,195		3,932,111
Unrestricted		9,924,043		965,543		10,889,586
Total net position	\$	9,973,959	\$	4,847,738	\$	14,821,697

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	Civic Center Garage Expansion	Midtowne Parking Garage	Riverfront Promenade Garage	2001 Parking Garage Addition	Electric Utility	Yardwaste Facility	Enterprise	Totals
Operating revenues:										
Charges for goods and services	\$ 14,651,653	\$ 1,083,230	<u>\$</u>	\$ 137,480	\$ 384,860	\$ 230,360	\$	\$ 525,979	\$ 37,012	\$ 17,050,574
Total operating revenues	14,651,653	1,083,230		137,480	384,860	230,360		525,979	37,012	17,050,574
Operating expenses:										
Personnel services	1,153,256	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,153,256
Contractual services	9,140,926	315,202	_	_	359,008	_	_	101,080	6,400	9,922,616
Utilities	5,417	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,069	_	12,486
Administrative services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	60,452	_	60,452
Other supplies and services	19,628	_	207,302	166,912	512	_	_	_	_	394,354
Insurance claims and premiums	6,675	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,675
Depreciation	110,086	305,806	_	12,500	_	40,534	_	1,018	_	469,944
Total operating expenses	10,435,988	621,008	207,302	179,412	359,520	40,534		169,619	6,400	12,019,783
Operating income (loss)	4,215,665	462,222	(207,302)	(41,932)	25,340	189,826		356,360	30,612	5,030,791
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Interest and investment revenue	106,295	_	5	_	191,601	25,750	_	67,316	572	391,539
Miscellaneous revenue	26,871	_	207,000	_	· —	· _	_	· —	_	233,871
Interest expense	(37,799)	_	· —	_		_	_	_	_	(37,799)
Loss on disposal of asset	_	_	_	_		_	_	(144)	_	(144)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	95,367	_	207,005		191,601	25,750		67,172	572	587,467
(expenses)			201,000		101,001	20,700		07,172		007,407
Income (loss) before transfers	4,311,032	462,222	(297)	(41,932)	216,941	215,576	_	423,532	31,184	5,618,258
Transfers in	_	_	_	29,432	_	_	_	_	_	29,432
Transfers out	(966,040)							(241)		(966,281)
Change in net position	3,344,992	462,222	(297)	(12,500)	216,941	215,576	_	423,291	31,184	4,681,409
Total net position - beginning	637,213	10,775,585	297	100,000		1,221,641	75,732	1,621,660		14,432,128
Total net position - ending	\$ 3,982,205	\$11,237,807	<u>\$</u>	\$ 87,500	\$ 216,941	\$ 1,437,217	\$ 75,732	\$ 2,044,951	\$ 31,184	\$ 19,113,537

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Self Insurance	Garage	Totals
Operating revenues:			
Charges for goods and services	\$ —	\$ 7,974,774	\$ 7,974,774
City contributions	37,554,167	_	37,554,167
Employee contributions	2,237,863	_	2,237,863
Total operating revenues	39,792,030	7,974,774	47,766,804
Operating expenses:			
Personnel services	888,630	2,794,943	3,683,573
Contractual services	1,759,537	921,761	2,681,298
Utilities	3,242	95,115	98,357
Other supplies and services	(21,654)	5,090,294	5,068,640
Insurance claims and premiums	39,484,747	44,608	39,529,355
Depreciation	10,334	118,724	129,058
Total operating expenses	42,124,836	9,065,445	51,190,281
Operating income (loss)	(2,332,806)	(1,090,671)	(3,423,477)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest and investment revenue	655,732	40,646	696,378
Miscellaneous revenue	581,952	349,297	931,249
Total nonoperating revenues	1,237,684	389,943	1,627,627
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,095,122)	(700,728)	(1,795,850)
Transfers in	_	_	_
Transfers out			
Change in net position	(1,095,122)	(700,728)	(1,795,850)
Total net position - beginning	11,069,081	5,548,466	16,617,547
Total net position - ending	\$ 9,973,959	\$ 4,847,738	\$ 14,821,697

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	vic Center Garage xpansion	Midtowne Parking Garage	Ρ	Riverfront romenade Garage	2	001 Parking Garage Addition		Electric Utility		ardwaste Facility	Er	nterprise	Totals
Ca	sh flows from operating activities:															
F	leceipts from customers and others	\$ 14,054,138	\$ 2,007,898	\$ (207,000)	\$ 136,015	\$	258,460	\$	230,266	\$	_	\$	522,736	\$	34,104	\$17,036,617
F	ayments to suppliers	(9,119,053)	(320,975)	(207,302)	(164,268)		(369,748)		_		_		(155,553)		(4,800)	(10,341,699)
F	ayments to employees	(1,146,624)		 _	 											(1,146,624)
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,788,461	1,686,923	(414,302)	 (28,253)		(111,288)		230,266	_			367,183		29,304	5,548,294
Ca	sh flows from noncapital financing activities:															
Т	ransfer from other funds	_	_	_	29,432		_		_		_		_		_	29,432
Т	ransfer to other funds	(966,040)		 	 											(966,040)
219	Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(966,040)		 	 29,432			_		_						(936,608)
Ca	sh flows from capital and related financing ac	ctivities:														
Δ	cquisition and construction of capital assets	(695,191)	(859,596)	_	_		_		_		_		(1,466)		(163)	(1,556,416)
F	roceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_		_		_		_		19		163	182
F	rincipal paid	(90,419)	_	_	_		_		_		_		_		_	(90,419)
lr	nterest paid	(30,760)		 	_											(30,760)
	Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(816,370)	(859,596)					_					(1,447)			(1,677,413)
Ca	sh flows from investing activities:															
lr	nvestment income received	133,166		 207,005	 		175,745	_	25,751				56,868		572	599,107
Ne	t increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,139,217	827,327	(207,297)	1,179		64,457		256,017		_		422,604		29,876	3,533,380
Ca	sh and cash equivalents, January 1	1,001,454	509,940	 297	 		31,477		454,954				1,573,607			3,571,729
Ca	sh and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 3,140,671	\$ 1,337,267	\$ (207,000)	\$ 1,179	\$	95,934	\$	710,971	\$		\$ 1	1,996,211	\$	29,876	\$ 7,105,109
																(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023 (continued)

	Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	Civic Center Garage Expansion	Midtowne Parking Garage	Riverfront Promenade Garage	2001 Parking Garage Addition	Electric Utility	Yardwaste Facility	Enterprise	Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$ 4,215,665	\$ 462,222	\$ (207,302)	\$ (41,932)	\$ 25,340	\$ 189,826	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 356,360	\$ 30,612	\$ 5,030,791
Adjustments:										
Depreciation expense	110,086	305,806	_	12,500	_	40,534	_	1,018	_	469,944
(Increase) decrease in assets:										
Accounts receivable	(597,515)	924,668	(207,000)	(1,465)	_	(94)	_	(3,243)	(2,908)	112,443
Other assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	738	_	738
National Nat										
Accounts payable	(926,500)	(5,773)	_	2,644	(10,228)	_	_	12,310	1,600	(925,947)
Other liabilities	986,725	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	986,725
Deferred inflows of resources - lease receivable			_	_	(126,400)	_	_	_		(126,400)
Total adjustments	(427,204)	1,224,701	(207,000)	13,679	(136,628)	40,440		10,823	(1,308)	517,503
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 3,788,461	\$ 1,686,923	\$ (414,302)	\$ (28,253)	\$ (111,288)	\$ 230,266	<u>\$</u>	\$ 367,183	\$ 29,304	\$ 5,548,294
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:										
Capital assets included in accounts payable	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 127	\$ —	\$ 127
Interfund capital asset contribution	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(241)	_	(241)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Self Insurance	Garage	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:		_	_	
Receipts from customers and others	\$	39,881,979	\$ 7,998,980	\$ 47,880,959
Payments to suppliers		(39,580,871)	(6,344,690)	(45,925,561)
Payments to employees		(858,533)	(2,757,561)	(3,616,094)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(557,425)	(1,103,271)	(1,660,696)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfer from other funds		_	_	_
Transfer to other funds		_	_	_
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		_	_	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(43,470)	(127,526)	(170,996)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(43,470)	(127,526)	(170,996)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income received		1,237,684	389,943	1,627,627
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,237,684	389,943	1,627,627
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		636,789	(840,854)	(204,065)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		14,144,022	1,853,173	 15,997,195
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	14,780,811	\$ 1,012,319	\$ 15,793,130
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operati	ng ac	tivities:		
Operating income	\$	(2,332,806)	\$ (1,090,671)	\$ (3,423,477)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation expense		10,334	118,724	129,058
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Accounts receivable		89,949	24,206	114,155
Other assets		(2,147)	(121,820)	(123,967)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable		595,879	(314,513)	281,366
Other liabilities		1,081,366	280,803	1,362,169
Total adjustments		1,775,381	(12,600)	1,762,781
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(557,425)	\$ (1,103,271)	\$ (1,660,696)

Non-major Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust Funds - used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans. The City maintains the following non-major pension trust funds:

Fire Pension - to account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to firefighters hired prior to May 1, 1977.

Police Pension - to account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to police officers hired prior to May 1, 1977.

Sanitary Officers' Pension - to account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to employees of the County Health departments.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -PENSION TRUST FUNDS December 31, 2023

				Pension T	rust	Funds		
	Fire Pension			Police Pension	Sanitary Officers' Pension			Totals
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	174,998	\$	1,606,217	\$	862,678	\$	2,643,893
Receivables:								
Taxes						30,910		30,910
Total assets		174,998		1,606,217		893,588		2,674,803
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable		56,766		222,781		6,324		285,871
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	118,232	\$	1,383,436	\$	887,264	\$	2,388,932

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Additions	Fire Pension	Police Pension	Sanitary Officers' Pension	Totals		
Contributions:						
Employer	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 748,040	\$ 748,040		
Non-employer entity	6,517,193	8,009,449	_	14,526,642		
Other	160,000	111,286	_	271,286		
Investment income:						
Interest	6,638	47,929	30,165	84,732		
Total additions	6,683,831	8,168,664	778,205	15,630,700		
<u>Deductions</u>						
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	6,532,631	7,932,140	525,108	14,989,879		
Administrative expenses	32,968	26,159	98	59,225		
Total deductions	6,565,599	7,958,299	525,206	15,049,104		
Net increase in net position	118,232	210,365	252,999	581,596		
Net position restricted for pensions						
Net position - beginning		1,173,071	634,265	1,807,336		
Net position - ending	\$ 118,232	\$ 1,383,436	\$ 887,264	\$ 2,388,932		

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Fort Wayne's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the Financial Statements, Note Disclosures, and Required Supplementary Information says about the overall financial health of Fort Wayne.

Information presented:	Schedule:
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Fort Wayne's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.	1, 2, 3, 4
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting Fort Wayne's ability to generate its property taxes.	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Fort Wayne's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	11, 12, 13, 14, 15
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Fort Wayne's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	16, 17
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about Fort Wayne's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services Fort Wayne provides and the activities it performs.	18, 19, 20

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SCHEDULE 1 CITY OF FORT WAYNE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital and lease assets	\$ 833,553,841	\$ 779,276,418	\$ 727,903,657	\$ 716,755,250	\$ 719,082,233	\$ 706,828,818	\$ 680,288,794	\$ 641,756,539	\$ 631,370,172	\$ 619,206,388
Restricted	_	_	32,556,786	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unrestricted	27,041,315	20,596,918	(88,011,197)	(105,925,017)	(135,633,402)	(147,111,226)	(77,167,217)	(88,878,940)	(117,032,756)	48,172,893
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 860,595,156	\$ 799,873,336	\$ 672,449,246	\$ 610,830,233	\$ 583,448,831	\$ 559,717,592	\$ 603,121,577	\$ 552,877,599	\$ 514,337,416	\$ 667,379,281
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 772,459,620	\$ 694,479,229	\$ 650,804,792	\$ 605,161,934	\$ 580,002,993	\$ 548,896,336	\$ 453,441,895	\$ 495,307,629	\$ 477,480,410	\$ 444,907,612
Restricted	91,873,694	85,699,561	79,468,715	76,885,234	76,412,715	73,998,966	77,200,780	69,231,739	54,244,080	54,490,095
Unrestricted	75,650,848	71,892,939	63,434,884	39,218,278	27,900,039	32,041,255	77,185,277	12,423,666	10,771,904	33,565,699
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 939,984,162	\$ 852,071,729	\$ 793,708,391	\$ 721,265,446	\$ 684,315,747	\$ 654,936,557	\$ 607,827,952	\$ 576,963,034	\$ 542,496,394	\$ 532,963,406
Primary government										
Net investment in capital and lease assets	\$ 1,606,013,461	\$ 1,473,755,647	\$ 1,378,708,449	\$ 1,321,917,184	\$ 1,299,085,226	\$ 1,255,725,154	\$ 1,133,730,689	\$ 1,137,064,168	\$ 1,108,850,582	\$ 1,064,114,000
Restricted	91,873,694	85,699,561	112,025,501	76,885,234	76,412,715	73,998,966	77,200,780	69,231,739	54,244,080	54,490,095
Unrestricted	102,692,163	92,489,857	(24,576,313)	(66,706,739)	(107,733,363)	(115,069,971)	18,310	(76,455,274)	(106,260,852)	81,738,592
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,800,579,318	\$ 1,651,945,065	\$ 1,466,157,637	\$ 1,332,095,679	\$ 1,267,764,578	\$ 1,214,654,149	\$ 1,210,949,779	\$ 1,129,840,633	\$ 1,056,833,810	\$ 1,200,342,687

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>Expenses</u>										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 118,019,930	\$ 76,017,553	\$ 68,046,392	\$ 56,947,888	\$ 63,391,461	\$ 63,361,443	\$ 63,504,834	\$ 66,368,723	\$ 62,053,721	\$ 66,358,230
Public safety	148,000,269	52,525,476	102,448,813	114,233,295	125,080,947	87,806,085	103,198,483	68,339,078	79,355,648	89,423,819
Highways and streets	37,790,982	37,670,201	41,176,426	12,748,797	42,861,945	34,069,956	4,184,967	34,640,372	38,687,650	33,457,900
Health and welfare	3,662,468	3,312,591	2,907,655	2,642,751	2,192,660	2,488,994	2,390,200	2,307,886	2,343,226	2,436,466
Economic opportunity	1,532,601	13,757,670	18,717,582	2,221,372	496,666	495,069	481,867	1,631,829	1,108,252	1,023,674
Economic development	50,032,138	38,981,479	21,678,818	23,688,907	26,419,441	21,068,330	18,861,377	18,466,945	12,180,491	12,316,553
Culture and recreation	20,823,519	33,099,596	20,101,490	18,048,552	20,767,985	10,756,058	20,896,911	17,937,002	19,942,914	16,440,904
Urban redevelopment and housing	6,419,616	11,915,657	20,097,438	136,834,740	16,662,921	24,712,060	19,341,587	21,422,546	18,111,268	8,220,883
Interest on long-term debt	8,676,271	8,099,084	5,710,204	5,088,681	5,744,812	7,042,727	7,240,964	5,924,070	5,999,292	6,587,186
Total governmental activities expenses	394,957,794	275,379,307	300,884,818	372,454,983	303,618,838	251,800,722	240,101,190	237,038,451	239,782,462	236,265,615
Business-type activities:										
Water	47,761,033	46,996,210	42,167,534	44,739,232	41,773,074	40,600,875	40,799,731	42,110,619	38,899,710	35,909,639
Wastewater	70,151,644	70,099,184	60,592,259	64,121,794	54,349,212	45,153,442	50,628,268	44,625,381	44,024,088	43,919,976
Stormwater	9,138,079	8,563,541	8,056,958	8,024,482	8,610,844	7,963,634	7,940,594	8,936,218	9,397,755	7,852,619
Parking garages	1,407,776	1,591,814	1,409,570	7,400,440	3,489,410	1,273,299	582,100	990,349	1,371,642	962,781
Solid waste	10,473,787	15,499,086	11,365,864	12,710,940	12,240,904	11,407,088	9,185,673	9,310,185	9,953,592	10,377,926
Other	176,163	165,795	160,304	139,195	157,579	233,797	340,605	387,293	283,109	124,785
Total business-type activities expenses	139,108,482	142,915,630	123,752,489	137,136,083	120,621,023	106,632,135	109,476,971	106,360,045	103,929,896	99,147,726
Total primary government expenses	\$ 534,066,276	\$ 418,294,937	\$ 424,637,307	\$ 509,591,066	\$ 424,239,861	\$ 358,432,857	\$ 349,578,161	\$ 343,398,496	\$ 343,712,358	\$ 335,413,341
										(0 ti t)

(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Continued)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 23,450,278	\$ 23,758,517	\$ 18,804,409	\$ 26,899,055	\$ 23,232,678	\$ 21,890,976	\$ 21,589,507	\$ 20,257,911	\$ 21,192,251	\$ 21,065,638
Public safety	6,027,009	6,048,093	4,917,964	5,354,687	5,978,065	5,429,270	5,409,018	6,129,435	6,569,223	4,413,243
Highways and streets	1,884,541	2,443,239	2,463,845	2,583,337	2,223,044	2,714,188	2,102,791	2,810,910	4,004,178	1,224,817
Health and welfare	660,863	592,738	577,947	475,479	577,062	399,655	388,360	402,654	391,982	396,996
Economic opportunity	168	125	245	154	445	177	608	718	150	_
Economic development	126,458	2,200,400	640	120	720	640	1,120	1,680	_	1,320
Culture and recreation	7,711,503	6,459,626	5,088,025	3,132,453	4,738,090	4,914,944	5,105,633	5,617,162	4,504,709	3,955,609
Urban redevelopment and housing	2,041,007	1,893,409	1,962,726	2,095,642	2,577,753	2,448,942	2,299,519	2,134,380	1,747,498	1,808,972
Operating grants and contributions	82,683,420	55,418,041	47,464,978	44,767,244	36,094,233	31,645,268	30,350,105	30,622,213	25,606,326	25,905,033
Capital grants and contributions	1,536,698	1,500,000		62,000,000			4,635,000	1,000,000	4,000,000	
Total governmental activities program revenues	126,121,945	100,314,188	81,280,779	147,308,171	75,422,090	69,444,060	71,881,661	68,977,063	68,016,317	58,771,628
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	64,549,152	61,730,059	58,884,648	53,324,295	49,286,718	47,517,984	48,115,057	49,622,183	45,721,766	39,569,738
Wastewater	106,800,707	103,249,340	96,121,242	88,644,520	84,962,928	79,615,906	71,457,052	68,469,275	59,535,008	57,375,547
Stormwater	14,827,540	14,967,822	14,856,121	14,698,192	13,701,505	12,139,152	10,821,153	10,244,551	9,899,967	9,780,647
Parking garages	1,835,930	1,443,206	1,239,523	961,917	9,619,080	1,198,420	1,114,334	1,123,503	1,004,313	986,913
Solid waste	14,651,653	13,847,734	13,329,001	12,543,246	12,367,331	12,508,334	10,419,816	10,480,095	10,362,742	10,447,288
Other	562,991	518,128	499,555	574,790	454,425	275,868	213,622	203,302	263,241	165,656
Capital grants and contributions	22,876,378	10,712,760	20,102,829	11,369,335	1,379,493	7,770,997	5,762,795	10,003,952	6,631,962	6,858,289
Total business-type activities program revenues	226,104,351	206,469,049	205,032,919	182,116,295	171,771,480	161,026,661	147,903,829	150,146,861	133,418,999	125,184,078
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 352,226,296	\$ 306,783,237	\$ 286,313,698	\$ 329,424,466	\$ 247,193,570	\$ 230,470,721	\$ 219,785,490	\$ 219,123,924	\$ 201,435,316	\$ 183,955,706
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (268,835,849)	\$ (175,065,119)	\$ (219,604,039)	\$ (225,146,812)	\$ (228,196,748)	\$ (182,356,662)	\$ (168,219,529)	\$ (168,061,388)	\$ (171,766,145)	\$ (177,493,987)
Business-type activities	86,995,869	63,553,419	81,280,430	44,980,212	51,150,457	54,394,526	38,426,858	43,786,816	29,489,103	26,036,352
Total primary government net expense	\$ (181,839,980)	\$ (111,511,700)	\$ (138,323,609)	\$ (180,166,600)	\$ (177,046,291)	\$ (127,962,136)	\$ (129,792,671)	\$ (124,274,572)	\$ (142,277,042)	\$ (151,457,635)
										(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Continued)

		0000	0004	0000	0040	0040	0047	0040	0045	0011
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	<u>osition</u>									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$ 154,723,172	\$ 172,426,214	\$ 153,777,847	\$ 135,943,800	\$ 136,994,788	\$ 132,139,105	\$ 124,467,955	\$ 118,470,217	\$ 113,215,063	\$ 108,230,933
Local Income Tax - Economic Development	61,887,610	45,117,521	45,857,167	42,460,433	41,953,820	32,620,956	25,578,332	26,540,352	25,961,950	22,542,375
Shared revenues	47,136,772	34,015,066	32,830,862	30,895,903	30,916,456	19,590,660	25,271,787	26,187,621	24,190,682	13,043,049
Other tax	20,739,966	20,794,373	22,664,251	21,432,632	20,755,317	19,527,648	19,170,641	13,016,985	12,890,751	19,405,620
Unrestricted investment earnings	13,924,618	8,769,859	2,242,339	2,119,357	3,821,796	487,550	6,697,878	5,054,843	3,461,843	1,971,939
Other	17,631,859	10,188,948	13,933,441	10,030,545	12,836,591	6,248,672	7,837,424	7,411,718	5,780,235	14,015,726
Transfers	13,513,672	11,119,782	9,917,145	9,645,544	9,859,922	10,476,825	9,439,490	9,919,835	9,358,669	8,539,733
Total governmental activities	329,557,669	302,431,763	281,223,052	252,528,214	257,138,690	221,091,416	218,463,507	206,601,571	194,859,193	187,749,375
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	14,126,970	4,720,517	1,043,054	1,614,104	3,193,746	3,190,579	1,876,728	481,852	280,750	246,666
Other	303,266	1,816,750	36,606	927	28,848	75	1,072	137,807	68,895	_
Transfers	(13,513,672)	(11,119,782)	(9,917,145)	(9,645,544)	(9,859,922)	(10,476,825)	(9,439,490)	(9,919,835)	(9,358,669)	(8,539,733)
Transfer of ACRWSD to City	_	(607,566)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total business-type activities	916,564	(5,190,081)	(8,837,485)	(8,030,513)	(6,637,328)	(7,286,171)	(7,561,690)	(9,300,176)	(9,009,024)	(8,293,067)
Total primary government	\$ 330,474,233	\$ 297,241,682	\$ 272,385,567	\$ 244,497,701	\$ 250,501,362	\$ 213,805,245	\$ 210,901,817	\$ 197,301,395	\$ 185,850,169	\$ 179,456,308
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 60,721,820	\$ 127,366,644	\$ 61,619,013	\$ 27,381,402	\$ 28,941,942	\$ 38,734,754	\$ 50,243,978	\$ 38,540,183	\$ 23,093,048	\$ 10,255,388
	87,912,433	58,363,338		36,949,699			30,865,168	34,486,640	20,480,079	
Business-type activities			72,442,945		44,513,129	47,108,355				17,743,285
Total primary government	\$ 148,634,253	\$ 185,729,982	\$ 134,061,958	\$ 64,331,101	\$ 73,455,071	\$ 85,843,109	\$ 81,109,146	\$ 73,026,823	\$ 43,573,127	\$ 27,998,673

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SCHEDULE 3
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS,
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2023	2022		2021		2020	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
General Fund															
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 825,132	\$ 670,955	\$	460,214	\$	444,820	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Committed fund balance	9,127,471	9,631,030		1,495,018		1,606,596	640,412	850,632	454,887		92,430		303,448		448,628
Assigned fund balance	2,020,781	978,920		2,751,014		814,747	522,032	923,546	719,946		453,305		472,805		599,260
Unassigned fund balance	52,413,820	42,147,633		47,892,767		43,995,044	30,038,873	22,920,864	14,783,993		9,766,760		5,903,572		4,734,486
Reserved	_	_		_		_	_	_	_		_		_		_
Unreserved															
Total general fund	\$ 64,387,204	\$ 53,428,538	\$	52,599,013	\$	46,861,207	\$ 31,201,317	\$ 24,695,042	\$ 15,958,826	\$	10,312,495	\$	6,679,825	\$	5,782,374
All Other Governmental Funds															
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 1,276,924	\$ 1,368,824	\$	1,581,739	\$	1,387,804	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	24,189,021	\$	29,821,187	\$	29,750,106
Restricted fund balance	44,615,519	44,934,990		15,601,089		17,462,917	16,112,225	12,851,149	14,554,049		5,640,083		4,671,519		4,297,607
Committed fund balance	42,201,155	27,017,344		22,579,268		15,857,437	13,905,239	22,648,068	22,178,270		10,230,570		14,684,259		20,080,713
Assigned fund balance	236,363,806	213,433,050		195,713,323		167,488,474	159,084,258	143,276,379	143,619,486	1	30,866,609	1	122,336,357	1	38,477,422
Unassigned fund balance	_	_		_		(279,265)	(636,009)	(698,161)	(2,647,377)		(422,477)		(1,544,305)		(2,104,730)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 324,457,404	\$ 286,754,208	\$ 2	235,475,419	\$2	201,917,367	\$ 188,465,713	\$ 178,077,435	\$ 177,704,428	\$1	70,503,806	\$ 1	169,969,017	\$1	90,501,118
Total all funds	\$ 388,844,608	\$ 340,182,746	\$:	288,074,432	\$2	248,778,574_	\$ 219,667,030	\$ 202,772,477	\$ 193,663,254	\$1	80,816,301	\$ 1	176,648,842	\$1	96,283,492

SCHEDULE 4 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Last 10 Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)										
,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues										
Taxes	\$293,231,785	\$ 257,529,148	\$251,979,965	\$235,530,646	\$ 225,981,209	\$ 212,993,570	\$194,191,157	\$ 187,253,966	\$ 172,208,322	\$ 166,173,637
Special assessments	490,109	1,815,454	330,712	1,887,974	826,248	756,823	208,203	470,629	144,368	695,473
Licenses and permits	2,758,242	3,133,471	3,143,585	3,232,520	3,440,368	3,437,051	3,512,808	3,572,481	3,581,989	3,897,166
Intergovernmental	79,372,435	51,266,223	46,393,980	100,303,259	30,393,320	29,880,657	26,049,651	30,303,160	27,738,710	23,316,245
Charges for services	15,152,994	17,428,650	13,458,037	10,765,720	12,124,665	12,445,972	11,220,612	13,105,360	12,851,463	9,348,006
Fines and forfeits	3,079,403	4,719,457	1,827,678	1,286,163	2,298,744	1,880,921	2,110,472	2,899,260	3,581,651	2,548,381
Other revenues	33,754,272	19,560,595	18,508,450	18,937,436	23,204,594	13,422,931	23,437,994	14,815,024	11,346,615	17,547,118
Total revenues	427,839,240	355,452,998	335,642,407	371,943,718	298,269,148	274,817,925	260,730,897	252,419,880	231,453,118	223,526,026
Expenditures										
General government	66,108,712	33,104,260	19,309,830	18,395,653	18,693,445	19,786,064	18,165,400	20,521,587	23,243,056	22,616,031
Public safety	149,973,596	139,396,079	134,109,337	127,818,381	123,605,802	119,276,903	115,641,731	108,948,919	105,015,516	102,401,137
Highways and streets	47,110,168	47,613,422	47,549,373	41,678,534	45,033,015	37,329,322	37,639,427	30,618,886	32,887,319	32,471,183
Health and welfare	4,298,134	3,668,282	3,498,261	3,331,138	3,331,135	3,085,916	2,975,509	2,920,056	2,881,459	2,971,220
Economic opportunity	1,667,576	12,979,725	18,780,409	2,463,101	721,106	696,325	681,271	1,631,829	1,108,252	1,023,674
Economic development	12,117,015	5,441,065	5,654,662	5,734,765	5,269,988	5,034,701	4,733,118	4,919,721	4,546,291	4,647,436
Culture and recreation	33,933,662	33,023,646	22,597,369	21,434,494	30,579,955	26,513,428	23,915,190	20,816,667	20,434,813	19,094,469
Urban redevelopment and housing	17,813,071	20,597,509	17,785,417	78,547,389	16,537,072	25,300,714	23,033,066	16,967,002	47,497,630	12,639,791
Debt service										
Principal	10,298,041	14,455,577	13,765,000	14,465,000	14,617,900	12,485,000	12,170,000	13,180,000	13,360,000	11,555,197
الم Interest	7,922,976	6,824,129	4,850,420	4,219,458	5,184,535	5,138,819	5,478,477	5,557,313	5,455,426	6,240,289
Bond issuance costs	183,610	771,993	_	2,525,037	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	56,991,489	103,742,892	30,263,616	92,277,684	36,591,347	30,428,335	32,200,245	34,762,373	24,881,675	21,129,906
Total expenditures	408,418,050	421,618,579	318,163,694	412,890,634	300,165,300	285,075,527	276,633,434	260,844,353	281,311,437	236,790,333
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	19,421,190	(66,165,581)	17,478,713	(40,946,916)	(1,896,152)	(10,257,602)	(15,902,537)	(8,424,473)	(49,858,319)	(13,264,307)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	59,105,475	58,926,692	53,761,583	116,112,256	66,134,496	53,958,937	47,756,518	58,270,379	60,348,649	52,934,483
Transfers out	(45,591,803)	(47,806,910)	(43,844,438)	(106,466,812)	(56,274,574)	(44,482,112)	(38,317,028)	(48,350,544)	(50,989,980)	(44,394,750)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	_	(6,052,757)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Refunding bonds issued	_	10,220,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bonds issued	3,527,000	39,705,000	_	51,825,000	20,715,000	_	5,150,000	_	_	30,000,000
Premium on bond issuance	_	4,541,690	_	6,069,916	(190,384)	_	_	_	_	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	(10,605,000)	_	(10,590,000)	(22,607,100)	_	_	_	_	_
Leases Issued	_	59,587,734	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loans issued	12,200,000	9,700,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital leases (B)	_	_	11,900,000	13,108,000	10,200,000	9,900,000	14,150,000	9,750,000	20,865,000	7,950,000
Loss on Disposal of Net Assets								(7,077,903)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,240,672	118,216,449	21,817,145	70,058,360	17,977,438	19,376,825	28,739,490	12,591,932	30,223,669	46,489,733
Net change in fund balances	\$ 48,661,862	\$ 52,050,868	\$ 39,295,858	\$29,111,444	\$ 16,081,286	\$ 9,119,223	\$12,836,953	\$ 4,167,459	\$ (19,634,650)	\$ 33,225,426
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (A)	5.5 %	7.5 %	6.4 %	5.7 %	8.2 %	7.3 %	7.4 %	8.4 %	7.8 %	8.3 %

⁽A) Formula = Debt service (principal and interest) / (Total Governmental Fund expenditures - Governmental Fund capital outlay per reconciliation) 2013 - 2019 information restated based on revised formula.

⁽B) Due to the implementation of GASB 87, capital leases were either converted to leases or notes and loans payable as of December 31, 2022.

SCHEDULE 5 CITY OF FORT WAYNE TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Last 10 Fiscal Years

		(A)							
_	Fiscal Year	 General Property	Excise	Wheel	 Financial Institution	(B) LIT-CS	 LIT-ED	CRED	 Total
	2023	\$ 170,221,922	\$ 10,016,680	\$ 10,041,367	\$ 1,083,605	\$ 29,983,674	\$ 71,134,537	\$ 750,000	\$ 293,231,785
	2022	156,783,870	10,228,023	10,098,578	1,260,898	30,216,759	40,901,379	750,000	250,239,507
	2021	149,651,267	10,429,758	10,357,422	1,114,987	33,248,931	45,427,602	1,750,000	251,979,967
	2020	139,447,404	9,961,835	10,314,850	902,509	30,811,819	42,342,229	1,750,000	235,530,646
	2019	137,020,041	9,624,312	9,931,095	831,133	28,414,160	38,410,468	1,750,000	225,981,209
	2018	129,400,405	8,818,814	9,599,935	636,951	25,778,799	36,258,366	_	210,493,270
	2017	124,394,860	8,316,268	9,737,686	673,670	24,139,377	25,929,296	1,000,000	194,191,157
	2016	118,457,702	7,921,347	4,557,630	748,470	26,928,669	26,890,148	1,750,000	187,253,966
	2015	113,113,685	7,651,367	4,509,547	694,247	20,703,202	23,036,274	2,500,000	172,208,322
	2014	108,244,035	7,357,184	4,509,289	655,004	20,250,428	23,407,697	1,750,000	166,173,637

- (A) Includes taxes on both real and personal property. Additionally, beginning in 2014, Cumulative Capital Development Fund is included in General Property.
- (B) Beginning in 2014, Public Safety LIT-PS is included in LIT-CS.

Source: City of Fort Wayne Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. While the Statement of Revenues lists total tax revenue, the sources are itemized for this schedule.

SCHEDULE 6
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - ALLEN COUNTY,
Last 10 Fiscal Years

Tax Collections Measurement:		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Tax Levy	\$	512,525,992	\$ 473,370,212	\$ 448,917,175	\$ 426,994,211	\$ 409,518,328
Current Tax Collections Percent of Levy Collected	\$	499,234,303 97.41 %	\$ 458,241,259 96.80 %	\$ 435,927,336 97.11 %	\$ 411,213,282 96.30 %	\$ 398,613,800 97.34 %
Delinquent Tax Collections	\$	14,105,051	\$ 12,487,970	\$ 15,048,984	\$ 10,289,876	\$ 15,590,783
Total Tax Collections Percent of Total Tax Collections to Levy	\$	513,339,354 100.16 %	\$ 470,729,229 99.44 %	\$ 450,976,320 100.46 %	\$ 421,503,158 98.71 %	\$ 414,204,583 101.14 %
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Levy	\$	14,581,520 2.85 %	\$ 16,491,527 3.48 %	\$ 14,423,641 3.21 %	\$ 17,217,376 4.03 %	\$ 12,567,420 3.07 %
Tax Collections Measurement:		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	_					
Total Tax Levy	\$	395,862,514	\$ 382,994,915	\$ 364,069,619	\$ 356,574,609	\$ 352,103,000
			382,994,915 372,781,741 97.33 %	364,069,619 353,869,381 97.20 %	356,574,609 346,338,133 97.13 %	352,103,000 341,576,136 97.01 %
Total Tax Levy Current Tax Collections		395,862,514 384,873,588	372,781,741 97.33 %	353,869,381 97.20 %	346,338,133 97.13 %	341,576,136 97.01 %
Total Tax Levy Current Tax Collections Percent of Levy Collected	\$	395,862,514 384,873,588 97.22 %	\$ 372,781,741 97.33 %	\$ 353,869,381 97.20 %	\$ 346,338,133 97.13 %	\$ 341,576,136 97.01 %

Note: GASB Statement 44 requires the information in this schedule be shown for each "period for which levied" as defined in Statement 33. The City of Fort Wayne does not maintain records of tax delinquencies; all taxes are collected and distributed by the Allen County Auditor. Since the County Auditor's Office does not keep records by levy year, they are unable to provide the city with tax information by levy year. Therefore, the city has presented this information in the prior year format.

Source: Allen County Auditor's Office

SCHEDULE 7 CITY OF FORT WAYNE ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY, Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year		(A) Assessed Valuation		(B) Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	(C) Percent Increase (%)
2023	\$	12,501,663,403	\$	12,501,663,403	1.3327	11.90
2022		11,172,055,414		11,172,055,414	1.4171	6.66
2021		10,474,005,221		10,474,005,221	1.4469	7.19
2020		9,771,852,283		9,771,852,283	1.4943	5.75
2019		9,240,489,844		9,240,489,844	1.5277	6.10
2018		8,709,370,259		8,709,370,259	1.5674	3.16
2017		8,442,987,593		8,442,987,593	1.5565	2.05
2016		8,273,698,615		8,273,698,615	1.5312	2.22
2015		8,093,724,951		8,093,724,951	1.5106	1.06
2014		8,008,561,561		8,008,561,561	1.4716	0.30
Average Annua	al Rate c	of Increase/(Decrease	·)	4.55 %		

⁽A) Assessed values for personal property are updated annually.

Note: GASB Statement 44 has called for a new report on the assessed values that breaks the total value into major components such as residential, commercial, and industrial property as well as any adjustments and credits. At the time of ACFR production, this information is not available from the County Auditor's office. Therefore, the City has presented this information in the prior year format.

⁽B) Assessed value reflects actual value.

⁽C) Change in assessed valuation.

SCHEDULE 8
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES,
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

										Overlapping	Rates (B)	
Fiscal Year	General Fund Rate	Sanitary Officers' Pension Rate	Community Services Rate	Fire Rate	Park Rate	CCD Rate	Redevelopment General Rate	(A) Total City	(B), (C) Municipal Corporations	(B), (C) School Districts	Allen County	(B), (C) Townships and Other
2023	0.6762	0.0061	0.0002	0.4261	0.1722	0.0444	0.0075	1.3327	0.2197	0.8875	0.4335	0.0908
2022	0.7034	0.0053	0.0000	0.4826	0.1738	0.0444	0.0076	1.4171	0.2336	0.9278	0.4680	0.1065
2021	0.6755	0.0065	0.0001	0.5158	0.1929	0.0445	0.0116	1.4469	0.2572	0.9490	0.4794	0.1323
2020	0.7581	0.0068	0.0001	0.5000	0.1746	0.0454	0.0093	1.4943	0.2832	0.9660	0.4958	0.1406
2019	0.7189	0.0070	0.0001	0.5452	0.2030	0.0462	0.0073	1.5277	0.2950	0.9527	0.5087	0.1442
2018	0.7789	0.0063	0.0001	0.5234	0.2014	0.0480	0.0093	1.5674	0.3025	0.9925	0.5370	0.1485
2017	0.7252	0.0068	0.0001	0.5585	0.2084	0.0486	0.0089	1.5565	0.3142	1.0113	0.5414	0.1487
2016	0.7460	0.0071	0.0001	0.5249	0.1951	0.0493	0.0087	1.5312	0.3125	0.9772	0.5403	0.1433
2015	0.7068	0.0071	0.0001	0.5557	0.1991	0.0327	0.0091	1.5106	0.3189	1.0123	0.5447	0.1464
2014	0.7700	0.0063	0.0001	0.4883	0.1824	0.0167	0.0078	1.4716	0.3195	1.0177	0.5477	0.1260

- (A) Obtained from the Budget Order (Fort Wayne Civil City).
- (B) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Fort Wayne. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Fort Wayne property owners.
- **(C)** Obtained from the Allen County Auditor's Office and the various governmental units.

 The figures used for the municipal corporations, school districts, and townships represent citywide averages.

Note: The City's levy increases are limited to the 6-year average increase in Indiana personal income.

Source: From Published Rates for Wayne Township

SCHEDULE 9 CITY OF FORT WAYNE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS, Current Year And 9 Years Ago

Č		2023			2014	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	(A) Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (%)	(B) Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (%)
IOM Health System LP (Lutheran Network)	\$185,872,270	1	1.49	\$151,046,700	2	1.89
Indiana Michigan Power Company (Formerly AEP)	168,044,240	2	1.34	72,658,010	3	0.91
St Joseph Health System LLC	136,511,570	3	1.09	63,753,850	7	0.80
GGP - Glenbrook LLC	104,855,950	4	0.84	177,825,830	1	2.22
Canterbury Green Apartments LLC	80,485,600	5	0.64	58,431,900	8	0.73
Parkview Health/Hospital/Ortho/Occupational	77,879,591	6	0.62	_	_	_
Edward Rose of Indiana	59,684,120	7	0.48	45,442,470	10	0.57
Wal-Mart Real Estate	58,180,520	8	0.47	70,455,130	5	0.88
Dana Light Axle Products LLC	51,455,006	9	0.41	_	_	_
Frontier Communications Online & LD	50,007,900	10	0.40	70,591,000	4	0.88
IMI Jefferson Pointe LLC	_	_	_	52,255,600	9	0.65
Frontier North Inc (Formerly GTE North/Verizon)		_		69,659,990	6	0.87
Total	\$ 972,976,767		7.78	\$ 832,120,480		10.40

Source: Allen County Auditor's Office

⁽A) Represents the taxable assessed valuations for taxes due and payable in 2023 within the corporation limits. (B) Represents the taxable assessed valuations for taxes due and payable in 2014 within the corporation limits.

SCHEDULE 10 CITY OF FORT WAYNE UTILITIES WATER AND SEWER RATES, Last 10 Fiscal Years

		W	ater			Se	ewer	
Fiscal Year	(Meter Use) Monthly Base Rate	Rate per 748 gallons (Up to 18,675 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (From 18,676 gallons to 89,640 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (Over 89,640 gallons)	Monthly Base Rate	Rate per 748 gallons (Up to 18,675 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (From 18,676 gallons to 89,640 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (Over 89,640 gallons)
Inside City								
2023	11.96	2.69	2.51	2.44	20.67	6.31	6.31	6.31
2022	11.29	2.55	2.37	2.31	19.77	5.99	5.99	5.99
2021	10.81	2.44	2.27	2.21	17.89	5.83	5.83	5.83
2020	10.21	2.30	2.14	2.09	16.55	5.63	5.63	5.63
2019	10.21	2.30	2.14	2.09	16.55	5.62	5.62	5.62
2018	9.18	2.07	1.93	1.88	12.07	5.44	5.44	5.44
2017	9.18	2.07	1.93	1.88	10.26	5.18	5.18	5.18
2016	9.23	2.08	1.94	1.89	9.50	4.79	4.79	4.79
2015	9.23	2.08	1.94	1.89	8.80	4.42	4.42	4.42
2014	9.23	2.08	1.94	1.89	6.19	4.36	4.36	4.36
Outside City								
2023	13.19	2.96	2.76	2.68	25.84	7.88	7.88	7.88
2022	12.56	2.83	2.63	2.56	24.71	7.49	7.49	7.49
2021	12.13	2.73	2.54	2.48	22.36	7.29	7.29	7.29
2020	11.56	2.60	2.42	2.36	20.69	7.04	7.04	7.04
2019	11.56	2.60	2.42	2.36	16.55	7.03	7.03	7.03
2018	10.56	2.39	2.23	2.17	15.08	6.80	6.80	6.80
2017	10.56	2.39	2.23	2.17	12.82	6.47	6.47	6.47
2016	10.62	2.40	2.24	2.18	11.87	5.99	5.99	5.99
2015	10.62	2.40	2.24	2.18	11.00	5.53	5.53	5.53
2014	10.62	2.40	2.24	2.18	7.73	5.44	5.44	5.44

Note: Water rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size. Sewer rates are based on non food handlers. Rates are billed per 100 cubic ft. 100 cubic ft. is equivalent to 748 gallons.

Source: City of Fort Wayne, FWCU Accounting Department

SCHEDULE 11 CITY OF FORT WAYNE LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION, Las

ast 10 Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands	s)									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City of Fort Wayne					(D)					
Debt Limit	\$ 83,344	\$ 74,480	\$ 69,827	\$ 65,146	\$ 61,603	\$ 58,062	\$ 56,287	\$ 55,158	\$ 53,390	\$ 53,390
Total net debt applicable to limit (A)	23,055	16,275	17,395	18,475	19,520	21,867	22,806	23,715	27,606	31,333
Legal debt margin	\$ 60,289	\$ 58,205	\$ 52,432	\$ 46,671	\$ 42,083	\$ 36,195	\$ 33,481	\$ 31,443	\$ 25,784	\$ 22,057
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	27.66 %	21.85 %	24.91 %	28.36 %	31.69 %	37.66 %	40.52 %	42.99 %	51.71 %	58.69 %
Park District										
Debt Limit	\$ 82,341	\$ 73,629	\$ 69,056	\$ 63,965	\$ 60,911	\$ 57,569	\$ 55,782	\$ 54,634	\$ 52,813	\$ 52,813
Total net debt applicable to limit (A)	12,314	14,000	3,805	4,015	4,230	4,797 (C) 5,345	1,047	1,370	3,102
Legal debt margin	\$ 70,027	\$ 59,629	\$ 65,251	\$ 59,950	\$ 56,681	\$ 52,772	\$ 50,437	\$ 53,587	\$ 51,443	\$ 49,711
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	14.95 %	19.01 %	5.51 %	6.28 %	6.94 %	8.33 %	9.58 %	1.92 %	2.59 %	5.87 %
Redevelopment District										
Debt Limit	\$ 83,344	\$ 74,480	\$ 69,827	\$ 65,146	\$ 61,603	\$ 58,062	\$ 56,287	\$ 55,158	\$ 53,390	\$ 53,390
Total net debt applicable to limit (A)	3,401	_	_	488	1,426	2,320	3,168	3,976	5,933	7,801
Legal debt margin	\$ 79,943	\$ 74,480	\$ 69,827	\$ 64,658	\$ 60,177	\$ 55,742	\$ 53,119	\$ 51,182	\$ 47,457	\$ 45,589
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.08 %	— %	— %	0.75 %	2.31 %	4.00 %	5.63 %	7.21 %	11.11 %	14.61 %
Legal Debt Margin (Calculation for	Fiscal Year 202	23 City of	Pa	ark	Redev.				
			Fort Wayr	ne Dis	trict	District				
Asse	ssed adjusted	value (Civil Cit	(y) \$ 4,167,2	21 (B) \$	_ \$					
Assesse	d adjusted valu	ue (Park Distri	ct)	— 4,11°	7,042 (B)	_				
Assessed adjusted	value (Redeve	lopment Distric	ct)		<u> </u>	,167,221 (B)				

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023	City of		Park		Re	edev.	
	Fort Wayne		District		Di	strict	
Assessed adjusted value (Civil City)	\$ 4,167,221	(B)	\$ —		\$	_	
Assessed adjusted value (Park District)	_		4,117,042	(B)		_	
Assessed adjusted value (Redevelopment District)	_				4,16	37,221	(E
Total Assessed adjusted value	4,167,221		4,117,042		4,16	57,221	
Debt limit (2% of assessed adjusted value)	83,344		82,341		8	33,344	
General obligation bonds	_		12,314			_	
Special obligation bonds	23,055		_			3,401	
Total net debt applicable to limit	23,055	•	12,314			3,401	
Legal debt margin	\$ 60,289		\$ 70,027		\$ 7	79,943	

- (A) Restated net of premiums/discounts 2014 2023.
 (B) Assessed adjusted value is determined by dividing the net assessed valuation by 3. Each taxing district has a 2% debt limit.
 (C) Increase in debt is due to additional Special Obligations Bonds issued by Community Development.
 (D) Revised 2019 Debt Limit

Note: The City of Fort Wayne is reporting the Legal Debt Margin, by Taxing District.

SCHEDULE 12 CITY OF FORT WAYNE DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT, As Of December 31, 2023 (dollars in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt tstanding	(A) Estimated Percentage Applicable (%)	-5	stimated Share of erlapping Debt
Dobt rangid with property taxes					
Debt repaid with property taxes					
Allen County	\$	24,345	57.20		13,926
Southwest Allen School District		157,735	48.97		77,239
East Allen School District		104,800	12.16		12,748
Fort Wayne Community Schools		231,285	88.68		205,108
Northwest Allen School District		95,405	19.56		18,658
Subtotal, overlapping debt					327,680
City direct debt					
General Obligation Bonds					12,314
Special Obligation Bonds					140,526
First Mortgage Bonds					6,325
Leases					58,753
Notes and Loans Payable					42,952
Subtotal, City direct debt					260,870
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	588,550

- (A) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.
- (B) See Note 4 for description of bond issues.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Fort Wayne. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages and the debt outstanding provided by the Allen County Auditor's Office.

SCHEDULE 13
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE,
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

				Gove	rnmental A	ctivities	;		Bus	ines	s-Type Ad	ctiviti	es			
Fiscal Year	0	(A) General Obligation Bonds	(A) Special Obligation Bonds		(A) First lortgage Bonds		Leases	Notes & Loans Payable	(A) Revenue Bonds		(C) Leases		tes & Loans Payable	otal Primary Government	(B) Percentage of Income (%)	Per Capita
2023	\$	12,314	\$140,526	\$	6,325	\$	58,753	\$ 42,952	\$ 248,926	\$	_	\$	624,001	\$ 1,133,797	7.36	\$ 4,199
2022		14,000	144,476		7,311		59,655	42,349	274,604		_		612,818	1,155,213	7.95	4,343
2021		3,805	122,520		9,627		39,399	3,700	276,101		7,476		615,543	1,078,171	9.26	4,086
2020		4,015	134,314		11,983		35,783	4,140	299,807		6,336		419,159	915,537	7.31	3,469
2019		4,230	97,045		16,553		29,355	4,580	286,417		4,250		335,056	777,486	6.21	2,875
2018		4,797	40,102		19,395		75,067	5,020	296,410		2,338		302,411	745,540	6.35	2,804
2017		5,345	46,189		22,108		75,309	5,460	317,061		1,596		310,582	783,650	7.01	2,963
2016		1,047	52,111		24,711		70,104	5,900	313,994		624		316,316	784,807	7.33	3,015
2015		1,370	61,300		27,208		68,229	6,355	308,970		1,025		202,140	676,597	6.54	2,599
2014		1,687	70,058		29,611		73,569	6,858	325,576		1,415		144,192	652,966	6.36	2,526

- (A) Restated net of premiums/discounts 2014 2023. See Note 4 for description of bond issues.
- (B) See schedule 16 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.
- (C) Due to the implementation of GASB 87, capital leases were either converted to leases or notes and loans payable as of December 31, 2022.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

SCHEDULE 14 CITY OF FORT WAYNE RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING, Last 10 Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding (B)

Fiscal Year	C	(A) General Obligation Bonds	(A) Special Obligation Bonds	Total	(C) Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (%)	(D) Per Capita
2023	\$	12,314	\$ 140,526	\$ 152,840	1.22	\$ 566.09
2022		14,000	144,476	158,476	1.42	595.83
2021		3,805	122,520	126,325	1.21	478.71
2020		4,015	134,314	138,329	1.42	524.20
2019		4,230	97,045	101,275	1.10	374.53
2018		4,797	40,102	44,899	0.52	168.85
2017		5,345	46,189	51,534	0.61	194.84
2016		1,047	52,111	53,158	0.30	94.92
2015		1,370	61,300	62,670	0.34	104.52
2014		1,687	70,058	71,745	0.37	114.54

⁽A) Restated net of premiums/discounts 2014 - 2016

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽B) See Note 4 for description of bond issues
(C) See Schedule 7 for property value data
(D) See Schedule 16 for population data

SCHEDULE 15 CITY OF FORT WAYNE PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE, Last 10 Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	Utility Less:		Nater Revenu	ie Bond	S						Sewer Reve	nue Bon	ds						
E						Net		Debt	Service			Utility	Less:	Net		Debt S	3ervic	ce	
Year		Charges		Operating Expenses		vailable Revenue	Pr	incipal		Interest	Coverage Ratio	Service Charges	Operating Expenses	vailable Revenue	Р	rincipal		Interest	Coverage Ratio
2023	\$	64,549	\$	42,350	\$	22,199	\$	6,450	\$	3,067	2.33	\$ 106,801	\$ 51,911	\$ 54,890	\$	17,025	\$	5,184	2.47
2022		61,730		40,229		21,501		6,250		3,273	2.26	103,249	51,465	51,784		18,270		4.764	2.83
2021		58,885		36,693		22,192		8,550		4,666	1.68	96,121	44,988	51,133		32,663		14,492	1.08
2020		53,324		38,076		15,248		8,173		4,356	1.22	88,645	49,176	39,469		26,697		14,851	0.95
2019		49,286		37,037		12,249		8,173		4,356	0.98	84,963	41,358	43,605		26,697		14,851	1.05
2018		47,518		35,976		11,542		7,789		4,395	0.95	79,616	39,637	39,979		24,156		12,896	1.08
2017		48,115		35,965		12,150		7,358		4,648	1.01	71,457	41,819	29,638		52,138		13,933	0.45
2016		49,622		36,032		13,590		7,299		4,892	1.11	68,469	38,253	30,216		55,915		10,590	0.45
2015		45,709		31,894		13,815		3,620		3,640	1.90	59,943	34,064	25,879		11,475		6,228	1.46
2014		39,570		33,575		5,995		2,840		1,585	1.35	57,376	38,257	19,119		7,757		5,090	1.49
						rmwater Reve	enue Bo	nds											

	Utility	Lanni	Net		Debt S	Service		
Fiscal Year	Service Charges	Less: Operating expenses	vailable evenue	F	Principal		nterest	Coverage Ratio
2023	\$ 14,828	\$ 8,612	\$ 6,216	\$	1,605	\$	503	2.95
2022	14,968	7,999	6,969		1,570		534	3.31
2021	14,856	7,435	7,421		1,620		587	3.36
2020	14,698	7,307	7,391		1,679		650	3.17
2019	13,701	7,958	5,743		1,679		650	2.47
2018	12,139	7,698	4,441		1,550		661	2.01
2017	10,821	7,773	3,048		175		235	7.43
2016	10,245	8,698	1,547		1,205		324	1.01
2015	10,998	8,446	2,552		1,155		351	1.69
2014	9,781	6,473	3,308		1,110		414	2.17

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or amortization expenses.

SCHEDULE 16 CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS, Last 10 Calendar Years

			(A)	(B)		
			Personal	Per Capita	(C)	
			Income	Personal	Unemployme	nt
 Year	Population		(thousands)	 Income	Rate (%)	
2023	269,994	(D)	\$ 15,410,988	\$ 57,079		2.6
2022	267,927	(E)	14,528,298	54,623		2.3
2021	263,886	(F)	11,643,706	44,124		1.4
2020	263,886	(G)	11,643,706	44,124		4.3
2019	270,402	(H)	12,516,368	46,288		2.8
2018	265,904	(I)	11,732,748	44,124		3.1
2017	264,488	(J)	11,179,114	42,267		2.7
2016	260,326	(K)	10,699,919	41,102		3.7
2015	260,326	(L)	10,338,066	39,712		4.5
2014	258,522	(M)	10,266,426	39,712		5.7

- (A) Personal income information is a total for the year calculated by multiplying per capita personal income by population.
- (B) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Metropolitan Statistical Areas 2022 information. At the time of ACFR release, 2023 information was not available.
- (C) Unemployment rate information is a yearly average from the Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development for the City of Fort Wayne and updated with the most current information.
- (D) From US Census Bureau 2022 estimate based on 2020 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (E) From US Census Bureau 2021 estimate based on 2020 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (F) From US Census Bureau 2020 Redistricting Data. US Census Bureau has not updated estimates for 2021 at the time of ACFR publication.
- (G) From US Census Bureau 2020 Redistricting Data.
- (H) From US Census Bureau 2018 estimate based on 2010 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (I) From US Census Bureau 2017 estimate based on 2010 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (J) From US Census Bureau 2016 estimate based on 2010 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (K) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (L) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2015 ACFR Schedule 16.
- (M) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2014 ACFR Schedule 16.

SCHEDULE 17 CITY OF FORT WAYNE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, Current Year And 9 Years Ago

		2023			2014	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employees Within Allen County (%)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employees Within Allen County (%)
Parkview Health Systems	8,986	1	4.17	4,710	1	2.41
Amazon	4,650	2	2.16	_	_	_
General Motors	4,320	3	2.01	3,909	4	2.00
Lutheran Health Network	4,075	4	1.89	4,301	2	2.20
Sweetwater Sound (HQ)	2,011	5	0.93	_	_	_
Lincoln Financial Group	1,700	6	0.79	1,970	5	1.01
BF Goodrich	1,500	7	0.70	1,580	8	0.81
Fort Wayne Metals	1,419	8	0.66	_	_	_
Shambaugh & Son (HQ)	1,302	9	0.60	_	_	_
Steel Dynamics	1,200	10	0.56	_	_	_
Fort Wayne Community Schools	_	_	_	4,230	3	2.16
City of Fort Wayne	_	_	_	1,814	6	0.93
Allen County Government	_	_	_	1,605	7	0.82
IPFW	_	_		1,255	9	0.64
BAE Systems Platform Solutions	_	_		1,150	10	0.59
Frontier Communications Corp		_		1,150	10	0.59
Total	31,163		14.47	27,674		14.16

Source: Greater Fort Wayne Inc. and Purdue University Fort Wayne

SCHEDULE 18 CITY OF FORT WAYNE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Function/Program										
General Government	90	88	115	118	116	121	114	115	119	112
Public Safety										
Police	498	482	473	473	469	476	462	442 (A)	497	470
Fire	364	350	344	344	355	354	351	360	338	353
Civilians	156	150	162	160	161	160	162	157	157	161
Highways and streets	187	180	193	198	208	204	183	174	173	170
Health and welfare	43	38	48	48	44	45	45	41	34	42
Culture and recreation	133	129	132	132	122	122	132	132	152	153
Urban redevelopment and housing	75	71	48	50	49	49	55	55	57	57
Internal Services	35	33	33	33	32	34	8	8	7	8
Solid Waste	13	12	8	8	7	7	5	5	5	5
City Utilities										
Water	34 (B)	120	132	128	117	116	118	121	124	121
Sewage	44 (B)	93	95	102	94	94	97	97	98	96
Storm Water	— (B)	19	20	20	20	20	19	20	20	18
Planning and Design	50 (B)	41	50	51	59	58	51	54	56	54
Engineering	— (B)	11	10	9	10	9	12	9	9	10
Customer Relations	56 (B)	31	24	29	26	25	28	30	28	29
Administrative	24 (B)	29	28	28	34	34	20	33	33	30
Field Operations	119 (B)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	1,921	1,877	1,915	1,931	1,923	1,928	1,862	1,853	1,907	1,889

Note: The functional breakout is from the "Statement of Activities."

Source: City of Fort Wayne Payroll Department

⁽A) Excluded Crossing Guards from Police full time (B) City Utilities has restructured and formed new departments

SCHEDULE 19
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last 10 Fiscal Years

Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Function/Program:										
General Government										
Finance and Administration										
Emerging business enterprise applicants	32	44	46	56	62	72	42	87	48	36
Worksite visits	_	_	_	2	7	8	_	3	5	2
Wage violations	_	_	_	25	_	15	11	25	42	72 (A)
Compliance workshops	1	_	_	_	1	1	1	_	_	_
Public Safety										
Police										
Calls for service	154,057	144,605	123,714	137,865	135,749	132,663	139,801	157,208	171,585	167,745
Accident records and analysis	8,054	8,222	8,407	7,249	9,167	9,169	9,149	11,351	10,742	7,574
Fatal accident investigation	19	19	28	16	22	14	21	18	12	17
Fire Department										
Emergency medical runs	11,986	14,752	13,158	10,594	10,684	9,957	9,673	8,875	8,021	7,277
Fire rescue runs	12,771	14,781	14,606	984	14,710	13,782	13,305	12,232	11,906	11,833
Weight and Measures										
Scales inspected	_	_	1,527 (E	2,029	1,706	1,664	2,180	1,852	1,960	1,893
Measuring devices	_	_	3,452	7,517	7,530	6,458	6,190	6,241	6,451	5,230
Calibrations and test conducted	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	67	67	(C) 14,367
Highways and streets										
Street Department										
Paving - miles of maintenance	9	9	13	10.2	7	8	13	13	13	12
Chip and seal - miles of maintenance	_	3	11	12.6	10	10	10	10	10	12
Crack sealing - miles of maintenance	23	20	32	20	7	52	69	69	59	78
Traffic Engineering										
Development building plans processed	249	210	171	157	149	140	161	145	145	145
Traffic counts conducted	120	100	80	75	53	45	30	25	10	43
Traffic studies conducted	150	100	100	130	190	200	230	250	250	250
Traffic investigations (complaints)	_	_	_	_	_	_	425	475	500	450
Traffic Signal division										
New signals installed	1	2	_	_	3	3	2	_	4	2
Signals modernized	26	9	8	4	5	3	13	12	4	10
										(Continued)

	(Continued)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	Function/Program										
	Signal accident repairs	67	54	82	57	83	73	42	35	27	43
	Signal bulbs replaced (emergency/ non-emergency)	25	20	_	_	_	_	_	107	152	89
	Sign & Marketing Division										
	Signs manufactured	6,826	3,694	4,542	4,332	4,145	4,018	2,048	3,805	4,183	2,960
	Street lanes marked - painted (miles)	641	956	776	771	774	676	784	810	739	537
	Curb parking marked (feet)	4,119	3,969	5,563	5,168	7,343	12,166	13,820	15,997	8,763	6,471
	Crosswalks marked	738	418	627	578	594	602	695	834	510	611
	Lane arrows marked	531	55	2,136	1,720	1,685	1,571	2,171	2,358	2,298	1,418
	Health and welfare										
	Animals handled	11,127	10,600	9,885	9,180	10,797	11,896	12,021	13,279	12,724	12,844
	Animals adopted	3,554	3,652	3,924	4,727	6,010	5,419	4,791	4,827	4,164	3,602
	Animals euthanized (domestic)	3,064	2,366	1,577	1,224	2,420	3,000	3,330	5,470	4,531	6,037
	Animals returned to owners	1,708	1,857	1,854	1,766	1,090	2,187	2,129	2,124	2,056	2,003
,	Bite cases	1,552	1,242	1,236	1,233	2,257	1,044	901	865	836	748
7	Education programs contacts	2,204,851	3,385,499	4,933,822	4,615,388	5,119,966	5,370,053	4,869,879 (D)	237,484	225,466	187,497
•	Urban redevelopment and housing										
	Neighborhood Code Enforcement										
	Orders to abate	1,631	1,601	2,293	2,618	2,145	2,278	2,044	1,740	1,496	1,379
	Emergency orders to demolish	2	2	_	1	_	_	1	8	4	7
	Boardings	444	478	432	458	549	624	729	659	631	737
	Demolitions - hearing affirmed	10	41	34	39	61	63	109	39	63	139
	<u>Water</u>										
	New connects	1,076	1,264	1,155	1,244	1,076	1,097	946	981	833	98
	Consumption (millions of gallons)	9,150	9,043	11,878	8,921	8,623	8,531	8,459	8,829	8,419	7,793
	<u>Wastewater</u>										
	New connects	735	1,155	913	1,036	831	845	850	765	662	1,010 (B)
	Sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	7,884	7,906	10,354	8,019	8,061	8,531	8,058	8,146	8,166	8,353

⁽A) Increased due to growth in number of projects
(B) Increased due to septic eliminations and district projects
(C) Decrease due to the elimination of calibrations and tests conducted in 2015
(D) Increased due to the addition of Social Media outreach - yearly average Facebook Outreach
(E) Weights and Measures responsibility transferred to Allen County July 1, 2021

SCHEDULE 20 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, Last 10 Fiscal Years

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
35,559	35,404	35,210	35,008	34,719	34,270	34,080	33,882	33,950	33,904
1,174	1,172	1,149	1,149	1,311	1,311	1,301	1,301	1,163	1,162
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,809	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805
89	87	87	87	87	86	86	86	86	86
4	4	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
1,459	1,442	1,436	1,428	1,416	1,408	1,396	1,391	1,374	1,370
72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
2,329	2,314	2,160	2,147	2,136	2,119	2,057	2,052	2,014	1,899
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	70	70
	18 2 1 35,559 1,174 1 3 2,840 89 4 3 1,459 72 2,329	4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 1	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 1	4 1 1	4 1 1	4 1 1

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

Source: Various city departments.



The City of Fort Wayne

200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802 (260) 427- 5711